The Los Angeles Times

1st YEAR. | PER WEEK....20 CENTS PER MONTH....75 CENTS | $9 A YEAR. | SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1901. | In One Part: 16 Pages. | ON ALL NEWS-STANDS TRAINS AND STREETS | 5 CENTS

THEATERS— With Dates of Events.

ORPHEUM— Regular Matinee Today! Any Seat 25c!
Hill and Silvainy, Most Remarkable Trick Cyclists on Earth. CHAS. H. BRADSHAW and Company, in a Splendid Comedy Sketch. "FIX IS A FIX." MR. AND MRS. ALFRED KELCY, in a new sketch, "Uncle Si." RICHARD QUARTETTE, fine singers—Clever Jim Indoors. BISSETT and WALKER, "Love Finds a Way." THE BIOGRAPH, new views. MOLASSO-SALADA, French Dancers of World-wide Fame and ALEXANDRA BAGNAR, the Beauty and Sweet Singer—New Songs. PRICES—Evening, any seats, 25c and 50c; Sunday, 10c, 25c, 50c. MATINEES—Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday, any seat 25c; Sunday, 10c. Phone Main 1567.
NEXT WEEK LOUIS THORNDYKE AND BOUCICAULT AND 50 OTHER NEW PEOPLE.
NOTE.—SPECIAL LABOR DAY MATINEE MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2.

MOROSCO'S BURBANK THEATER—OLIVER MOROSCO, Lessee and Manager. MATINEE TODAY AND TONIGHT—LAST TIMES OF "GISMONDA." Commencing tomorrow (Sunday) Night—Matinees Wednesday and Saturday—SPECIAL WEEK OF Melbourne MacDowell, Supported by FLORENCE STONE in "EMPRESS THEODORA." Evening Prices—Everything. PRICES—15c, 25c, 35c and 50c. Seats now on sale for all performances.

AMUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS— With Dates of Events.

THE CHUTES—WASHINGTON GARDENS. A. L. ELIOT, Vice-Pres. and General Manager. NEW TONIGHT, WASHINGTON MOVING PICTURES. NEW—STANLEY and WALTER, Comedy Acrobats. Special Programme for Them. SEE ELECTRIC LIGHTS, 100 ELECTRIC LIGHTS. Special Programme for Children in Aquatic Sports. Tonight Admission 10 Cents. Children 5 Cents. Tel. Private Exchange 301. YANKLING HORSES.

OSTRICH FARM—South Pasadena—
One Hundred and Twenty-Five Gigantic Birds.
The most unique in this country to purchase Feather Boas, Fans and Plumes—useful souvenirs.

CURIO STORE, Cor. 4th and Main Sts. Mobsey's Free Museum, opposite the Van Nuys and Westminster Hotels. Visitors should not neglect the privilege.

SOUTHERN ROUTES OF TRAVEL—

TEN-RIDE TICKETS—
GOOD BETWEEN LOS ANGELES OR PASADENA AND
. . . ALL BEACH POINTS
Via SOUTHERN PACIFIC.
Tickets sold and for use between Los Angeles and Long Beach, San Pedro, Santa Monica or Port Los Angeles are now honored to or from any of the above points. These tickets cost $1.50 and are good for anyone. Detached coupons are good. Similar tickets sold at Pasadena $2.50. This affords an excellent opportunity to visit all of the important beaches at small cost. Remember that all of these points are
Reached Only via Southern Pacific.
Forty-one Trains BETWEEN LOS ANGELES AND THE BEACHES Every Sunday
Catalina Island . . . Train connecting leaves Arcade Depot at 9:20 a. m.; direct connection; last landing outward and first landing homeward; 5½ hours on Island. Returning, arrives Los Angeles 10:15 p. m.
Long Beach . . . Leaves Arcade Depot 8:00 a. m., 9:05 a. m., 10:00 a. m., 11:00 a. m., 1:40 p. m., 5:05 p. m., 8:05 p. m., 10:05 p. m.; last train returning leaves Long Beach 9:10 p. m.
San Pedro . . . Leaves Arcade Depot 8:00 a. m., 9:20 a. m., 11:00 a. m., 1:40 p. m., 5:05 p. m., 7:20 p. m.; last train returning leaves San Pedro 8:00 p. m.
Santa Monica . . . Leaves Arcade Depot 8:00 a. m., 9:00 a. m., 10:00 a. m., 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00 p. m., 2:00 p. m., 3:05 p. m., 4:05 p. m., 5:05 p. m., last train returning leaves Santa Monica 6:35 p. m.
All trains leave River Station 25 minutes earlier, stopping at Naud Junction, Commercial and First Streets.
A Fisherman's Flyer Leaves Arcade Depot 9:00 a. m., every Sunday for Long Beach, San Pedro and Santa Monica.
TAKE YOUR LUNCH AND SPEND A DAY AT THE SEASHORE.
LOS ANGELES TICKET OFFICE, 261 SOUTH SPRING STREET.

ROUND ABOUT—
Terminal Island
You can find plenty of Good Fishing, surf and still water Bathing, Boating and Sailing. Good Hotels and Cafes. Band Concerts every Sunday.
Ten-Ride Tickets $1.50
GOOD FOR ANY ONE.
Agents of the SALT LAKE ROUTE will give you desired information. Phone Main 960 and 432.
Ticket Office, 237 South Spring St.

TIME TABLE.
Trains Leave Los Angeles—
8.30 am Santa Fe
9.15 am Redondo Ry
10.10 am Santa Fe
1.30 pm Santa Fe
3.30 pm Redondo Ry
5.32 pm Santa Fe
6.10 pm Redondo Ry
*6.45 pm Redondo Ry
*11.55 pm Santa Fe
*11.55 pm Redondo Ry
Returning trains leave the Beach 7.45 am, 9.00 am, 11.00 am, 1.30 pm, 3.45 pm, 5.00 pm, *6.30 pm, 6.30 pm, *8.00 pm, *11.00 pm, will.00 pm.
*Sunday only. w Wednesdays only. †Saturdays only.

REDONDO BEACH—
Concerts every afternoon in the New Pavilion. Dancing in the evening.
Surf and Plunge Bathing
Golf—Tennis—Bowling
Great Fishing FROM THE TWO LONG WHARFS
Sunday Concerts . . . .
Ten-ride tickets $1.50, tickets interchangeable.

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND—
3 1-2 HOURS FROM LOS ANGELES.
2 Boats Saturdays to Illumination
ONE BOAT OTHER DAYS.
Attractions not possible at other resorts. The most famous fishing grounds in the world. The best golf links. Aquarium containing hundreds of living wonders of the deep. Boating and fishing over nature's most wonderful marine gardens, as seen at Avalon through smooth, transparent waters. The great glass rides. HOTEL METROPOLE always open.
Fare, Round Trip from Los Angeles, Excursion, $2.50; Regular $3.75.
BANNING COMPANY,
222 South Spring St., Los Angeles. Telephone Main 36.

...TRAINS... LEAVE LOS ANGELES

S. P. Co. Arcade Depot	Salt Lake Route First Street Depot
SATURDAYS	
9:20 a. m. 5:03 p. m.	9:00 a. m. 5:00 p. m.
OTHER DAYS	
9:20 a. m.	9:00 a. m.

SAN FRANCISCO—by the "Fast Line"—24 Hours
$10.25, first-class; $7.25 second-class, including berth and meals; by Pacific Coast Steamship Co.'s Fast and Elegant Express Steamships SANTA ROSA, 2500 tons, and STATE OF CALIFORNIA, 2000 tons. Leave Wednesdays and Saturdays, 10 a.m., via Port Los Angeles. For SAN DIEGO, Mondays, Thursdays, via Port Los Angeles and Redondo. For San Francisco and way ports, Strs. Corona and Bonita, Mondays and Thursdays, via San Pedro and East San Pedro.
Ticket Office: 229 SOUTH SPRING ST. Tel. Main 41. W. PARRIS, Agent.

TIMELY SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS—

DYLLWILD-AMONG-THE-PINES—
Strawberry Valley, San Gorgonia Mountains, Riverside County—altitude 5250. Drink pure water from the fountains of the mountains. Tents and cottages to rent. Excellent store, meat market and dairy. First-class hotel, electric light, complete sewer system, mountain spring water piped throughout all buildings. Seven hundred and thirty-four thousand acres of pine forests for hunting and mountain climbing. Golf links, lawn tennis, croquet and billiards.
Round trip tickets on Santa Fe, Los Angeles to San Jacinto, good on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays—five dollars. Daily stage meets all trains at San Jacinto. Sunset Telephone for guests. Call up Dyllwild. For particulars address California Health Resort Co., 336 South Hope Street, Los Angeles.

NATICK HOUSE—Corner First and Main.
HART BROS., Props.
"The Popular Hotel," remodeled, 75 additional rooms, all newly furnished. Everything strictly first-class. Elevator. American plan, $2.25 to $3.00; latter includes suites with private baths. European plan, 50 cents up.

CARBONS—"Every Picture a work of Art" 17—MEDALS—17
Visitors should not miss the opportunity to have Photographs taken under the most favorable conditions of atmosphere in the world.
STUDIO 230½ S. SPRING ST., Opp. Hollenbeck.

DIAMOND HILL NURSERY—Good Gravel, 20cs load—say amount.
Telephone Boyle 19 or Main 537. 851 SOUTH BOYLE AVENUE.

LABOR DISPUTES

THINGS PICKING UP IN THE EASTERN FIELD.

Organ of Three Unions Demands the Impeachment of Shaffer—Mr. Burns Yearns to Arbitrate.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

PITTSBURGH (Pa.) Aug. 30.—While there is no actual change in the steel strike situation, much transpired today calculated to produce results in the near future. The conference between the committee from Milwaukee and the Amalgamated officials, the continued efforts of President Burns of the Window Glass Workers' Association to bring about arbitration or conciliation; the scathing editorial in the Labor World calling for the impeachment of President Shaffer; the march of the strikers of McKeesport to Duquesne, and the decided effect of the injunction proceedings at Canal Dover, O., all indicate that the crisis is approaching, and that an important change in affairs is not far distant.

The details of the conference of the Milwaukee committee and the Amalgamated officials have not yet been divulged, but the fact that the committee is here at all would indicate that the Bay View strikers are uneasy. The general belief is that the main object of the committees visit is to arrange some compromise by which the Bay View plant may resume.

Notwithstanding the report from New York that no conference has been held or arranged for between C. M. Schwab and Simon Burns, looking to arbitration, the latter has not relaxed his effort in this direction.

"I am interested in this matter," said President Burns tonight, "as the big strike is affecting all lines of business, including the window glass trades. My purpose is to get the two sides together and start the mills. If President Schwab is still opposed to my plan of arbitration, I will request him to suggest whatever modifications he desires. Anything will be acceptable if the United States Steel Corporation can be induced to arbitrate, and get the mills started."

The editorial in the current issue of the Labor World, the organ of the International Tin Workers' Protective Association and the mouthpiece of the Pittsburgh district of the Mine Workers' Union and the Pattern Makers' Association, is a long and bitter attack on President Shaffer, and demands his impeachment for calling the present strike. The demand for the impeachment is made because it is charged Shaffer compelled the steel workers to violate contracts; because he expelled the Chicago men and revoked their charter without a constitutional hearing, and because the whole strike is unconstitutional, and has brought ruin and wreck to men who have made the Amalgamated Association. The editorial gives twenty-four reasons why President Shaffer should be impeached.

The members of the Board of Control of the Labor World are George Powell, president of Tin Plate Workers' International Protective Association of America; L. R. Thomas, president of the Pattern Makers' National League, and Patrick Doland, president of District No. 5 of the United Mine Workers of America.

When shown the editorial tonight, Shaffer said: "The article is beneath my notice, and I shall not advertise the paper by commenting on it."

PARADE IN THE RAIN.

The march of the McKeesport strikers to Duquesne was a disappointment to the strikers, partly because of the heavy rain during the parade and the meeting in an open lot, and partly because of a lack of enthusiasm. It was expected that at least 5000 of the 12,000 strikers would participate in the march, but by actual count there were 553 in line. The rain came down in torrents from the time the parade started until the column returned to McKeesport. The men marched without any cheering or noisy demonstration, and no trouble of any kind developed. It was expected a halt would be made at the Duquesne mill gate, but no stop was made. Several mill men came out of the plant with their dinner buckets on their arms, but were not stopped. There was no strike here at the Duquesne mill, and the mill men did not manifest the interest expected.

The injunction granted to the American Sheet Steel Company at Canal Dover, O., against the strikers has had this effect of doing away with all picketing about the mill. The withdrawal of the pickets was on the advice of the local counsel, who advised this course until the counsel of the association at Pittsburgh should make known what course to pursue in the future. United States marshals have served most of the 900 strikers with the order.

President Shaffer today sent circulars to all lodges of the association, reviewing the strike situation, which, he says, is in good shape. He cautions all members against the South Chicago men who refuse to obey the strike order, denominates them non-union, and declares their cards void.

Great preparations have been made here for Labor day, Monday next.

The first break in the strike at McKeesport was made this evening, when about forty men went to work in the seamless-tube department of the National Tube Works. The men refused to work on the same terms as before the sympathetic strike was inaugurated.

SCALE OFFICIALLY SIGNED.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

YOUNGSTOWN (O.) Aug. 30.—Secretary James N. Nutt of the Republic Iron and Steel Company has returned from Pittsburgh today with the wage scale bearing the signature of President Shaffer and other officers of the Amalgamated Association. This is the first instance in which the company has insisted upon the scale being signed officially.

NO CONFERENCE CONTEMPLATED

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—It was stated at the office of the United States Steel Corporation today that no conference with Simon Burns of the Window Glass Workers' Association, or anyone else representing the Amalgamated Association, has been arranged, or that any conference was contemplated.

TRACKMENS' STRIKE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

MONTREAL, Aug. 30.—It is officially announced that the trackmens' strike on the Canadian Pacific Railway has been settled.

WENT BACK TO WORK.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

COLUMBIA (S. C.) Aug. 30.—About half of the employés today returned to work in the Olympia, Richmond and Granby cotton mills, where a strike was recently declared.

[IN SAN FRANCISCO.]

TAKING THEIR APPEALS TO MAYOR PHELAN.

REPRESENTATIVES OF BUSINESS INTERESTS ARE HEARING.

Adequate Protection Demanded of the City's Executive—Numerous Minor Affrays—President Wheeler Sends an Open Letter to the Labor Council.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 30.—The feature of the labor situation today was a series of appeals made to Mayor Phelan by representatives of business interests asking him to take adequate steps for the protection of the business interests of the city. The most important of these communications came from the officials of the United States transport dock, its significant feature being a request for a statement that protection could not be afforded, if such were the case. A number of business men appealed to the Mayor to give their employés full protection while at work and while going to and from their homes. They urged the Mayor to issue a proclamation, warning those causing disturbance that they would be severely dealt with unless the turbulence ceased. Following this, the members of the lumber trade sent a copy of a resolution adopted by them, asking the Mayor to issue a proclamation calling on the turbulent element to cease their violence under penalty of prompt punishment.

There was less violence reported yesterday than on the two previous days, but numerous minor affrays caused activity among the police and hospital surgeons. The most serious trouble occurred at the stables of the Overland Freight and Transportation Company, where about forty non-union drivers were assaulted by a large number of strikers, and their sympathizers. Many shots were exchanged but the only man hit, so far as reported, was Special Officer A. A. Hebart, who was wounded in the knee and thigh.

The members of the San Francisco Builders' Exchange declined to interfere between employers and strikers when the proposition to appoint a committee of five to confer with the parties in dispute was brought up at the meeting of the exchange today.

President Benjamin Ide Wheeler of the University of California has replied to the open letter addressed to him by the San Francisco Labor Council, in which exception was taken to non-union working as stevedores on the Oakland water front. The reply was read at the meeting of the Labor Council tonight. After acknowledging the receipt of the letter from President Goff of the Labor Council, it says:

"I am confident from the spirit of your communication that you would not wish the university so far to interfere with individual liberty as to deny young men struggling for the means of education the right to earn money, provided their time allows and the opportunity affords. A large proportion of our students are obliged to 'work their way,' either in whole or in part. We take no cognizance of this, however, leaving it entirely to individual effort. My experience leads me to believe in these students who have to struggle for their education, and I should be grieved to see them eliminated from the list. It would mean that the university would lose its strongest and most hopeful men. It would be a direct discrimination against the sons of the poor, and would involve, indeed, a direct perversion of the university, which is the very citadel and hope of the poor. The university is the most important instrument that we possess for presenting the crystallization of society into fixed strata. Let us do nothing to hamper it in the fullest exercise of this, its work."

ROSENBERG'S CRITICISM.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 30.—Secretary Rosenberg, when asked today for a copy of President Wheeler's letter, said: "Oh, it does not have much interest, and I cannot see any use of making it public."

Upon being further pressed, he said: "President Wheeler has entirely failed to take a comprehensive view of the subject, as contained in our letter to him. He does not seem to understand the matter, and instead of writing about the real points at issue, he writes a lot of matter about poor students working in order to get money to help them in getting an education in college. I do not see where that is pertinent, and so I will not give it out. I will lay it before the Labor Council tonight, and if that body wants to make it public it can do so."

LABOR-DAY PREPARATIONS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 30.—Today was passed by the labor leaders in preparations for the parade and the other features of the Labor-day celebration. Sub-committees have been appointed by the Committee on Arrangements, and the details for the demonstration are rapidly being perfected.

There was no change in the situation relative to peace negotiations. Hope exists of bringing together the teamsters and the draymen in another mass meeting to be held, despite the fact that two such meetings have already been held to no purpose. The spirit of compromise was not very evident in yesterday's conference, the labor representatives insisting on recognition of the union and the draymen declining to discuss a settlement on that basis. Many believe, however, that if both sides can be brought to make small concessions, the difficulty may be ended.

The differences between the Building Trades Council and the San Francisco Labor Council over the action of the sand teamsters are exciting much interest in union circles. This morning Secretary Rosenberg of the Labor Council ridiculed P. H. McCarthy's threat to establish a new union of sand teamsters if the members of the existing organization did not immediately return to work. Rosenberg declared that McCarthy was powerless to take such action, for the International Team Drivers' Association had already issued a charter to the local sand teamsters, and would not recognize any independent union that might be formed.

A number of men were added to the working force on the docks today, and several grain stevedores were sent to Port Costa. Colliers are discharging at several docks with small gangs, but a considerable quantity of coal is being placed in the bunkers. Very little is being accomplished toward relieving the lumber tie-up. Vessels of the lumber fleet are idle, with very few exceptions.

Several cases of assault on non-union workers were reported in the district south of Market street and in the city-front section.

After a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Water Front Federation this morning, Strike Manager Andrew Furuseth and President Casey stated that there were no developments in the strike situation. In referring to the conference yesterday between members of the Brotherhood of Teamsters and the Draymen's Association, Furuseth said: "While we do not believe the representatives of the Draymen's Association acted in good faith, we are willing to forget that, and will do anything that is fair and honorable in order to settle the difficulty. I do not know of any further conferences."

RAILROAD RECORD

UNION PACIFIC TO BE REORGANIZED.

PRESIDENT HUGHITT DENIES PURPOSE TO ABSORB SIOUX CITY.

Report That Jack Wright Will Succeed Kruttschnitt as General Manager Cannot Be Confirmed or Denied—Seekers Must Wait.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] There is trustworthy authority for the statement that, immediately after the return of Jacob H. Schiff from Europe, the Union Pacific Railroad board will be reorganized in a manner that will give prominent eastern trunk line representation. President Cassatt of the Pennsylvania will be elected to the reorganized board.

"JACK" WRIGHT'S "JUMP."

NOTHING YET MADE PUBLIC.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 30. — At Southern Pacific headquarters little or nothing is known regarding the report that John Wright would succeed Julius Kruttschnitt as general manager of the Southern Pacific Company.

PRESIDENTIAL DENIAL.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

CHICAGO, Aug. 30. — President Hughitt of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad issued an official statement denying the absorption of the Sioux City and Pacific line by the Chicago and Northwestern.

SOUTH AFRICA

TERRIBLE DEATH RATE IN BOER CAMPS.

TRANSVAAL CORRESPONDENCE GIVES STARTLING FIGURES.

Awful Number of Deaths Among Children Due to Massing in Large Camps With Unsanitary Surroundings and Bad Food.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

LONDON, Aug. 31.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A report is published by the Standard from its special correspondent at Pretoria on the subject of the health of refugee camps in the Transvaal. Of 62,479 men, women and children collected under British supervision, 1967 died in July, and 860 of the deaths reported were those of persons below the age of 12 years.

The Standard's report, as a matter of fact, largely bears out Miss Hobhouse in her contention that the terrible death rate among Boer children has been in a measure due to the aggregation of great numbers in the camps.

SHALL BURN AT STAKE.

Pursuers of "Bossie" Francis Reach a Decision as to What Shall Be Done With Him When Caught.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

KANSAS CITY (Mo.) Aug. 30.—Armed men and bloodhounds early this morning again took up the search, forty miles south of Kansas City, for "Bossie" Francis, the murderer of Miss Mary Henderson. A council of Francis's pursuers has already decided that his punishment shall be meted out at the stake. W. C. Hyatt, Miss Henderson's brother-in-law, approves of this method of dealing with the negro.

Gov. Dockery today offered a reward of $300 for the capture of the murderer, and the Johnson county officials offered a reward of $100.

A special to the Star from Holden, Mo., says that at noon today the prevailing impression seemed to be that "Bossie" Francis, the negro murderer, had escaped. The negroes who cared to discuss the subject seemed to think that Francis left Johnson county, skirted Kansas City and went to Kansas. Whites who are best acquainted with the negro cling to the belief that he is still in the neighborhood of the Blackwater coal mines.

SMASH-UP AND FIRE.

Horrible Wreck on Great Northern.

Seventeen Persons Dead at Last Accounts.

Superintendent Downs and His Son are Among Them.

Twenty-eight Wild Freight Cars Dash into a Passenger Train.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

KALISPELL (Mont.) Aug. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A westbound train was wrecked about 1:30 o'clock this evening, near Nyack Station, forty miles east of Kalispell, in the mountains. The east-bound freight backed out of the switch at Essex and broke in two, twenty-eight cars going down the mountain, crashing into the passenger train without warning. The special car of Assistant General Superintendent P. T. Downs of the Great Northern and the day coach occupied by laborers, were demolished, and caught fire and were burned.

Superintendent Downs and his son were instantly killed, with their cook. Many laborers were killed and burned. The sleeper caught fire, but it is reported all passengers were getting out safely. The number of injured in the passenger list is not known. All doctors in Kalispell, with a wrecking crew, went to the scene of the accident.

The passenger cars wrecked were the rear end of the passenger train, saving passengers in that section. Ten cars of shingles and posts caught fire, which added to the horror.

Northern officials have not received only meager reports of the wreck near Kalispell. It is known, though, that among the killed were P. T. Downs and son. Downs was until recently assistant general superintendent of the Great Northern, and was recently promoted to the position of vice-president of the Spokane Falls and Northern branch of the road. His home was in Spokane. Mrs. Downs is in the East. He was pinned under debris, and was burned to death before he could be rescued. How many other lives were lost is not known at this hour, but the number is given as seventeen.

THE PHILIPPINES

MANILA NATIONALIST PARTY PLATFORM.

ORGANIZATION SUBMITS A COPY TO GOV. TAFT.

Advocates Early Philippine Independence and Ample Autonomy—Will Encourage Higher Education and Commercial Expansion.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

MANILA, Aug. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Nationalist party which was formed recently, today presented a copy of the platform of that organization to Gov. Taft. The platform, in brief, advocates the earliest and most ample autonomy and independence of the Philippines, when time is opportune, under American protectorate. It proposes encouragement to higher education and industrial and commercial expansion, and advocates the exclusion from the Philippines of all elements obnoxious to the welfare of the people, which local papers interpret to mean monks.

GROVER'S "SHORT FISH."

Mr. Cleveland "of New Jersey" Arrested in Massachusetts for Catching Bass That Was not Long Enough.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

PITTSFIELD (Mass.) Aug. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] "The fisherman's luck," which has so long followed Grover Cleveland in this part of the State, did not desert him when, Wednesday last, he was one of the party of three who were apprehended by three deputy game commissioners. The latter found on the bottom of the boat in which the distinguished gentleman was seated a bass which only measured seven and three-quarter inches, while the law requires that they shall be returned to the water if they measure less than eight inches.

The matter was kept quiet until today when Cassius Scranton of New Marlboro, Mass., was arraigned in the District Court on a charge of having "short fish" in his possession. He pleaded guilty and was fine $2, which he paid. When the party was arrested Cleveland, when asked his name said: "Mr. Grover Cleveland of New Jersey." The deputies were paralyzed for a minute but quickly recovered and did their duty. Each of the three fishermen insisted that he had caught "short fish," but the deputies finally determined to make an example of Scranton only.

News Index to The Times This Morning

1. Strikers' Organ Attacks Shaffer.
2. Peaceful Days About Colon. France and the Turk. Howison Replies to Schley.
3. Missionary Reprimanded by Conger.
4. "Kid" Carter-Gardner Fight.
6. Weather Report. Liners: Classified Advertising.
7. The Times' Current Topics Club.
8. Editorial Page: Paragraphs.
9. Mines and Mining.
10. The Public Service: Official Doings.
11. Los Angeles Ball Team Moving Up.
12. Bible Lessons for Bible Students.
13. Financial and Commercial.
14. News From Neighboring Counties.
15. Los Angeles County; Its Towns.
16. City in Brief: Paragraphettes. Record of Marriages and Deaths.

CLASSIFIED NEWS SYNOPSIS.

THE CITY. Work actually begun on new direct trolley line to Ocean Park—Other new surface lines to the ocean....Col. George Stone here. Railroad accident at Bond's crossing. Oil producers' combine signs contract with Oil Storage Company....Railroad brakeman in jail without a bit of evidence against him....Organization of soldiers of Spanish war....Arizona turquoise miner here....Seventh Ward citizens press their suit for new Santa Fé-avenue track....New library building needed more than ever....Where will headquarters of city waterworks be?....Infected lemons destroyed by Horticultural Commission....Looloos win a game....Today's programme of the Terrors....San Francisco striker injured by a train....Several business houses and residences entered by burglars....Fear of consumption causes Earl Phillips to kill himself....Contractor injured by electric car....Verdict for $15,000 damages sustained by Supreme Court.

SPORTS. Foreign golfers must join. Futurity races tomorrow....Shooting tournament at Seagirt....Tennis tourney at San Rafael....Creseceus did not win at Providence....Cripples won at 'Frisco....Woodland race

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA. San Diego Indians ask protection from Arizona cattle thieves....Rancher accidentally shot by a boy near Claremont. Bowling tournament at Redondo. Strike situation at San Pedro remains unchanged....New sanitarium in prospect for Long Beach....Band banquetted at Avalon....Society at Terminal Island holds Venetian fête....Tax levy of Long Beach fixed....San Diego dentist forced to support his wife. Thieves detected in Avalon camp. Russian vessel reaches San Diego. Extensive water development near Monrovia....Pasadena merchant dies in Washington....Franchise complication at Santa Monica....Improving appearance of Pasadena streets.

COAST. Oakland landmark burned. Big deeds recorded in San Francisco. A Del Monte hotel employé arrested. More State bank bills seized....Mrs. Rudolph kills husband and self in San Francisco....Disorder among Yakutat Indians....Apaches have long dance. Hoey to be removed.

GENERAL EASTERN. Suffragists to meet in Buffalo next month....Report of Massachusetts State Board on Malaria....Chicago detectives investigated .... Secretary of War Root ill. Senator Hoar's birthday....Knights Templars disperse....Negro protection asked....Texas negro assaults woman. Plot to kill Polish bishop....Report from land office....Herlihy's indictment quashed....South Dakota attorney to be disbarred....$60,000 fire at Scranton, Iowa....Fire in Old Dominion copper mine....Judge Humphreys to be tried....Cleveland fishing.

RAILROADS. New Yukon railroad. President Hughitt denies absorption of Sioux City line....U. P. reorganization.

FOREIGN. BY CABLE. French propaganda .... German sentiment about America .... The Italian slave trade in South Africa....No serious trouble in Colombia....Lord Salisbury will not resign....Sultan gains time. Manila party platform.

WASHINGTON

HOWISON CAN BE IMPARTIAL.

Did not Talk About Schley as Quoted.

Admiral's Counsel Not Pleased With Him.

Acting Secretary Hackett not Disposed to Write of Watson's Comment.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Acting Secretary of the Navy Hackett today made public personal correspondence between Rear-Admiral Howison and himself in relation to the fitness of the admiral to serve on the court of inquiry, Admiral Howison having consented that his personal letter should be given to the public, and a copy has been sent to Rear-Admiral Schley. The correspondence is as follows:

YONKERS (N. Y.) Aug. 24, 1901.

Dear Sir: I have just returned to my home after a short visit to Lake George. Owing to my detail as a member of the court of inquiry, ordered to meet on September 12 next, I find that many newspapers are giving me credit for having served my country in the United States navy for nearly half a century, with honor.

I see also that I am thought to be objectionable as a member of this court of inquiry, it being stated that I publicly expressed opinions on the conduct of the battle of Santiago while serving as commandant at the Boston navy yard, shortly after the result of that engagement was known. I believe the service knows, as I do, that I do not attempt to make public speeches, write for magazines or papers, or make public utterances on navy or other subjects.

It has been impossible to avoid the visits and questions of representatives of newspapers while serving at important stations, and at times when the navy has been so busily employed. (The letter here refers to the writer's pleasant relations with newspaper men in Maryland and at Boston and other stations, and continues as follows:)

When the news of our navy's success at Manila and again at Santiago reached Boston, the people there were not behind the rest of the United States in giving honor and praise to the navy and to the commanders-in-chief of the fleets.

The enthusiasm of the population in praise and honor of the officers and men engaged at Santiago lasted for some time until lately, when the troubles commenced as to where the credit and honors should go for the success for this engagement. It is no news to the navy to say that where all do their duties, the due honors for success go to the officer in chief command. Censure for failure also belongs to him.

This newspaper cutting in question contains a statement in which it is said that I made a comparison between Sampson and Sargent, unfavorable to Schley. The word "respected," as used by the reporter, is seldom or never employed by navy men in comparing the qualities possessed by officers, and I am sure I could never have said this as he reports, nor said that Schley had the reputation of being nervous and hot-headed, in the Naval Academy.

One may say that an officer stands higher in his class, if true; another may stand higher in scientific attainments, while another be distinguished for eminent diplomatic and social qualities, while all under discussion are of good standing and proficient in their necessary professional calling.

I have no recollection of the gentleman reporting for the Boston Record, and I do not approve of his public statement as mine. I cannot say that I have not discussed with acquaintances matters published in the newspapers relating to our navy's success, as well as the unfortunate disputes so widely commented on. There are few or no persons in the navy or in our country who have not daily discussed these newspaper articles.

From the papers it appears that Admiral Schley has strong doubts as to my fitness to fairly judge this case with Admirals Dewey and Benham. As it is a case of grave importance to those concerned and to the country, I am desirous of giving my little help to clear away the troubles.

The duties of members of courts-martial and courts of inquiry are not sought or desired by officers. While I feel highly honored by the department's selection of myself for this duty, it is anything but a pleasant task to sit in judgment on brother officers. However, the honor of the selection nor the unpleasantness of court duties do not enter into the reasons for my now writing to say to you, personally, three things, viz.:

First—To reassure you that I am not responsible for and did not give out such an interview as is alleged in the dispatches from Boston, and as stated in the newspapers to have been mentioned by Admiral Schley in a recent letter to the department.

Second—If, however, the department feels that the cause of the navy and justice will be better served by relieving me from duty on the court, I am entirely ready to withdraw, voluntarily, or to have the department relieve me upon its own initiative.

Third—If, on the other hand, the department, knowing all the circumstances, desires that I should perform the duty, I am entirely ready to perform it, and can, upon my conscience and oath, do my duty as a member of the court "without partiality" as the law requires.

Yours sincerely and respectfully,
(Signed) H. L. HOWISON,
Rear-Admiral, U.S.N.

Hon. Frank W. Hackett, Washington, D. C.

Acting Secretary Hackett replied as follows:

WASHINGTON (D. C.) Aug. 26, 1901.—Dear Admiral: Your personal letter of the 24th deserves an immediate reply. You say, substantially, that there is no foundation for the statements attributed to you as having been set forth in an interview afterward published in the Boston Record, and lately made the subject of a communication from Rear-Admiral Schley to the department. You evidently have read the correspondence between the admiral and the department, as published last week in the newspapers. The department, let me assure you, has no purpose of relieving you of this duty. It has implicit confidence in your sense of justice and fair-mindedness.

Should the counsel for Rear-Admiral Schley proceed to offer the court objection to you, it will be for the court itself to decide the question of your competency to sit as a member.

Were your letter official, instead of being merely personal, I should refer it to the judge-advocate of the court, to be laid before the court. I would like to know if you have any objection to my giving to the public your frank and manly letter in the event that it shall seem desirable to do so? What you have said only confirms me in the belief that the department has been fortunate in selecting you as the third member of the court.

Kindly accept the assurance of my personal esteem and believe me,

Yours truly,
[Signed] FRANK A. HACKETT.

Rear-Admiral Howison, U.S.N., Yonkers, N. Y.

Commander Richard Wainwright, superintendent of the Naval Academy, came over to Washington from Annapolis today, and spent some time in conference with Capt. Lemly, judge-advocate of the Schley court, in reference to the testimony to be furnished by the commander, who is one of the witnesses on the government list. Capt. Lemly has been engaged in this kind of work for the past week, laying the basis for the presentation of his case.

Nothing has yet been heard by Acting Secretary Hackett from Capt. Forsyth, in answer to the department's interrogation touching his reputed interview in relation to the Schley case. Hackett's attention has not yet been directed formally to the publication this morning ascribing certain expressions bearing on the Schley case to Admiral Watson, but when the matter was referred to informally, the acting Secretary intimated that it was not one of sufficient importance to warrant letter-writing by the department.

POINTS OF THE DECISION.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The question at issue was whether, in view of the recent decisions of the United States Supreme Court, this judgment might be paid from the general appropriation or carried to Congress for a specific appropriation. The judgment obtained by the plaintiffs was for $144,597, which includes the sum of $1509 interest and $90 cost. After referring to the case of Lascelles & Co., which was similar to the case under consideration and decided by the Comptroller in July last, he says:

"The only difference between the case under consideration and that case is that in the former Lascelles & Co. had not recovered judgment against the United States or the collector of customs for the duties so wrongfully exacted and paid by them under protest.

"It would seem to the ordinary mind that it would be a travesty on justice to refund duties illegally exacted where a judgment had not been obtained and to refund under exactly similar conditions where the persons seeking the refund had been diligent and had their rights ascertained and settled in the highest courts in the land. If there is an appropriation available to pay duties illegally exacted, then it follows, ex rel necessitate, that the ascertainment of the fact of the illegal exaction of such duties and the ascertainment of their amount by the judgment of a court, the only tribunal that can finally and conclusively settle these quqestions, would not and could not have the effect to nullify the appropriation.

"It is perfectly clear to me that when section 999, R. S., and the Act of 1875 are considered with reference to section 3689, R. S., providing for the refund to importers of the excess of deposits for ascertained duties or other moneys paid under protest, that said section 3689 carries an appropriation available to pay judgments of the character of the one under consideration."

DENIAL NOT SATISFACTORY.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The correspondence was sent to Admiral Schley, who discussed it with his counsel, Lefer in the day the following announcement was made:

"Admiral Schley's counsel is entirely dissatisfied with the position of Admiral Howison, as disclosed in his letter to Acting Secretary Hackett, made public today."

The lawyers hold that it is not a comprehensive denial of the statements attributed to Admiral Howison, nor, they say, does it disclose sufficiently the admiral's freedom from bias. It is probable that they will set forth these objections in a letter to the acting Secretary of the Navy.

FORSYTHE DENYING.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 30.—The Enquirer tomorrow will say that Capt. James Forsythe, U.S.N., who has arrived home from the West, has practically denied the authenticity of the alleged interview in a Kansas City newspaper regarding the Sampson-Schley controversy.

FAMOUS DE LIMA CASE.

SETTLED WITHOUT CONGRESS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Mr. Tracewell, the Comptroller of the Treasury, has rendered a decision which disposes of the famous De Lima case. He holds that under the recent decision of the United States Supreme Court, the judgment obtained by De Lima & Co. for $14,495 against the United States on goods shipped by them from Porto Rico to the United States, between the date of the ratification of the Treaty of Paris and that of the approval of the Foraker Act, may be paid out of the general appropriation of the Treasury Department without further action by Congress.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Humphreys on the Rack.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Judge Humphreys of Honolulu called at the Department of Justice today and had an interview with Atty.-Gen. Knox. The Attorney-General has arranged for a hearing of the charges against Judge Humphreys to be held next Monday or Tuesday.

Judge Humphreys will be present, as also will be Frederick W. Hankey, who represents these members of the Honolulu bar who are antagonistic to the judge. At the conclusion of the hearing the Attorney-General will take the case under advisement and render his conclusions soon thereafter to the President.

General Land Office Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Hon. Binger Hermann, Commissioner of the General Land Office, has completed his annual report which shows that during the year 15,662,706 acres of public domain were disposed of, and that the receipts of the office were $4,792,160. The receipts exceeded those of last year by $592,402, and the land disposed of, 2,106,908 acres.

That Oakland Canal.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The War Department has approved the contract made by the local engineer at San Francisco for the construction of a land canal, which is to extend from Oakland Harbor to San Leandro Bay. The contract was made about four months ago, but was held up until today by legal complications.

Governor of Porto Rico.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The President today appointed William P. Hunt of Montana as Governor of Porto Rico.

CHICAGO BURGLARY.

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—The jewelry store of Bernard J. Hagamann was entered early this morning by safe blowers, who escaped with booty valued at nearly $5000.

PEACEFUL DAYS ABOUT COLON.

No Organized Force Near Railways.

United States Interests Not in Jeopardy.

Unfounded Reports Have Magnified Disturbances—Exciting Election.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—A cablegram was received at the Navy Department today from Commander Sargent of the Machias, at Colon, reporting that matters there were very quiet. His cablegram also indicates a belief on his part that the revolutionary disturbances in that section of Colombia at least have been practically suppressed.

The State Department has been forewarned of the circulation of reports of revolutionary troubles in Ecuador in a report from Minister Sampson at Quito. News came by mail, so that it is six weeks old, and the predictions of the minister already have been verified. These are to the effect that, owing to the impending national election in Ecuador, slight disturbances might be expected in various sections which would by report be magnified into revolutionary movements, but they were not to be seriously regarded.

Following is the text of Capt. Sargent's cablegram, which is dated Colon, August 29:

"I have visited Panama and Colon. The most authoritative results of investigation give me the following information: There is no appearance of an organized insurrection force in the vicinity of the railway. Free and uninterrupted transit obtains, with every prospect of continuance. Rumor is unfounded that United States property is in need of assistance. All quiet here. More reassuring than when we started."

FRENCH CRUISER SAILS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

COLON, Aug. 30.—The French cruiser Suchet has left for a cruise. She probably will go to Venesuelan ports and then to Martinique. The captain of the United States gunboat Machias has gone to Panama to consult with the United States Consul there. The local situation is tranquil. The government has seized, at Barranquilla, a large quantity of arms belonging to the rebels.

IS ECUADOR NEUTRAL?

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

QUITO (Ecuador) Aug. 30.—Although the government of Ecuador has adopted neutrality measures which are being generally respected, it is known that the Liberal revolutionary troops are beyond the frontier of Carchi and within sight of a military force of the Colombian government. There has been no invasion of Colombia by troops of Ecuador.

LOST THE RACE.

Miss Minnie Schock Died in Chicago en Route from Denver to Cincinnati, Her Late Home.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—Racing with death from Denver to Cincinnati, where she would be content to surrender her life if surrounded by friends and dear ones, Miss Minnie Schock succumbed in Chicago last evening. After clinging to life with the hope that she could survive the long course of nearly 2000 miles, the young woman's strength gave way shortly before the flying train bearing her home to die reached Chicago.

When she reached the depot, Miss Schock was unconscious. An ambulance was called to take her to the hospital, but on the way she died. A brother who accompanied her from Denver will take the body of his sister back to the Cincinnati home today. Miss Schock was a victim of consumption.

TEXAS NEGRO RAPIST.

Another Candidate for the Stake Near Dallas—Hundreds of White Men on the Hunt.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

DALLAS (Tex.) Aug. 30.—About 11 o'clock last night a negro entered the home of Mrs. Shackleford, a white woman within two squares of the Sheriff's office, at McKinney, thirty miles north, and attempted to criminally assault her. She awoke and screamed as the negro seized her, and the man fled, after a struggle. Hundreds of men are scouring Collin, Dallas and Hunt counties. The negroes of McKinney have been given notice to leave the town, and there is said to be a panic among them. A serious race conflict is feared.

A committee of McKinney men has been sent to Dallas to search for the criminal, with the intention, if found, to take him back to McKinney for punishment.

Mrs. Shackelford is prostrated from fright and shock. She is lacerated and bruised about the face, head, hands and arms as the result of the struggle.

CAUSE OF MALARIA.

Is it Italians or Mosquitoes?—Massachusetts State Board of Health Publishes Some Cold Facts.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

BOSTON, Aug. 30.—In the annual report of the State Board of Health Secretary S. W. Abbott says that during the past ten years every case of malaria investigated in Massachusetts has been traced to the presence in the neighborhood of Italian laborers. Italy, it is well known, is cursed by malaria, says the report.

In a previous report on the sanitary condition of the Sudbury and Concord rivers, made to the general court in May, the board stated plainly that there was nothing in the conditions of the meadows near those rivers to generate malaria. But within the last eleven years 191 cases have been reported in the distance ten mile along the river from Saxonville, in a population of about 500. Few cases, the board says, were reported below this point previous to 1895, and not many until 1898, since which time it has prevailed in Concord and Billerica.

In both cases, the board says: "The evidence tends to show that it was introduced into these towns by the laborers engaged in digging up the streets when constructing the waterworks and sewerage systems. Upon the completion of the works in Billerica the number of cases rapidly diminished, while in Concord the effect of the work continued through last year, and we must wait through another season to learn whether it also diminishes here."

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE.

National Council of Women Will Discuss it in Buffalo in September—Noted Speakers are Announced.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Marriage and divorce will be the subject of discussion before the national council of women at its convention in Buffalo, beginning on September 11 and lasting for three days. Among the speakers announced are Miss Susan B. Anthony, Rev. Anna Shaw and Mrs. Alice Parker Lesser, Señor Antonio Galance of South America, May Wright Sewall, president of the international council, and Mrs. Peck of Iowa, vice-president of the national council, will speak on the evening of the 13th, which is the final day of the convention. The National American Woman Suffrage Association will meet on September 9 and 10 at Buffalo. The discussions will be confined chiefly to the question: "Would the enfranchisement of women advance the progress of civilization? If so, how?"

Lydia Avery Coonley Ward, Illinois; Henry B. Blackwell, Massachusetts; Elizabeth Boynton Harbert, Illinois; Priscilla D. Hackstaff, New York; Kate M. Gordon, Louisiana; Lucretia Brankenberg, Pennsylvania, and Anna H. Shaw of Pennsylvania will be among the speakers.

ALLEGED PLOT TO KILL POLISH BISHOP.

FIVE PARISHIONERS ARE DEFENDANTS ON GRAVE CHARGES.

Watchman of Church Hospital Was Offered Cash and Positions to Make Way With Bishop Kozlowski of the Independent Polish Church.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

CHICAGO, Aug. 30. — Sensational testimony disclosing an alleged plot to kill Bishop Koslowski, of the Independent Polish Church, was introduced by the prosecution in Justice Martin's court here today. Five of the bishop's parishioners are defendants on charges of conspiracy to defame the character of the bishop and attempting to cause his arest.

B. Luindowski, who has been employed as watchman of the hospital run in connection with the bishop's church, testified that Dr. Lodistaw Slominski, the principal defendant, had ploted to get rid of Koslowski, in order to secure control of the hospital. The conspiracy, it is charged, was entered into a year ago last winter. Luindowski testified: "Dr. Slominski told me I had better kill the bishop, so that he and these other men could have the hospital. We were in a saloon at the time, and he put $50 on the bar and told me to take that now. Then he said I was to have $350 more when I decided to do what he wanted. He said also that he would give me a steady job driving the ambulance, and that I would have a nice uniform with brass buttons and a horse."

The other defendants at the trial are B. Wadalaski, S. Bajowicz, H. Podgorski and Joseph Cisnlowski.

WHAT GERMANY THINKS.

That America is Fomenting South African Troubles, and is Unscrupulous and Ambitious.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—C. F. Baer, president of the Philadelphia and Reading system, who has just returned from Europe, tells of a remarkable impression which, he avers, is general throughout Germany.

"Germany," he said, "is watching with interest the development of the troubles in South Africa and Central America. The interest is not because England is engaged in war in Africa, nor because the South American republics are having probably a little more than their usual amount of revolutionary excitement. The real reason, when I found it, startled me. The Germans believe that all these troubles have been fomented by America for the express purpose of obtaining both disputed territories.

"They say that America brought about the Spanish War simply to get Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines, and that this country will not be satisfied without holdings in Africa and South America. They look upon Cuba as actually a part of the United States, and do not believe this country will ever give freedom to that island."

KNIGHTS GO HOME.

San Francisco the Next Meeting Place, Many Ladies Present—General Satisfaction.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

LOUISVILLE (Ky.) Aug. 30.—The twenty-eighth triennial conclave of Knights Templars is a thing of the past, and today the outgoing trains were laden with outbound Knights. The selection of San Francisco as the next meeting place has met with general approval. The older Knights still talk of the success of the conclave of 1834, which was held in the Golden Gate city, and their younger comrades are eager to see not only the city, but the western country. The assertion that San Francisco's restaurants and hotels are ample is another point in favor of the California metropolis.

The twenty-eighth triennial conclave has been notable for the great number of women present. A great number of visitors brought their wives or daughters with them, and Kentucky's daughters were everywhere looking to the entertainment of guests. A supplementary ball tonight for Knights who were unable to gain admittance to the grand ball last night will be the last incident of the conclave.

SECRETARY ROOT ILL.

Head of War Department is in New York Suffering from an Abscess—No Operation Necessary.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Secretary of War Root is at his residence in this city, suffering from an abscess. His physicians say he is in no danger, and that no operation will be necessary. Mrs. Root said today that her husband needed a little rest, and they would go tomorrow to Southampton, L. I., for a few days.

CLARA MORRIS will tell, in The Times Magazine next Sunday, of some of the advantages the stage offers as a vocation.

"KILLARNEY'S LAKES" is the title of a most entertaining descriptive article which will appear in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

THE SULTAN GAINS TIME.

France Will Keep Hands Off the Turk

Till the Czar Has Come and Gone.

Munier Bey Visits M. Constans. Fete to Honor Turkish Embassy Canceled.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

PARIS, Aug. 30.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Franco-Turkish situation remains unchanged. It is understood that the French government will take no active measures to coerce the Sultan until after the Czar's visit to France, in order that nothing may occur to mar the festivities attending that event.

Munier Bey, the Turkish Ambassador to France, who is residing in Switzerland, has made a flying trip to Paris to have an interview with M. Constans, the French Ambassador to Turkey. He came incognito in order to avoid being handed his passports. What transpired at the interview is not known, but it is believed it will lead to a modification of the situation.

The fete planned in honor of the anniversary of the accession of Abdul Hamid, which it was intended to give at the Turkish embassy tomorrow, has been canceled. The Minister of War, Gen. Andre, withdrew the permission enabling a military orchestra to participate in the celebration.

SULTAN RETALIATING.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

PARIS, Aug. 30.—The Matin todays says the Sultan's first retaliation against France is the publication of an irade withdrawing the concessions and tax exemptions from the French religious community at Beyrout. The French communities at Jerusalem are also taxed.

RUMORED RESIGNATION OF LORD SALISBURY.

WILL SURELY REMAIN UNTIL KING'S CORONATION.

His Official Family Will Urge His Remaining as Long as Possible—Easier to Stay Than to Go and the King Would Retain Him.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

LONDON, Aug. 31.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Anybody might have invented the rumors of the impending resignation of Lord Salisbury, which were printed yesterday with the qualifying clause that he would probably remain in office until the King's coronation. The retirement of the Prime Minister is unlikely with the King absent on the continent, and is not expected for years by anybody in touch with public life.

There were well-grounded reports six months ago that he would withdraw from office at the close of the session in August, but he was induced to remain in harness because it was difficult and inconvenient to reorganize the Cabinet. His health has improved meanwhile, and the conduct of the government is less burdensome than it was. Lord Lansdowne has done well in the Foreign Office, and Balfour manages the business in the Commons. Lord Salisbury is not overworked, and members of his official family are bent upon having him remain as long as possible. It is, indeed, easier for him to stay in than to get out, after settling the complex question of succession, and it is more convenient for the King.

FRENCH PROPAGANDA.

M. Berthaut Wants Us to Learn the Language of France and Then Her History.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Leon Berthaut of the French Academy left for France on the liner L'Aquitaine. M. Berthaut, who, as delegate of the Alliance Francaise for the propagation of the French language, had made a long visit to Canada, said:

"I am more than satisfied with the result of my mission. Our object is to create local committees to propagate the French language. Our work is not only patriotic, it is also commercial. In learning our language people will learn our history, and, knowing our history, they will learn to like us.

"Our propaganda will help France commercially. We are too much the slaves of Mme. Routine, and we let the German and English influence abroad grow too strong."

FAIRVILLE RAILROAD WRECK.

Fatalities Number Eight or More—Several Seriously Injured Likely to Die—List of the Victims.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

ROCHESTER (N. Y.) Aug. 30.—The fatalities resulting from the wreck of the south-bound passenger train at Fairville last night, were increased to six. Besides William Meagher, engineer, and Howard Tubbs, a passenger, reported dead last night, the following names have been added to the list:

MRS. J. W. FORD.
MRS. A. H. BURGESS of Syracuse.
MRS. L. H. WOOD.
MRS. E. A. BRADLEY of Seneca Falls.

Of the injured in Newark, Mrs. A. D. Burnham, Mrs. William Lamunyon of Port Gibson, and Mrs. Rose Edwards of Newark, are very low, and Francis Burleigh is probably dying.

A later message from Newark reported that Miss Keller of Newark is in a critical condition.

LATER:—Two additional deaths are reported from Newark this afternoon. They are the Rev. P. A. Burgess of Syracuse, and Miss Eliza Tolan of New York.

DETECTIVES INVESTIGATED.

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—President Lindblom of the Civil Service Commission, announces that a sweeping investigation of the detective bureau will begin about September 15. Today Detectives John J. Tracy and John C. Cramer, accused, with Lieut. Peter J. Joyce, of having collected $75.90 from the State by means of the bogus Larkin expense account, will undergo their trial. Tomorrow the decision in these cases, as well as the verdict as to the guilt or innocence of Lieut. Joyce, will be announced by the commission.

Harley McCoy Dead.

DURANGO (Colo.) Aug. 30.—Harley McCoy, who was injured in the Rio Grande wreck near Chama, N. M., yesterday, died at 1:50 o'clock this morning at Mercy Hospital in this city. McCoy, who was at one time an active Denver politician, served several years in the Canon City Penitentiary for the murder of Capt. Hawley of the Denver police, in 1891, in a quarrel which had its inception in a political fight in the State Assembly.

OBITUARY.

Brig.-Gen. Ludlow.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Brig.-Gen. William Ludlow, U.S.A., died at Convent, N. J., of consumption today, at the house of Mr. Griscom. His illness was first mentioned on his arrival in the Philippines in May last. He was immediately sent home in hope that the American climate would restore him, and he went at once to Convent.

Marcus Kavanaugh.

DES MOINES (Iowa) Aug. 30.—Marcus Kavanaugh, father of Judge Kavanaugh of Chicago, died here last evening after a short illness. He was born in Ireland in 1833. He was a railroad builder, and he constructed the Winterset and Des Moines Railroad, the Indianola line, a large part of the Texas Pacific between Longview and Dallas, and many other roads in Iowa and Kansas.

INDICTMENT DISMISSED.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The indictment against Police Captain Herlihy, charging him with neglect of duty in that he failed to close disorderly houses in his precinct, was dismissed by recorder Goff today in a decision on a demurrer to the indictment entered by Herlihy. The dismissal was granted with the understanding that the case be resubmitted to the grand jury.

ITALIAN SLAVE TRADE.

ROME, Aug. 30.—Replying to an American consular criticism of the Italian treatment of the slave traffic in Erythrea, Italian East Africa, the Tribune contends that the government is doing all it can to suppress slave trading, but that, as the Red Sea Coast is most difficult to patrol, some of the traders escape. Italy regrets this, the Tribune says, and is striving to remedy the evil.

Eczema: No Cure No Pay.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure ringworm, tetter, old sores and sores, pimples and blackheads on the face; itching humors, dandruff and all skin diseases, no matter of how long standing. Price 50c. If your druggist should fail to have it, send us 50c in postage stamps and we will forward same by mail, and at any time you notify us that the cure was not satisfactory we will promptly return your money. Your druggist will tell you that we are reliable, as our LAXATIVE BROMO-QUININE Tablets, which have a national reputation for colds, are handled by all druggists. Address PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

SUPERB ROUTES OF TRAVEL—

SPECIAL EASTERN

...Excursions...

Buffalo and return, $87.00, September 5 and 6.

Cleveland and return, $82.50, September 5 and 6.

The best service and the pleasantest way is furnished by the SANTA FE.

Ticket Office, Corner Second and Spring Streets.

NEXT POPULAR—

3 SAN DIEGO

Excursion Sept. 6 and 7.

TICKETS GOOD THIRTY DAYS RETURNING.

Santa Fe Ticket Office, Cor. Second and Spring Sts.

SPECIAL EXCURSIONS—

To MOUNT LOWE SATURDAY, SUNDAY AND MONDAY.

Office 250 South Spring Street. Tel. Main 900.

OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY—"SPRECKELS LINE."

MARIPOSA Aug. 31st, for HONOLULU only; AUSTRALIA sails Sept. 11th, for TAHITI direct; VENTURA sails Sept. 12th, for HONOLULU, SAMOA, NEW ZEALAND and AUSTRALIA. For literature and particulars apply to HUGH McRICK, Agent, 230 S. Spring Street. Tel. Main 396.

Y, AUGUST 31, 1

SUMMER RESORT

Hotel Arcadia

...Santa Monica-by-the-Sea

FINEST . . .
SUMMER RESORT
ON THE PACIFIC.

SURF BATHING—CLEAN, SMOOTH Sole Beach: Boating and Fishing; Delightful Drives, Golf Links, Tennis and Child Water Baths. Elegant Hotel Building, Cuisine and appointments unexcelled; Orchestra. Reached by Southern Pacific Railroad Steamers and Electric Cars every half hour. Fifty Minutes from Los Angeles.

W. R. ZANDER, Mgr.

BRIGHTON ...BEACH

HOTEL AND COTTAGES TERMINAL ISLAND.

Everything new and up-to-date. All the conveniences of a city hotel.
Los Angeles Offices: 327 W. Third St., and 317 S. SPRING ST.
FRYMAN & BAYER, Props.

P. S.—Social Hops Every Saturday Evening.

"San Gabriel Canyon Road"

Open: excellent trout fishing; hunting grounds; magnificent stage drive; delightful mountain scenery. Stage leaves each morning on arrival of Los Angeles train at 9:20 a.m.; returns 4:30 p.m. daily. Fare $1.50 per day, stage fare $1. Address W. M. FOLLOWS, Azusa. Tel. Main 61.

During the hot months of August and September, go to

Tallac, Lake Tahoe.

The summer resort of California; a climate excelling a trip to the Alps.

Klamath Hot Springs

Baswick, Siskiyou Co., Cal.

Natural heating, heating and health resort. No Cools; climate perfect; elevation 4,000 feet; swimming, boating, fishing, hunting; springs indorsed by leading physicians. For further particulars address

EDSON BROS., Proprietors.

HOTEL ROWARDENNAN

IN THE SANTA CRUZ MOUNTAINS

10 Miles from Big Trees. 9 Miles from Santa Cruz.

R. DICKINSON, Prop.

Seven Oaks" Mountain Resort

Elevation 2000 feet.

Best Trout Fishing for Many Miles.

Only four-horse stage from Palm Station. Excellent table. For all information apply to—

A. G. KELLY, Proprietor.

Phone 631 Redlands.

STURTEVANT'S CAMP OPEN.

For information call at Tourist Information Bureau, Third St., Los Angeles, or phone 2600; or Morgan's Stables, Pasadena, or phone 66. Get booklet in advertising office of Los Angeles Hotel. W. M. STURTEVANT, Santa Monica. Tel. Sierra Madre Main 3.

SQUIRREL INN. San Gabriel Canyon

Miles from Pasadena. Good table board and lodging $5 per week; $1 per day. Rates by month. $30. Address Mrs. Ed A. Cullen, Azusa; Paul G. Brown, 353 Broadway, Los Angeles.

WILSON'S PEAK PARK—Monrovia

Strain's Camp. Best table and most comfortable accommodations. Purest Spring Water. For further information and descriptive pamphlet address or call at 327 West Third St., Los Angeles, or FRED STEIN, Pasadena. Tel. Main 1447.

SONOMA COUNTY, CAL.

Healthful Climate; Full Crops; No Frosts; Good Soil; Cheap Land. For full particulars, address—

SONOMA COUNTY BOARD OF TRADE, Santa Rosa, California.

CATALINA ISLAND.

GRAND VIEW HOTEL. On the ocean front. Tables and service excelling. Rates and booklet free to guests. Geo. H. Wheeler.

CITY HOTELS.

LAKE VIEW HOTEL.

Corner Sixth and Sherman.

Within Paris, Los Angeles, a new and elegant family hotel, strictly first-class. Rates moderate; new and up-to-date—steam heat, hot and cold water, electric lights in each room; each room overlooking the park; the location overlooking reasonable. All is unsurpassed; rates $1 and upward. A. HOLLINS, Prop. Tel. Main 1242.

Bellevue Terrace Hotel

Cor. Sixth and Figueroa Tel. Main 1147

A first-class family hotel; Summer rates now on; spacious grounds and verandas throughout. Rates $1 per day and up. C. A. TARBLE & CO., Props.

HOTEL WATAUGA

138 North Broadway.

Rates only; location central (nearly opposite Bible.) Quiet, modern. Elevator. Rooms, single or suites. Best of references. MRS. ALEX DANKEBRINK.

THE WESTLAKE HOTEL

J. B. DUKE, Prop.

720 Westlake Avenue.

Select family hotel, delightful residence district, one block from Westlake Park. Rates reasonable. Telephone M 346. Rates $6 per week and special rates to families by the month.

Hotel Rossiyn Main Street, opp. Pershing Square

Rates $1 per day and upward; every modern convenience; service of European plan; rates $2 per day and upward; rooms selected; electric cars to railroad depots and all places of interest. E. C. WARD, Prop.

RESTAURANTS—

Try a 35c Lunch at The Del Monte

the business men eat there; private rooms.

St., between Spring and Broadway

COAST RECORD

ATE A DEAD COMPANION.

Starving Miners Saved from Death.

Live for Many Days on Boiled Flesh.

Important Ruling in Wilman Case—Apaches Have Prolonged Dance.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SEATTLE, Aug. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] John Huston and Joseph Thiery, who had a narrow escape from death by starvation on the banks of Agiapuk River, last month, were passengers on the steamship Senator, and Huston is now in Seattle.

Huston gives a graphic account of the wanderings of his party, which consisted of Joseph Thiery, George Dean and himself, after leaving Good Hope, April 24, until July 20, when Dean finally succumbed to hunger, and died in trying to swallow a cup of water. For fourteen days they had not tasted food, and their cravings were awful.

At last, Thiery, with his face averted and in a stammering manner, said: "Huston, do you think George would eat?"

The idea, once suggested, could not be stifled, and Thiery finally crawled to the door, and sliced good-sized pieces of flesh from the thigh of their unfortunate comrade. Then they lived for days on boiled human flesh. Finally, two prospectors, in passing down the river, saw smoke issuing from their dug-out, and conveyed the two men to Teller City.

DISORDER AMONG YAKUTAT INDIANS.

JUDGE DEGROFF SENT FROM SITKA TO REPRESS DISTURBANCES.

Evil Spirits Largely Alcoholic—Natives Polygamists, Drunkards and Fighters—Firm and Resolute Treatment Required.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

TACOMA, Aug. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The revenue cutter Rush has returned to Sitka from Yakutat, where she carried Gov. Brady, Judge Degroff and other officials of Sitka, who went there to stop lawlessness. Reports of disorder among Yakutat natives have been coming frequently to Gov. Brady from Rev. Albion Johnson, a Swedish missionary, from native policemen and from Capt. Moser of the Albatross. A native policeman wrote that he was unable, single-handed, to preserve order, and help was needed quickly.

The trouble at Yakutat was caused largely by the brewing of hoochinoo in wholesale quantities from flour, sugar and yeast. So much was made that a four-can full was sold for a quarter. White man's liquor was also obtained from smuggling schooners. The Indians not only practiced polygamy, but indulged in fights with white men engaged in fish salting, demanding exorbitant prices for their labor.

Another element of discord was the demand of young Yakutat bucks for admission at any time to the mission building, which quarters a girls' school. Judge Degroff opened court in Chief George's house, and sentenced nine prisoners to various terms of imprisonment.

KILLS HUSBAND AND SELF.

WOMAN HAS "FORTUNE" TOLD.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 30. — Mrs. Arthur G. Rudolph shot and killed her husband today, and then killed herself. The frenzied woman used a 32-caliber revolver. The bodies were discovered this afternoon by Policeman Brown of the southern district. A Chinese fortune teller called at the home last night, and after talking with the wife awhile, a family quarrel followed.

Otto Rhode, a fourteen-year-old boy living at No. 243 Twelfth street, who had been working for the couple for two months, tried all the morning to get into the place. His efforts were unsuccessful, and he summoned Policeman W. G. Brown, who forced a window in the rear of the house this afternoon, and entered.

The bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph were found in their sleeping apartment in the rear of the store, where peanuts were sold. The husband was undressed, and the bed near by was disturbed, indicating that he had retired before the tragedy occurred. Mrs. Rudolph was fully dressed. A bullet wound in the husband's breast showed how he had met death. The woman's clothing was burned by the weapon which she had turned upon herself.

Rudolph was the proprietor of a peanut-roasting and salting plant.

Rudolph was 30 years of age, and his mother is a confectioner in San José. Mrs. Rudolph was 29 years of age, quite good looking, and had relatives in this state, but not in San Francisco. Rudolph conducted a small but profitable business. It is said by those who knew them best that the couple occasionally quarreled, but it was always because of some jealousy, and of late the difficulties between the man and wife had been more serious and frequent than usual.

DAWSON TO INCORPORATE.

GOV. ROSS MAKES SHIFT.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

TACOMA, Aug. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Yukon Council and its legal advisers are drafting a special ordinance, which will be passed early in September, incorporating Dawson as a city without regard to a vote on the subject. Gov. Ross recommends this action) that the details of government may be transferred from his shoulders to regularly-elected officials.

To carry out the latter idea with regard to small towns throughout Yukon territory, a general ordinance has been framed providing for the election in each of an overseer, who shall hold office for one year and execute the expressed wishes of voters in the expenditure of town funds and the carrying on of public works. Various towns will hold elections in October to select overseers.

SHERIFF TO SERVE VENIRE.

RULING IN WITTMAN CASE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 30.—Sheriff Lackmann will serve the venire in the case of Captain of Police Wittman, charged with battery. Police Judge Cabaniss today made an order directing the official to summon jurors to try the case. He intimated yesterday that he would make such a ruling on the request of the people, and consequently when he formally announced that he believed he had the power to select the ministerial officer of the court, it caused no surprise.

Peter F. Dunne, attorney for Wittman, took exception to the court's order, and thereupon the matter was set to be tried in the afternoon of September 12, at 2 o'clock.

NEW BRUNSWICK BILLS.

MORE SEIZURES.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 30.—Secret Service Agent Hazen and Operator Harry Moffatt today seized another consignment of New Brunswick State Bank bills, which were shipped here by Jacob Weigel to Greenburg & Smith. The bills are of various denominations, and the face value is about $10,000.

Edward Smith, one of the partners of the firm, was arrested about two weeks ago for selling similar bills to Frank Perry.

APACHES INDULGE IN PROLONGED DANCE.

STRONG LIQUOR MADE BY THE TRIBE THE EXCITING CAUSE.

White Settlers in Terror and Prepared to Fight—Little Protection from the Forts—Troops Few, Mostly Recruits, Who are Very "Raw."

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

TUCSON, Aug. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Apache Indians have been engaged in a dance for the past three weeks, and the chiefs are unable to stop them. An over-supply of tiswin, a strong liquor made by the Apaches, has caused this protracted dance. A member of the firm of Alexander Bros., traders at Fort Thomas, was here, and says the settlers fear an outbreak unless the Indians are subdued. Medicine men have told the Indians they can do miracles, and one offered to tie the body of his daughter to a tree and allow them to shoot at her. A medicine man claims they might shoot her many times, and yet she would live.

In the White Mountains the Apaches are also holding dances, but the actions of the Indians on San Carlos reservation scare settlers, because of their threats of warfare, which have been made. Since the troops were withdrawn from San Carlos agency it has been garrisoned by a detail of six troopers from Fort Grant, who are commanded by a sergeant. There are four troops of the Fourteenth Cavalry stationed at Fort Grant under command of Capt. Overton, but most of the troopers are recruits, and some do not even know how to ride horses. The settlers are prepared to fight in case an outbreak occurs, which they now fear.

CONTRACT RESCINDED.

PRUNE MEN IN TROUBLE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN JOSE, Aug. 30.—The California Cured Fruit Association has formally answered the notice received from the California Packers' Company on the 27th, rescinding the contract between the two associations, so far as it relates to handling the prune crop now maturing.

The association sets out sections from the contract both with the grower and with the packers' company, and claims that they are in full force until June 1, 1902. The packers' company is asked for the names of its stockholders, the names of its members who have been buying prunes, and the names of those from whom purchased. The claim is made that all fruit bought by any member of the packers' company must be delivered to the association, as the packers' company signed the growers' contract.

BRIEF COAST DISPATCHES.

Oakland Landmark Burned.

OAKLAND, Aug. 30.—Fire has destroyed one of the landmarks of Oakland—the Moorish Castle, erected at Piedmont a few years ago by Mrs. Emma Loring, out of materials purchased at the Midwinter Fair. The castle had been vacant for some time. The loss is about $60,000, with no insurance.

Hotel Employee Arrested.

DEL MONTE, Aug. 30. — Gerald Blackmore, an employé of the Hotel del Monte, has been arrested, charged with robbery. Several of the guests of the hotel have missed clothing and articles of jewelry of value, and a search of Blackmore's room revealed much of the missing property.

Wants Its Boat Raised.

STOCKTON, Aug. 30.—The California Navigation and Improvement Company, owners of the steamer Mary Garratt, which ran into and sank the steamer Dauntless, has been asked by the Union Transportation Company, owners of the sunken boat, to raise it from its resting place at the bottom of the San Joaquin River, where it went down early last Saturday morning. The Navigation Company is equipped for the work, while the other is not. The matter is under consideration by the Navigation Company.

Big Deeds Recorded.

SALINAS, Aug. 30.—Deeds conveying property from Abelardi E. Cooper to his mother, Martha M. Cooper, widow of J. B. R. Cooper, formerly of San Francisco, were filed for record this morning. They convey about 800 acres, and four lots valued at $70,000. The lands consist of portions of several immense ranches in this vicinity, and some lots in the town of Castroville.

Dead Man Found.

ASHLAND (Or.) Aug. 30.—The body of a man was found beside the railroad track near Edgewood, Cal., today. The head was badly mutilated. In the pockets was found a bank book of the Hibernian Bank of San Francisco, bearing the name of Simons Frickson. It is thought he had been riding on a freight train in the company of tramps, and that they had robbed him and thrown him from the train.

Photographers at State Fair.

SAN JOSE, Aug. 30.—The Santa Clara County Improvement Club will make a photographic exhibit at the State fair of the resources of this county, consisting of about five hundred photographs. The exhibit will be in charge of A. P. Hill, who will also display his panoramic photographs of the Big Basin country.

Hoey to Be Removed.

TUCSON (Ariz.) Aug. 30.—United States Commissioner George fixed Collector Hoey's bond at $5000. Hoey's immediate removal is expected, and it is freely predicted that with Hoey's removal prosecution will cease.

Old Dominion Mine Fire.

TUCSON (Ariz.) Aug. 30.—A Star special from Globe says a disastrous fire is raging in the lower workings of the Old Dominion Copper Company's mine. The origin of the fire is supposed to be from a candle left in the workings. Efforts to extinguish the fire are so far unavailing.

Inquiry into Islander's Loss.

VICTORIA (B. C.) Aug. 30.—A court of inquiry into the loss of the Islander will begin its sitting here Tuesday morning.

CHINA

MISSIONARY CENSURED BY MINISTER CONGER.

GOV. HU YU FEN COMPLAINED OF HIS "INTERFERENCE."

Band of Brigands Captured at West City—Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang Desire That the Imperial University Shall Be Reoccupied.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

PEKING, Aug. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] In order to facilitate justice, an American missionary who has greatly assisted the police in maintaining order in his locality since it was transferred to the Chinese, was instrumental yesterday in causing the arrest of several members of the Yamen of Hu Yu Fen, military Governor of the province of Chi Li and civil Governor of Peking. These men had organized an assault on a Chinese shop. Afterward, on complaint of Hu Yu Fen, the missionary, who was accused by the Governor of molestation and interference, was reprimanded by Conger, the American Minister.

Owing to the activity of brigands, Hu Yu Fen is permitted to patrol the country with Chinese soldiers within the seven-mile limit. A band of twenty-eight brigands was captured at West City. Another special expedition started for the same locality yesterday.

Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang, Chinese plenipotentiaries, have authorized Prof. Allerdyce, formerly of the Imperial University, to reoccupy the university buildings, with students. They promise to pay the salaries of teachers, although no recognition of the university is possible until the return of the court.

The officials are displaying the greatest energy in pacifying the province of Chi Li, especially the Peking district, in order to allay the uneasiness felt by foreigners, and to remove the excuse that retention of foreign troops delays the return of the court, which is widely criticised and deprecated by the Chinese themselves.

Minister Conger gave a farewell dinner last evening to Mr. Rockhill, the American special commissioner, who is about to return to the United States.

LEWIS THORNE REMEMBERED.

BALTIMORE (Md.) Aug. 30.—After selecting Providence, R. I., as the next place of meeting in 1903, the Foresters of America adjourned tonight. Memorial exercises for the late Past Supreme Chief Ranger Lewis Thorne, who died at Los Angeles May 21, 1900, were held. Judge Rendon, also of California, spoke in terms of eulogy of the character and public service of Thorne. Thomas F. Donahue, of Providence, R. I., the new Supreme Chief Ranger, was given an enthusiastic reception at the installation.

A Strange Story of the Sea.

A strange story is reported this morning from Marseilles. It is stated that a Neapolitan named Paolo Silvani, who lives by fishing along the southern coast near the Chateau d'If, was out in his boat recently, when he saw signs made to him from on board an alleged English steamer, the name of which is given as the Ty. The Neapolitan at once hauled in his nets, and pulled toward the vessel with all his energy. When he came alongside the steamer, two sailors made fast his boat to the vessel, and then took him to see the skipper. The latter put a sovereign into the hands of Silvani, together with a document, which was probably what is known in nautical language as a discharge. The skipped explained that the paper belonged to one of the crew, who had died on board near Marseilles, and whose body Silvani was asked to take ashore for burial. The name of the dead sailor is given as Tom Bagworth of York. It is affirmed that before the Neapolitan could say anything the dead body was put in his boat. The craft was then unfastened as soon as he had got into it, and was pushed off from the steamer, which immediately went full speed ahead, but in what direction the Marseilles report fails to state. The Neapolitan pulled back to the Joliette dock, and communicated with the police, who took the dead body to the morgue. There a post-mortem examination was made by a local doctor, who found that the sailor's skull was cut open. This, as the medical man reported, seemed to imply that the mariner had died from the effects of violent treatment or of an accident.—[Paris Correspondence London Telegraph.

Pope Leo's Privte Car.

At Civita Vecchia, Italy, is stored a gorgeously gilded railway car, which is the private property of Pope Leo. It was built nearly fifty years ago by the predecessors in the papal chair, and is one of the most remarkable railway cars in existence. Its roof is supported by the figures of three carved angels, covered with gold and silver. Its copper dome bears a series of beautiful paintings by Gerome. The interior of the car is divided into a series of the outer being for the reception of the papal guard. Behind it is the throne room, in which the pontiff sits while he blesses the crowds which throng about the car on its journeys. At least that was the idea when the car was built. As a matter of fact, the Pope has never made but one journey in his private car, going from Rome to Naples many years ago. Since that time the car has never been used, and thieves have cut from their frames many of the beautiful paintings which originally ornamented the car. At the rear of the throne room is the oratory, fitted with a beautiful altar and surmounted by a magnificent painting by Gerome.—[Chicago Tribune.

Joakley: He used to be a newspaper man, but a rich uncle left him a small fortune.

Coakley: But I understand that wasn't to make any difference.

Joakley: Oh, yes. He's a journalist now.—[Philadelphia Press.

Special for Saturday Only—

Men's Full Weight All Wool

Trousers, $2.50 A PAIR.

Marked in Regular Stock $3.00 and $3.50

MULLEN & BLUETT CLOTHING CO. Cor. First and Spring Streets

SAN DIEGO INDIANS ASK FOR PROTECTION.

CHIEF OF YUMA TRIBE APPEALS TO THE AUTHORITIES.

Wants Brands for Live Stock and Wood from Mexico—Prominent Dentist Must Support His Wife—First Russian Vessel to Reach Port.

SAN DIEGO, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] Frank Pasqual, chief of the Yuma tribe of Indians, his companion, Frank Gambling, and squaw interpreter, Maggie Scott, arrived here yesterday, and this morning went before the District Attorney and requested his assistance in some matters which vitally affect the welfare of his tribe in the Yuma reservation. There are 600 Indians in this tribe, and each of them owns on an average of from 100 to 700 head of live stock, both horses and cattle. For these they have never had a brand, and the Arizona cattlemen have been in the habit of rushing them across the line in small squads. It has just occurred to them that with a common brand they might better protect their property. They also ask that they be allowed to bring wood across the Mexican line without paying duty. The District Attorney will assist them in selecting a brand, and the other questions will be settled by Collector Bowers.

The three make a very picturesque group as they walk the streets. The squaw takes the lead, and the bucks follow her. The chief and his companion wear long bandanas twisted grotesquely about their heads. They first applied to Chief of Police Bushyhead for assistance. To all questioners, including newspaper men they answered that their business would come out when they had found the proper authorities. All are typical Indians.

PREFERENCE FOR THE WIFE.

The case of Jeanette Watts vs. L. W. Watts, in which the plaintiff sued her husband for support, was this morning decided by Judge Conklin in favor of Ms. Watts. The counsel for the plaintiff was directed to prepare findings and judgment for his client, allowing her $40 per month for maintenance and support. The defendant's cross-complaint for divorce was denied. The defendant is a prominent dentist here, and the case has excited considerable comment. He asked for the divorce on the ground of extreme cruelty, infidelity and adultery. Some very sensational testimony was produced in court, but behind closed doors.

UNDER THE RUSSIAN COLORS.

The Russian bark Fahrwohl, Capt. Lindburg, from Hamburg, with cement for Spreckles Brothers, arrived outside last night and was towed up to the dock shortly before noon today. She is 166 days out from Hamburg, and has made a comparatively long voyage. Long passages are the rule at this time of year when the winds are not very heavy. She is a first-rate vessel of 1344 tons, and is the first Russian ship to call at this port. Her cargo consists of 10,000 barrels of cement, 6000 of which will be discharged here. The remainder will be taken to Seattle.

SAN DIEGO BREVITIES.

Mrs. Isabella T. Kooser, mother of Mrs. M. B. Anderson, died this morning at the residence of her daughter.

The First Presbyterian Church of El Cajon has filed a petition with the County Clerk to mortgage the church property for the purpose of building an addition to the present edifice.

In the case against George Todd Johnson, who is charged with grand larceny and wholesale cattle stealing, the preliminary motions and demurrer were overruled and the arraignment was set by Judge Conklin this morning for September 24.

Frank Coon was arraigned this morning before Judge Conklin for burglary on the property of C. W. Twambly on June 20. The trial was set for January 9, and the defendant was released on his own recognizance.

The several committees of the City Council met this evening and arranged the preliminaries for the meeting of both boards Monday evening.

A serious runaway occurred on Fourth street at noon today, in which C. K. Pindie of El Cajon sustained a compound fracture of the leg. Two other smashups resulted from the commotion and excitement. A team driven by Mr. Rindie jumped completely over a meat wagon, and both horses were seriously injured.

R. H. Carr, a saloon-keeper, and a card-writer who does business at a table in front of his place, quarreled this evening over the right of the latter to place hi table in an adjoining room. Carr struck the card-writer, who drew a knife and chased him down the street. Both were arrested. Carr bailed himself out for $25.

CORONADO BEACH.

NEWS NOTES AND PERSONALS.

HOTEL DEL CORONADO, Aug. 30. —[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] Fully four thousand people visited the tent yesterday, the occasion being the half holiday of the clerks, many of whom wended their way to the Tented City, where a special programme had been prepared for them.

The little ones who came over yesterday for the annual Sunday-school outing, had a royal time, many going into the plunge baths, while the merry-go-round and other amusements were patronized extensively throughout the day.

An informal musicale was given last evening at the hotel to a select audience. Mrs. Newlin, the vocalist of the evening, rendered the "Intermezzo" from "Cavaleria Rusticana" (Mascagni,) "Rosary" (Nevin,) and several of Tosti's dainty songs. Miss Spieske played in an admirable style "The Gondoliers" (Moskowski.)

Mrs. Frank Miller and Miss Miller of Riverside are on a visit to the hotel, where Mrs. Miller's sister, Miss Hardenburg, has been enjoying a vacation.

George W. Elder of San Francisco is sojourning at the hotel.

A. S. Abbott and wife of Los Angeles are registered at the hotel.

Mrs. Nourse of Los Angeles is visiting at Tent City.

PROFESSOR STARR'S ODD COLLECTION.

RECORDS OF PEOPLE WITH ABNORMAL HANDS AND FEET.

He Has Secured Evidence of Over Four Hundred Cases of Those Having an Unusual Number of Fingers and Toes—Object of His Investigation.

[Chicago Record-Herald:] As some men collect rare etchings, autographs, old coins, Egyptian mummies, pagan gods and the like, so Prof. Frederick Starr of the University of Chicago collects human hands and feet.

But with this difference: While the ordinary faddist spends time and money to gratify a mere personal whim or mania for things antique and curious, Prof. Starr is working purely from motives which impel the scientist, to the end that he may add a little to the sum of the world's knowledge of men and his place in nature.

His work may be called a study in fingers and toes. That his quest for persons equipped with more or less than the usual number of digits should afford material for jesting among degenerates is not passing strange. There are yet people alive and kicking who do not know that the crucial points of comparison between the higher apes and man are the hand, the foot and the brain. One of this class recently assumed that he had perpetrated a great joke by writing that he had discovered "a person with only four fingers on each hand," the thumb not being taken into account as one of the five extreme parts of the anatomical formation.

In beginning his researches some three or four years ago Prof. Starr first inserted an advertisement in certain widely-circulated newspapers, asking to be placed in personal communication with pepole having more or fewer than five fingers on a hand or toes on a foot. In this way he sought to gather data concerning people of various races and nationalities who were born with hands and feet which were anomalous or which departed in structure from the general method of analogy of nature in these formations.

He was astounded by the result. Letters accompanied by photographs or descriptive drawings and interesting information regarding heredity, etc., were received from men and women and boys and girls living in various parts of the United States and in foreign countries. The result was far more satisfactory than he had anticipated, and within a short time he had collected 250 cases, each case meaning one individual, whether that individual presented an anomalous growth in a single hand or foot, or in all four extremities.

Still Prof. Starr was not satisfied. He decided that he would increase his collection to 500 cases before attempting to work out his theory in regard to the cause of these peculiarities and their evolutionary significance. Unfortunately, at this juncture there came an interruption to his researches in this direction. For a year or two he was compelled to suspend his investigations along this line in order that he might pursue his more serious anthropological work among the Indian tribes of Old Mexico.

Recently, as other duties permitted, he took up the thread of investigation where he had dropped it, and many more hands and feet with extraneous fingers and toes have been brought to his notice. He has now some 400 cases, well authenticated, classified and recorded. He has also probably twenty-five more not yet complete as to authentication, description and other necessary data. George Alexander Barker, one of the most enthusiastic members of Prof. Starr's class in anthropology, has been a valuable coadjutor in gathering facts relative to cases found in Chicago and suburbs.

"When I get my full complement of 500 cases," Prof. Starr said yesterday, "I shall write a paper on the subject. In the first place, with 500 cases as the basis of observation, I shall have a larger collection than was ever before dealt with according to the rules of science or in any other way. Statistics thus furnished and deductions drawn therefrom should therefore be reasonably reliable. My exposition will be illustrated with photographs, anatomical tracings and reproductions of copies of anomalous hands and feet which have been made in plaster. In a word, it will be an exposition of the largest collection ever brought together."

To illustrate how far Prof. Starr has gone in advance of all his predecessors in this particular field of anthropological research it may be mentioned that in a period of eight years, during which there were 23,413 births in Vienna Hospital, record was made of only three persons born with extra digits. These are said to be the only statistics in print. Again, some thirty years ago Prof. Burt G. Wilder, now the eminent anatomist of Cornell University, published a pamphlet on this subject, in which he elaborated only a few cases, and classified each hand or foot involved in a separate case, whereas, as we have already seen, Prof. Starr makes a separate and distinct case in this each individual, whether one hand or one foot alone is affected, or all the extremities are involved. This shows relatively what a vast amount of material he has at hand.

Now, what was the specific object of Prof. Starr in taking up this practically original investigation?

"First, my idea was to get at the cause of these anatomical peculiarities —anomalous hands and feet, extra fingers, toes, etc.," he said. "The discovery of Roentgen's X-rays offered a new method of study; by this process we are enabled to find the exact bone arrangement in the phenomenal member. Primarily, in the paper to be prepared I shall describe all the different forms of the peculiarity that have been brought to light, as they exist in persons now living. Secondly, the theory of atavism, or the recurrence of an ancestral type, and the theory of heredity, or direct transmission, will be discussed in connection with the descriptions.

"I reject the atavistic theory. As to heredity, I have noticed that this peculiarity is frightfully persistent when it once gets in a family. It is safe to say that a thing atavistic should normally occur in the fetus; also that it should normally occur in some other animals which are naturally in the line of man's descent. Now, this anomaly in hands or feet doesn't occur normally in the fetus. Moreover, reptiles, frogs and all mammalia fail to show a bone arrangement which radiates more than five fingers or toes. We have to go back to the fishes to discover a normal development of more than five rays of toes.

"It is a rule in atavism that the farther back you go to find it the rarer it is in man. My present investigation has disclosed that extra fingers and toes are not rare, as they ought to be, atavistically speaking. On the contrary, they are rather common. If the X-rays would show us a regular bone arrangement in hand or foot, with a normal support behind the extra digit, it would be a strong argument for atavism; but where the formation is irregular, and the extra finger or toe is a mere hybrid attached to a fellow member, as it is generally shown to be, the case is proved against atavism."

Atavism is defined as "the recurrence, or a tendency to recurrence, of the original type of a species in the progeny of its varieties; resemblance to remote rather than to near ancestors; reversion to the original form. Biologically speaking, it is the recurrence of any peculiarity or disease of an ancestor in a subsequent generation, after an intermission of a generation or two.

Heredity, the theory to which Prof. Starr seems to incline, is "transmission of the physical or psychical qualities of parents in their offspring; the biological law by which living things tend to repeat their characteristics in their descendants.

"Chicago is well represented in my collection," said Prof. Starr. "But why not? I am here and it is in the nature of things. Chicago has many people and many nationalities. This investigation has revealed many instances of six, seven, eight and some of even nine digits on a single hand or foot. The peculiarity is oftenest met with in old-settled districts. It is a common thing among the negroes in the South. It is much more common in Mexico than in other places, though I have examples from Canada, England, Syria and other countries. One of the most interesting cases is that of a Mexican girl with nine toes on one foot. Aside from this peculiarity it is not a badly-shaped foot. The great toe is followed by the regular series, and the second series begins with the second toe, which of course mimics the front part of the foot of extraordinary width. In many cases the thumb is the part affected, it being divided at the first joint or starting in double form at the base."

Prof. Starr has an interesting collection of plaster casts and photographs representing the discoveries in this study or investigation. His forthcoming published work on the subject in hand will doubtless be a most valuable contribution to anthropological science. While Prof. Wilder of Cornell has his pet collection of brains—private brains, every one from the head of an educated person, some of them of very eminent men and women—Prof. Starr has his wonderful private collection of anomalous hands and feet—those other crucial points of comparison between apehood and manhood. Both these scientists are busy men and not easily accessible to the newspaper interviewer.

But if you once gain Prof. Starr's confidence, and if you have "that first gift of investigation," as Aristotle says, of "knowing what questions to ask," you may learn many strange and curious things concerning man's past history and his future outlook.

"I sometimes say to my class," said Prof. Starr, "that the man of the future will be a toothless, hairless, four-toed animal. A thousand years hence all kinds of food will be concentrated, predigested form, and teeth will be superfluous. The wisdom teeth are already disappearing. Baldness is becoming more general, and we are told by Prof. Haeckel of the University of Jena that man's little toes will disappear, leaving him a four-toed creature. Man's next step forward in the evolution of the race will be better and finer brains."

Hale's GOOD GOODS 121-129 North Spring Street.

SATURDAY SPECIAL On Sale Today.

2000 Pairs of Women's BlackHose 12½c.

If It Wasn't Hale's You'd Pay 20c.

It's to be a snappy sale. We mean to make you talk about this store. It's profit for us to lose sometimes, provided we gain your good wishes and gratitude.

The price isn't new—12½c—but who ever heard of rich, black hosiery, fine guage, guaranteed color, at such a figure? That's why the throngs will come, the hosiery is so good.

It's Standard fast black.
It's double sole, heel, toe.
It's fine and almost silky.
It's elastic and well finished.
It's shapely and nobby made.

There are two thousand pairs. That would seem a plenty, but how they will melt away, six and a dozen pairs at a time. Every woman would feel keenly happy with a nice supply of such hosiery tucked away to be worn when prices are higher. Even now you'd pay 20c if the Seven Hale Stores didn't force the market down.

ON SALE TODAY.

Three Lines of Girdles, 50c

No. 1, made of double English Net.....50c
No. 2, made of splendid plain Batiste.....50c
No. 3, made of nice figured Batiste.....50c

These are daintily trimmed with lace, latest styles.

A Luxury Corset, Fairly Perfect, $2.50

Here's luxury, health, distinction. The model is winning and refined. It's a corset that adds erectness and charm, not a staid figure, but beautifully graceful and correct. Made almost richly of silk embroidered corset jean, boned with real whale bones and rust proof steels. Low bust, V front and sudden hips. A corset that you'd get only at Hale's.

Another Triumph

FOR THIS FAIR CITY.

It is the first city on the Pacific Coast to have DOLLAR GAS TO ALL CONSUMERS.

DOLLAR GAS | FROM JANUARY 1st.

Free Connections. No Deposits. Appliances at Cost.

Why not use gas for fuel?
It is available at all hours.
It is the cleanest and cheapest fuel.

Los Angeles Lighting Co.

BROADWAY AND FIFTH.

FOR EXHAUSTION take

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

It soothes, nourishes and strengthens the nerves, restoring to the debilitated system, new life, vigor and ambition. Gives perfect digestion and restful sleep.

THE GENUINE BEARS THE NAME "HORSFORD'S" ON LABEL.

SPORTING RECORD

HAS A FUTURE AS A FIGHTER.

Gardner Wins Fresh Pugilistic Laurels.

Knocks Out Carter in Eighteenth Round.

Big Shooting Festival—Yachts to Go Today—Cresceus Against Time.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] In the eighteenth round tonight, George Gardner of Lowell, Mass., knocked out "Kid" Carter of Brooklyn. Though outclassed by a man who has cleverness enough to become champion of the world some day, Carter put up the gamest fight seen in the city for many a day, and, though badly defeated and terribly punished, he left the ring a hero in the minds of the majority of those present.

On the other hand, Gardner's display of pugilistic skill astonished the crowd. His great ring generalship, his blocking, warding off and beating down of blows, and his ability to keep from getting hit proved he has a pugilistic future before him, if he can keep improving as he has since his last battles.

While it was practically a one-sided fight, as it turned out, the excitement was intense all through, as many admirers of Carter were always expecting him to get in the body blows that curled up Root. Time and time again the gong saved Carter, who was knocked down and practically out half a dozen times, but he always came back fighting with a body punch.

FIGHT BY ROUNDS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 30.—In the first round of the Carter-Gardner fight Gardner did some effective work with short-arm rights on Carter's jaw. They mixed it in the fiercest sort of style, and a clinch and in-fighting followed every exchange. Gardner rushed matters in the fourth, and his phenomenally long reach enabled him to put left jabs on Carter's nose repeatedly, bringing the blood freely.

The fifth was one of the fastest and bloodiest rounds ever seen in a local ring. Gardner sent his long left with unerring accuracy to Carter's mouth and nose, and Carter fought back fiercely on the body. Both men were covered with blood from Carter's bleeding mouth and nose. Twice it looked as if Gardner had Carter at his mercy, but in his anxiety to land a knockout blow he was wild. The sixth was just as fast as the previous round, but not quite so bloody. Carter fought with more effect in this round.

In the seventh round Carter did a lot of feinting and roughing, but Gardner stopped most of his rushes with a straight left. In the eighth Gardner dropped Carter for nine seconds with a short-arm right on the jaw. In the ninth honors were even, with Gardner on the aggressive and doing most of the leading, and Carter fighting for the body. The tenth was a repetition of the ninth.

The eleventh and twelfth rounds were remarkable for the amount of punishment absorbed by Carter, the determined character of the contest and the bloodiness of the fray. Gardner maintained a lead and forced the fighting every moment. Once in the eleventh round and once in the twelfth he put Carter down for the limit with right-arm jolts, but each time Carter came back and fought gamely. In the thirteenth both men were tired, but just before the round closed Gardner put Carter down for the count.

The fourteenth and fifteenth rounds were a little slower than the previous rounds, with Carter stronger and more aggressive. The sixteenth round was Carter's, as he did the leading and forcing, landing repeatedly on the body, but in the seventeenth Gardner went for his man and beat him to a standstill, putting him down and out, but for the gong saving him. Carter came up bravely in the eighteenth, but a fierce assault by Gardner put him down on his back. He was manifestly out and his seconds threw up the sponge.

It was learned after the fight that Gardner had broken a bone in his left hand in the fifth round, but confided the fact to no one but his seconds until the fight was over.

The preliminary fight between "Kid" Williams and Henry Lewis went the limit of ten rounds, and the referee decided in favor of Williams.

"Kid" McFadden fought Tom Hermann to a standstill in the fifth round, and the referee stopped it and gave the decision to McFadden.

WORLD'S GREATEST WAGER.

ARRANGED FOR YACHT RACES.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—What is said to be the greatest wager in the history of the sporting world has been arranged on the result of the international yacht race. Twenty English and American capitalists are interested in a venture which involves nearly half a million dollars.

W. F. Austin, president of the Pittsburgh Stock Exchange, representing ten wealthy residents of that city, gave assurance to Walter J. Kingsley that the $150,000 which he brought on the Duetschland yesterday from an English syndicate of sportsmen to be placed on the Shamrock II, would be covered at odds of 5 to 3. This afternoon the principals met to discuss the details, and Kingsley will wire to England the exact state of affairs.

SPIN OF THE SHAMROCK.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Sir Thomas Lipton went on board the Shamrock II at 11 o'clock today, and immediately the cup challenger left her anchorage in the lower bay, heading out toward Sandy Hook, which she passed fifteen minutes later on the starboard tack, close-hauled.

With her sheets to port, the yacht made a long tack, heading due to a point opposite the Sandy Hook lightship. The wind blew a steady ten-knot breeze. Although there was quite a ground swell, the yacht went through the water with less fuss than a sharp-prowed torpedo boat. There was no regular course measured off today for the yacht to be timed over.

At 2:15 o'clock p.m. the Shamrock rounded the point of the Hook, and lowering the forestay sail and jib topsail, made ready to make fast to her mooring buoy, the day's spin then being over.

FINAL TRIAL RACES.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEWPORT (R. I.) Aug. 30.—Both the Constitution and the Columbia are all ready for the final trial races, which begin tomorrow. The Constitution came down late last night from Bristol, where everything possible had been done to put her in readiness for the contests, under the direction of Nat Herreshoff, her designer. Early today her mainsail was sent up, and she went down the bay for a trial spin. The Columbia remained at her moorings at Brenton's Cove.

SHOOTING TOURNAMENT.

LARGEST IN THIS COUNTRY.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The international and State rifle, revolver, carbine and pistol shooting tournament of the National Rifle Association of America began on the ranges at Seagirt today. This is probably the most important shooting tourney which has ever taken place in the United States, and was opened in an informal manner.

Gen. Bird W. Spencer, president of the association, gave the word, a bugler sounded "commence firing," and the marksmen immediately began firing at the targets on the 200, 300 and 500-yard ranges. Bullseye and group-pool shooting was the first item on the long programme, and over 200 riflemen from many States took part. State teams, which will take part in the Hilton trophy and interstate military matches, have arrived from Maine, Massachusetts, New York, Rhode Island, Maryland and the District of Columbia. The Ohio and Pennsylvania teams are expected tomorrow.

Word was received today from Canada to the effect that the Dominion team, which will try conclusions with the All-American team in the world's championship, match next Thursday, will reach the camp late tomorrow, or early Sunday. The weather today was very fine, with very little wind, so that the conditions were almost perfect for good scoring.

CRESCEUS DID NOT WIN.

MADE RACE AGAINST TIME.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

PROVIDENCE (R. I.) Aug. 30.—Cresceus failed to lower the world's trotting record in his start against time at Narragansett Park this afternoon. His time was 2:05 flat. He got to the quarter in 0:31½, where a second runner joined, and took a position a length behind the first. The half was done in 1:02¼, and the three-quarters in 1:34½, and hope of breaking the record was gone, but Cresceus came home strong between the two runners, making the last quarter in 0:30½ and the mile in 2:05 flat.

Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese Minister, saw the effort from the judges' stand, and was an interested spectator of the other races, which he witnessed from a box. Summaries:

Pacing, 2:08 class, purse $1500: Dan Patch won three straight heats; best time 2:04½.

Pacing, 2:14 class, purse $1500: Coxey won the fifth, sixth and seventh heats; best time 2:12½. Prince of India won the first and second heats; best time 2:14. Charlie Mc won the third heat in 2:12½. Nigger Jack won the fourth heat in 2:15.

Pacing, 2:20 class, purse $2200: Frazier won, three straight heats; best time 2:13.

OUTSIDERS MUST JOIN.

STRICT RULING IN GOLF.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The Executive Committee of the United States Golf Association, as a result of charges unofficially brought to their notice, have taken the precaution to guard against outsiders coming here to compete for the championships by compelling them to be members of a club for a period not less than the entire season.

"No player," according to the ruling, "can have his club dues or charges paid by another person as an inducement to become a member of a club, nor will a player be allowed to receive transportation or board, or any reduction or equivalent thereof, as a consideration of his playing golf or exhibiting his skill as a player."

"BRONCO-BUSTING" OVER.

RACING AT WOODLAND.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WOODLAND, Aug. 30.—The second and last "bronco-busting" exhibition was witnessed by the largest morning crowd of the week. O. Morris of Capay won first prize, $100; P. B. Gruwell, San José, the second prize, $50. Sam Young of San José took the third prize, $25.

For best riding, ordinary, $25, was divided between Welch and William Stark.

THE HORSE RACES.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WOODLAND, Aug. 30.—The scratching of Kelly Briggs made Martha Whipps a prohibitive favorite, and the free-for-all race was devoid of interest. One cause assigned for the failure of Kelly to start is that he is unfit and will not start in Sacramento. In the three-quarters-of-a-mile dash, Catherine Bravo got the decision by a nose, and Swiftwater was lapped on Whaleback.

Many San Franciscans and Sacramentans are expected Sunday, on account of the pace for the 2:30 class and the district road race. Summary:

Trotting, 2:30 class, purse $400:

Black Bart	6	5	1	1	1
Thomas R.	1	1	5	2	2
Almonada	4	3	2	3	3
Floradora	3	2	6	5	4
Lucy G.	5	4	3	4	5
The Tont	2	6	4	6	6

Time, 2:15, 2:16, 2:18¾, 2:15, 2:20

Pace, free-for-all, purse $600:

Martha Whipps	1	1	1
Floracita	2	3	2
Edna R.	3	2	3

Time, 2:10½, 2:12¾, 2:10¾.

Running, three-quarters-of-a-mile dash, purse $125: Catherine Bravo won, Whaleback second, Swiftwater third; time 1:14¾. Clarendo and Boardman also ran.

Five-eighths-of-a-mile dash, running, purse $125: Pegalong won, Metford second, Peut Etre third; time 1:02. Iddietoto, Bantam and Country Girl also ran.

MAY SUTTON AND SISTERS.

WARM WORK AT TENNIS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN RAFAEL, Aug. 30.—This morning the Hotel Rafael courts were the scene of what was, without doubt, the best tennis by women experts ever witnessed here. Miss May Sutton, the clever Southern California champion, and her sister, Miss Florence Sutton, were the contestants.

In the first set, the games were long and very evenly divided, till "four all" was reached. Miss Florence won the next game, making the score 5-4 in her favor, but was unable to maintain it. Miss May taking the next three games and the set, making score 7-5. The fast pace set was telling on both players, and they agreed to a rest of a few minutes.

Play started in the second set with both somewhat refreshed. Miss May Sutton was the aggressor, taking the first two games. With the score 5-2 against her, Miss Florence Sutton took a brace, and the next was hers, making the score 5-3. Miss May Sutton captured the next and final game, winning thereby the set and match by 7-5 and 6-3. This match was the best of the tournament so far.

This afternoon will see the finals of the all-comers tourney, when Miss May Sutton will be pitted against her sister, Ethel. The winner of this match plays Miss Hall Saturday afternoon at 1 o'clock, for the women's single championship of the Pacific States.

FUTURITY RACE.

TO BE RUN TOMORROW.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—America's richest horse race, the Futurity, is to be run tomorrow at Sheepshead Bay. It will be worth $40,000 at least, and probably more, the value depending on the number of starters. W. C. Whitney won it last year with Ballyhoo Bey, and it is conceded that he has a good chance to capture it again this year.

Many of the Futurity candidates were sent for the final trials over the Coney Island Jockey Club's course yesterday morning. J. E. Madden's Fly Wheel furnished a surprise even to the best informed by running three-quarters of a mile in 1:13¾ and finishing strong. Numeral, Perry Belmont's candidate, was reported to have gone the same distance in 1:12 on Wednesday. W. C. Whitney's candidates attracted the lion's share of attention. Nasturtium was not hurried, covering the distance in 1:17 1-5. King Hanover and Goldsmith, Mr. Whitney's other entries, remained in the stable.

Despite Fly Wheel's fast work, horsemen like Nasturtium's chances best, and he will probably go to the post a favorite. The race is regarded as an open affair, and the victory of any one of those horses would not be a great surprise.

Kinloch Park Results.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 30.—Six and one-half furlongs, selling: Star Cotton won, Dr. Tarr second, Bushnell third; time 1:24½.

Five furlongs, purse: Arigato won, Duela second, Ermack third; time 1:03.

Six furlongs, purse: Miss Conrad won, Dan Paxton second, Olekma third; time 1:13½.

Mile and a sixteenth, selling: Money won, Sarinella second, Reginald Hughes third; time 1:50.

Six and a half furlongs: Nettie Regent won, Aaron second, Merida third; time 1:22½.

Delmar Park Summary.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 30.—Six and a half furlongs: Diaz won, Capitola second, Harry K. third; time 1:22½.

Five furlongs, purse: Colonial Girl won, Wy Ap Per second, Clarence third; time 1:02⅝.

One mile, selling: Marguerite Hageman won, Neckaris second, Emily Oliver third; time 1:42¾.

Seven furlongs, selling: Revoke won, Tickful second, Ladas third; time 1:28⅝.

One mile, selling: Klisme won, John Morton second, Elsie Barnes third; time 1:42½.

Six and one-half furlongs, selling: Ed L. won, Kiss Quick second, Uterp third; time 1:22½.

Races at Butte.

BUTTE (Mont.) Aug. 30.—Six furlongs: Maggie K. won, Prince Farewell second, Primer third; time 1:17½.

Five furlongs: Imp. Okuste won, Cousin Sue second, Clear Sky third; time 1:02.

Four and a half furlongs: Miss Modelite won, Katie Gibbs second, Bill Bohmanson third; time 0:55⅝.

Five and a half furlongs: Miss Remsen won, Mountain Queen second, Ned Dennis third; time 1:08. Lucy White finished second, but was disqualified for fouling.

Five and a half furlongs: Ellis Glenn won, Hattie Perkins second, Searchlight third; time 1:09.

Four and one-half furlongs: Flamero won, Patsy Dolan second, Undergrowth third; time 0:55¾.

Mile and a quarter, five hurdles: Sam Green won, Rainier second, Auriffera third; time 2:20.

Hawthorne Winners.

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—Five and a half furlongs: Hermis won, Huzzah second, Tom Foster third; time 1:09.

Six furlongs: Maggie Davis won, Rosa Dieth second, Emma R. third; time 1:15¼.

One mile: St. Marcos won, Flying Torpedo second, Kunja third; time 1:41⅝.

Mile and seventy yards: Arggregor won, Bernota second, Bona Boy third; time 1:45⅝.

Five furlongs: Mabel Wynn won, Legal Maxim second, Emmett Or third; time 1:02½.

Mile and a sixteenth: Laureate won, El Fonse second, Elmer L. third; time 1:49.

Fire at St. Louis Grounds.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 30.—Fire that broke out in the fair grounds race track today consumed about a dozen stables, valued at $5500, and burned to death a number of valuable race horses. The police are inclined to believe that sparks were the cause of the blaze. Great excitement prevailed during the fire. Horses were turned loose and ran away in every direction. It is impossible tonight to learn all the names of the animals consumed, but it is known that Tom Cromwell, Miss Faustus and Silent Brook met their death.

Trotters's Bad Break.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Vesta G., one of the fastest of the New York Speedway trotters, with a record of 2:09¼, was killed last night, as the result of a collision with a street car. The mare ran away with her owner, Dr. David Randell, and dashed into the rear of the car. Her neck was broken, and a policeman's revolver finished the unfortunate animal.

HEIRS AGREE TO SETTLE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The full and half-blood heirs of the late George Francis Gilman have agreed upon a plan of settlement which, according to the Journal and Advertiser, includes a $50,000 share to Helen Potts. To the agreement among the heirs there is one exception, however. The exception is Edward S. Percival, a nephew of the dead tea merchant.

THE FUEL PROBLEM.

Washington Experts are Studying It.

California and Texas Oil a Factor.

Coal Men Apprehensive—Oil to Be the Chief Fuel of the Southwest.

BY E. S. LITTLE.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Experts of the United States Geological Survey are greatly interested in the development of the California and Beaumont oil fields, and are studying its relation to the future production of fuel coal. It is pretty well settled, for the present at least, that there will be no extensive refining of either California or Texas oil, but the fight between oil and coal as fuel for the Far West has already commenced, and the experts in Washington are observing the contest in its economic bearing. There seems to be no doubt here that coal consumption in the Southwest and West is seriously menaced, and that some of the coal mines of the West may be seriously affected later on. This will depend somewhat, however, on the extent of the Beaumont and California fields, which is still a matter of some mystery. The Beaumont producers have not commenced to market their product in anything like normal quantities yet, but their preparations are on a scale large enough to leave no doubt that as soon as they can construct pipe lines, oil tanks, tank cars and barges, they will enter into deadly competition with coal for steam purposes. If the action of the Texas Railroad Commission with regard to the rates on oil and coal shall stand, Texas and Indian Territory coal will have a hard road to travel, and the same may be said of Arkansas coal. From reports on file in the Geological Survey, Alabama coal seems to be threatened also. Secretary England of the Mobile Chamber of Commerce, has this to say upon the subject:

"The adaptability of California and Beaumont oil as a fuel has been tested in many ways by some of the larger industries and railroads, with satisfactory results. Already has the oil become a potent factor, and since these tests a reduction of freight rates from $1.75 to $1.10 per ton has been made by the rail lines on coal from the mines to Mobile, and coal contracts cannot be made at even this reduction in rates."

Mr. England goes on to say that as between a ton of coal and three barrels of oil, which produce the same amount of steam, there is $1 difference in favor of oil; that contracts for changing from coal to oil are being let by all of the electric-light companies, the large industries, and the steamers running from Mobile to Fruit Island and other places.

The interesting and doubtful element in the situation is the amount of oil that the new California and Beaumont oil fields can produce, and how long the supply will hold out. It is estimated by local operators that the Beaumont wells, now working, have a capacity of 700,000 barrels a day. There are no figures here regarding the total output of the California fields, but counting only the Beaumont fields, they are good for 255,000,000 barrels a year, at the present rate of production. If the present apparent production of the Beaumont fields should be sustained, however, while the production in the average would make a marvelous showing, it would only equal 85,000,000 tons of soft coal per year.

Experts here believe that the Beaumont field, in full development, will create a great export trade with South America, and that the same is true of the California fields. This will stimulate industry in both South America and the United States. If oil should become the steam fuel for the southern and southwestern railroads, as it seems likely to do, as well as for the steamships which touch southern ports, much of the product would be absorbed in this way. Of course it is not assumed by the government experts that the coal mines in the West and South are to be destroyed by the advent of oil as fuel, but they assert that the full development of the California and Texas fields will likely curtail coal production in this area, and largely reduce the profits of coal mining. As for the soft coal fields of Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia, it is not believed they will be seriously affected by the oil, either in the tonnage production or in the price. As a rule, the coal fields of these States are too near their market to be affected by oil produced so far away. It is realized that Texas and California oil is going to have a great fight with coal men, and the transportation companies, prior to annihilation of the coal industry in the West and Southwest, and it is quite likely that some agreement will be reached that will give the coal men some chance, at least, but the certainty of California and Texas oil becoming the chief fuel of the Southwest is regarded by the experts who are studying the subject as a certainty.

ONE OF THE ADJUNCTS.

Miss Watson: What made yo' so late comin' to de cakewalk las' night, Mistah Johnsing?

Mistah Johnsing: I couldn't find mah sasah.

Saturday Evening **Specials** From 3 to 10 O'clock

Make your purchases this evening before closing time, as Monday will be Labor Day and we will be closed.

Men's Hosiery
A superior quality half hose in black or brown, color fast and stainless, worth reg. 12½c, this evening, from 3 to 10, only
6c.

Night Gowns
Men's muslin night robes, well made and full cut, all sizes, worth reg. 35c, this evening, from 3 to 10, only
19c

Neckwear
Men's fine silk neckwear, all styles to tie or bows, worth regular 50c, this evening, from 3 to 10, only
19c

Women's $2.00 Oxfords for $1.00
A handsome, kid lined, hand turned vici oxford in black or tan, fancy vesting tops, patent leather tips and trimming, light or heavy sole. A good $2.00 tie. This evening from 3 to 10 o'clock only $1.00.

Men's $3.50 Shoes for $2.25
Men's lace shoes in velour calf, box calf, or tan and black vici, all the latest styles, single or double soles. A handsome $3.50 shoe. This evening from 3 to 10 o'clock only $2.25.

Handkerchiefs
Men's fine white linen [illegible] stitched handkerchiefs, [illegible] est half inch hem, [illegible] reg. 20c, this evening, from 3 to 10, only
9c

Women's Hosiery
Women's triple dye[illegible] hose, reinforced, [illegible] ed heels, double [illegible] toes, worth reg. [illegible] ening, from 3 to 10
14c

Handkerchiefs
Women's fancy [illegible] hemstitched and [illegible] dered, worth reg. [illegible] 3 to 10, only
10c

Jacoby Bros.
331-333-335 South Broadway.

THE PARASITES OF TOBACCO PLANTS.

THE WEED SUBJECTED TO VARIOUS CLASSES OF INSECTS.

After the Staple Has Been Gathered into Factories, Precaution Must Be Taken to Escape the Ravages of the Cigarette Beetle.

[Washington Times:] "The tobacco plant, although indigenous to America," says L. O. Howard, the entomologist of the Agricultural Department, "does not suffer so greatly from the attacks of insects in the United States as do others of our crop plants. It has no insect enemies peculiar to itself, but every season a certain amount of damage is done by insects, and in some years favorable to insect increase this damage may mean a serious loss to the planter.

"The most comprehensive work upon tobacco insects, which has been published is in the Italian language, and includes a consideration of all species which affect this crop, both in the field and in the factory. But this work treats largely of European insects, being a special report of the Entomological Agricultural Experiment Station at Florence. In this country there have been occasional accounts of specific insects in the different agricultural reports, and in the bulletins of the State experiment stations. Prof. H. Garman of the Kentucky Experiment Station, in particular, has given the subject much attention, and has done admirable work in the important direction of proving the possibility of the practical use of arsenical mixtures on the tobacco plant.

"From the time when the seed is sown in the seed bed, to the time when the tobacco field is plowed under to some late fall crop, the tobacco plant is subject to the attacks of several species of insects. Throughout the tobacco-growing regions of the United States there is probably no one insect which does more damage to the marketed product than the tobacco flea beetle, or 'flea bug,' as it is commonly known to growers. The large horn worm, or 'hornblowers,' also insects of wide distribution, tobacco growers must always fight. The bud worm, which may be either the larva of Heliothis rhexia, or of the cotton boll worm, or tomato-fruit worm, or cornear worm, as it is called according as it affects different plants, attacks and bores into the central leaf roll or 'bud' early in the summer, or later in the season into the seed pods or into the terminal flower stalks, and even feeds to a certain extent upon the leaves. Several species of cutworms are liable to occasion replanting in soil which has not been properly treated, and one or two of them rag the leaves late in the season. Certain wireworms also are liable to affect the young plant shortly after it is set out. Two or more species of plant bugs occasionally damage the leaves by inserting their beaks and sucking the juices, causing a drying and shriveling of the leaves in much the same way as the harlequin cabbage bug injures the leaves of cabbage. One of these plant bugs, a small species, insignificant in appearance, has recently proved to be a serious enemy to tobacco culture in Florida. Another insect, and one which may prove a very important factor in tobacco culture is the so-called tobacco leaf-miner, or 'split-worm,' an insect which, although first found in North Carolina only three years ago, has since made its appearance in Florida, South Carolina and Southern Virginia. These comprise the principal species damaging growing tobacco at the present time. There is always a chance, however, that new insect enemies may make their appearance just as two of those above mentioned have done in very recent times, and it is safe to say that many of the species which affect solanaceous plants, and especially the tomato, are liable to transfer their attentions to the tobacco crop under favorable conditions.

"After the tobacco has reached the factory, an insect enemy of importance, and which is always to be feared, is the cigarette beetle, a species which riddles the tobacco leaf, which bores into or out of manufactured cigarettes or cigars, and which, when once introduced into a not over-cleanly factory, is very difficult to eradicate. Two or three other little beetles have been found in dried tobacco, namely, the drug-store beetle, and the rice weevil, but they are not as important as the cigarette beetle.

"Upon looking over the whole ground it seems that the tobacco crop is not a difficult one to protect against insects. It has not so many insect enemies as many other important crops, and the method of cropping is itself unfavorable to the increase of insects and favorable to their ready treatment. This is especially true of all portions of the country north of Florida. In the seed beds there is in general no great danger of insect damage, but if insects should obtain a foothold most of them can be readily and safely treated by means of the arsenical spray.

"After the plowing of a field into which plants are to be set, attention should be paid to ridding the soil of cutworms. This can be done safely and easily by means of the poison-trap crop of the bran-arsenic mash. Where either of these remedies is used it is really a matter of indifference from the insect standpoint whether the land has been left fallow, or whether clover or small grain has been grown. The planter can really follow just which course he thinks is best for his land without reference to cutworms whereas without this treatment, fallow land or land planted to clover is apt to be full of worms, and the tobacco crop will have to be in part replanted.

"At this time, or preferably earlier, it is important that the solanaceous weeds in the immediate vicinity of the field, and particularly the nightshade, the horse nettle or bull nettle, and the jimson weed, should be cut down with the exception of a few marked clumps. These clumps will act as traps for nearly all of the tobacco insects. Practically all of the tobacco insects in the vicinity will be attracted to them and can be readily and economically treated with heavy doses of paris green for the leaf-feeding species and with a spray of kerosene and water for the suckling bugs. Large numbers of these insects can be easily killed in this way, greatly to the protection of the young tobacco plants when they are set out.

"During the growing season of the plants in the field there can be no doubt of the availability and usefulness of the arsenical spray. When used with reasonable care there can be no possible danger, as has been shown by careful experimental work and by chemical analysis of sprayed plants. Poison distributers, both for dry and liquid poison, are on the market, and the process is not an expensive one. It is used already by many practical growers, and it seems that the man who does not adopt it in time of necessity is behind the times.

"After the crop has been cut the stubs of the plants and many leaves will be left. Moreover, in a warm autumn there will be considerable suckering. All of the tobacco insects left in the field which can by any possibility reach this sparse remaining tobacco vegetation will do so. Most of the horn worms, it is true, have gone into the ground and transformed into pupae; but cutworms, budworms, leaf-feeding caterpillars, the last generation of split worms, all of the sucking bugs and the flea beetels, during the warm, sunny autumn days which precede the first killing frost will rely upon these remaining leaves and suckers for food. This is apt to be just the time when the tobacco planter pays no attention to the insect question, since his crop is gathered, but it is nevertheless just the time when he has his tobacco insect more or less concentrated, and upon worthless vegetation, which he can treat with heavy doses of arsenical poisons or even with pure hero-sene without fear of loss. There can be no doubt that a little insecticide work at this time of the year will so greatly reduce the number of the insect enemies of the crop that the benefits will be felt in a marked degree the following season. The expense of such treatment would be very slight. A single individual in a day could cover a very large field."

TRAVELING CRANE.

Brooklyn's New Wonder Which is to Swing into Place the Girders of the Great Bridge Approaches.

[New York Mail and Express:] Brooklyn has a wonder in the new traveling crane which is to swing into place the huge girders of the bridge approaches.

The foreman in charge of the work said the crane was in all probability the largest in the world.

"By means of it one man can lift thirty tons and put it in place as easily as though it were a few pounds," said he. "If the material arrives on time we expect to have the iron work for the entire Brooklyn approach finished within two months."

The crane covers the full width of the approach. It runs on rails placed on the outer edge of the [illegible] From below it looks like a platform covering nearly [illegible]

The natural decline of [illegible] furnished the motive [illegible] is desired to move it [illegible] taken away from the [illegible] force of gravity slides it [illegible] desired points. From [illegible] of the platform are [illegible] of each is fifty feet. [illegible] two ways, vertically [illegible] circle. They are operated from which run around [illegible] drums at the rear of [illegible] where the engine is [illegible] cables from which [illegible] pended run through [illegible] form the direct lift of [illegible] ers. Huge and cumbersome cranes are they respectively, [illegible] ator's lever quickly and [illegible] piano keys to the touch [illegible] tip. One of the cranes is [illegible] pleted and the [illegible] ter an illustration of its [illegible] above the ground [illegible] arm, stiff and heavy [illegible] looked as though it [illegible] short of dynamite.

The foreman [illegible] man far overhead [illegible] silently and quickly. First [illegible] steel began to move, [illegible] on a pivotal [illegible] more swiftly and [illegible] the boom of a [illegible] and swung [illegible] When another lever was [illegible] cable came running down [illegible] of the arm with apparently [illegible] to induce it to act.

An old blacksmith explained [illegible] was by means of similar [illegible] the company was recently [illegible] build a bridge across a river [illegible] in less time than their [illegible] lish rivals would have taken [illegible] goods on the wrong [illegible]

"My friend, have you [illegible] thought to the future state [illegible] of the clerical garb?"

"Not much," replied the [illegible] the impressionistic mess. [illegible] can do to keep coal here." [illegible] phia Record.

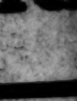
We Are Showing Advance Styles in Fall Suits

B. GORD[illegible]
TAILOR
104 S. Spring

A[illegible] OUT-OF-TIME [illegible] worth anybody's [illegible] can make any [illegible] so keep accurate [illegible]

Jeweler and Silversmith. J. A[illegible]

Dr. McLaughlin's [illegible]



Angeles. Hours—9 to 5; Sun[illegible]

LAZARRE

A NEW STUDY OF DRUNKARDS.

They are Being Analyzed by a Series of Automatic Scientists Which Cannot Be Hoodwinked.

BY JOHN ELFRETH WATKINS, JR.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON (D. C.) Aug. 12.—At last some mighty good use has been found for the drunkard. He is just now in great demand as a laboratory subject. Science is becoming rapidly more economical and is allowing nothing, good or bad, to go to waste. Sometimes she shocks the humanitarian element by her propositions to vivisect condemned criminals and helpless lunatics. But even the super-chickenhearted will refrain from demonstrance against the newly-devised laboratory tests through which the inebriate is being put.

The new science of man-study is one in which man's own observation is little trusted. Diagnoses are machine made. The new man-study laboratories fast being established all over the world are equipped with scores of automatic, mechanical scientists who do the work with an accuracy which defies human competition. They feel the pulse, count the breathing, keep tally of the minutest trembling, gauge the acuteness of the senses, and even time the brain's action. They write their own records in a hieroglyphical language of curves and angles, all their own. The tippler returning in the wee small hours of the early morn, to face his better three-quarters may chance to conceal his true condition from her. But the automatic scientists of the modern man-study laboratories are all-perceiving and cannot be fooled.

THOUGHT SPEED OF DRUNKARDS

The timing of the alcoholic brain and comparing its speed with that of normal thinking organs is an experiment now engaging the attention of laboratory experimenters throughout the world. The writer is indebted to Dr. T. D. Crothers, the well-known specialist in inebriety, for some very recent reports on this work.

You can try a very simple brain-timing test upon your friends by forming them into an endless chain, of which you are a link, all taking hold of hands. Place a watch before you and when the second hand reaches the 60 mark, press the hand of your neighbor to the right, he being instructed to communicate the message immediately to his neighbor, and so on around. Note by the watch when the signal comes back to your left hand. The number of seconds divided by the number of persons gives the time required by the brain of the average person in the ring to receive a signal and obey it. Were you to make this experiment upon a number of people who had not tasted alcohol for a week and then repeat it after they had each imbibed, even a small amount, you would note some interesting results. But perhaps it would not be best to make this test an excuse for holding a social tipple.

Brain timers, comprising stop-clocks which measure time in thousandths of a second, falling discs which give the brain a signal, and electric attachments which note the instant it is carried out, have been devised for making this test upon a solitary individual. The clock is set in motion by the signal and stopped by the electric key in the hand of the subject. These instruments have recently been applied to many men, first when the latter have been perfectly sober, later while they have been under the influences of our old acquaintance, "O. B. Joyful."

That speed of thought is slowed by even minute doses of alcohol, is shown by the tabulated results of all repetitions of this experiment thus far recorded. One interesting fact developed in the tests is that the average subject believes his brain has been working much more quickly under the influence of the alcohol, whereas the stop-clock emphatically declares that the speed of brain action has been retarded.

To test the influence of alcohol upon the brain's power of perception laboratory subjects are required to read through a small slit in a screen a continuous series of meaningless syllables and indiscriminately selected short words upon a revolving drum behind the slit. So far, the experiment indicates that even one ounce of alcohol will greatly reduce the powers of perception

ALCOHOL TESTS WITH STUDENTS.

Pupils studied while under the influence of alcohol recently revealed some further interesting information concerning the effect of strong drink upon mind action. These tests were made by Prof. Krapelin of the University of Heidelberg. Two and a half glasses of port wine were considered as a medium dose, the students being men. It was found that alcohol increases the speed of reading and accelerates learning by heart, but paralyzes the mind's power of associating ideas with words, of making mathematical calculations and of appreciating time.

The largest drink of alcohol which can be taken without appreciable effect upon the average man is discovered, through these tests, to be 7½ grams, the amount contained in half a wine glass of port, or one-fifth of a pint of ale.

The effect of alcohol upon muscular strength is being tested in various laboratories by aid of an ingenious apparatus designed to tire a muscle and write upon paper the speed with which fatigue conquers its endurance. The subject takes his seat at one end of a table and extends his arm through a series of chamois-padded vices or clamps, tightly screwed together. To his middle-finger is attached a thimble of leather from which extends a cord attached to a little car rolling upon a brass track. The opposite end of the car holds another cord passing over a pulley at the far end of the track and suspending a weight over the end of the table farthest from the subject. Attached to the car is a long pointer which moves back and forth, at the same time scraping white lines on a revolving cylinder coated with smoked paper. The length and rapidity of the car's movement when it is pulled by the finger are recorded in a worm-fence scrawl upon the smoked paper. When the angles of these jagged markings become wider the speed of the finger-movement is shown to be lessened. When the individual lines are seen to grow shorter the power of the finger to draw up the weight is known to be diminishing.

ALCOHOLICS TIRE SOONER.

First while sober and later while under the influence of alcohol, subjects are subjected to this test. It is being discovered that after a man has drunk from one-sixth and two-thirds of an ounce, there is favorable effect for about fifteen minutes. After this a paralyzing effect sets in and the ability of the finger to lift the weight declines much more rapidly than when influenced by mere fatigue. Repetitions of the experiment while the subject is not thus stimulated show that the total work obtained under the influence of the stimulant is less than that accomplished without it.

That the hand-grip is influenced in the same manner by alcohol is being proven by aid of a little instrument closely related to the lift testers exhibited by fakirs at our county fairs and amusement resorts. The palm squeezes together two bars in the handle of the device, and whatever pressure is exerted is measured by a clock hand revolving upon a round dial graduated in ounces or kilograms. The whole device is now made of aluminum, and to offset any loss of energy due to maintaining the equilibrium of the muscles, the arm is outstretched upon a table. Alcohol causes the strength of grip to increase just after the drink has been swallowed, but this is followed by a rapid decline. The total of the strength shown in an hour is appreciably less in the stimulated than in the unstimulated subject.

The labored breathing of drunkards is measured by the same pointer and revolving cylinder used in the finger experiments. An elastic belt around the chest of the subject contracts and expands with the breathing, and this motion is written down by the pointer in that peculiar alphabet which it employs in recording all of its critical analyses of our unconscious actions. These tests are proving that alcohol causes greater volume of air to pass through the lungs. Generally it produces deeper breathing, but sometimes shallower respirations more than compensated for by a quickened rate. Especially those wines which impart an agreeable, non-spiritous perfume are noted to give this effect upon subjects sleeping under its influences. Other experiments indicate that blood containing alcohol does not readily part with the oxygen which it obtains from air and food. It thus appears to the experimenters as though nature provides the drunkard with increased breathing as a compensation for the loss of necessary oxygen given off to the body in the circulation. Other tests upon tired and rested persons indicate that fatigue, like alcohol, increases breathing.

EFFECT ON HEARTBEATS.

A delicate little instrument devised to feel the pulse-beats and chart out their speed, strength and other phases in waved diagrams is being applied to subjects while sober and otherwise. The observations of this industrious little observer are just now puzzling the investigators. The stimulating effect of alcohol upon the heart is popularly supposed to require no proof. But a recent test of the instrument attached to eight young men showed that one-fifth to one-tenth of a pint of pure alcohol, diluted in four times as much water, had practically no effect upon the pulse.

"In this great physio-psychological movement," said Dr. Crothers, commenting on the experiments, "medical men must study the facts and point out the conclusions above all bias or prejudice. They alone should be independent and uninfluenced by subsidised teachers, self-appointed committees or personal interests which would dissemble and conceal the real facts. Alcohol in its nature and effects is purely a scientific topic and cannot be decided from any other basis."

DO FISH POSSESS THE FIVE SENSES?

GERMAN NATURALIST THINKS THAT THEY DO NOT.

Other Scientists Dissent from This View—Cornish Naturalist Says Fish Have Two More Senses Than Human Beings—Memory of Fishes.

[New York Sun:] The opinion expressed by the German naturalist, Dr. Edinger, that fishes have no memory and few of the senses possessed by creatures of a higher organism, and none of these in an acute degree, opens an interesting subject, as to which there are many curious theories, both professional and from the standpoint of the layman. For instance, Matthias Dunn, the Cornish naturalist, after life-long study of fishes, declares that they possess not only the five senses belonging to man, but two additional ones, without which even man, although he were equipped otherwise for life in the deep sea, could not undertake those mysterious migrations which many kinds of fishes annually accomplish as a necessary part of their life plan, and which they would still accomplish if they were indeed bereft of sight, hearing, feeling, smell or touch.

"Fish have the homing instinct as well as man," says Dr. Dunn, "and have their summer and winter homes, often far apart. If man had no better mental activities or senses than he now has the worry consequent on following these weak sensations would be a thousand times more perplexing in the sea than on land," and the intricacies and difficulties and obstacles of the sea depths would make "the neighborhood of the home at times a most embarrassing place to find." But the migrating fish goes to it as unswervingly as the needle pointing to the pole; and it is virtually a needle pointing to the pole that forms the one sense which Dr. Dunn declares enables the fish to locate its destination and proceed onward to it with steadiness and persistency. This sense Dr. Dunn calls the magnetic dermal sense, as distinguished from its other alleged additional sense, the electric derma.

ADDITIONAL SENSES.

It is on this hypothesis of electrical affinity in the lateral line that Dr. Dunn bases his theory of the two additional senses in fishes. The brain of a fish, he says, is a magnet polarized by the influences of the peculiar structure of the lateral line and acts in response to the magnetism put forward by the rocks or sands at or about the destined point of the fish's migration. Thus the magnetic dermal sense, the creature of natural laws and not instinct, guides the fish on its journey as the needle guides the mariner on his course above the fish, with this added security and infallibility of guidance that the fish could not disregard its compass if it would. But fewer of the fishes would arrive at their destination, according to Dr. Dunn, if it were not for that companion sense, the electric dermal, which invariably warns them of destructive elemental disturbances.

Many years ago the writer had as an annual guide, philosopher and friend on excursions for bluefish, sheepshead, striped bass and others of the splendid salt water game fishes that then made the New Jersey coast, and the coasts farther south, a fisherman's paradise, indeed, an old negro, ignorant of books, and unsophisticated among men, but uncommonly wise in the ways of nature. Sometimes bluefish, or perhaps other fish, would of a sudden begin biting with a fierceness and voracity that was literally startling to see. Invariably the old colored guide would shake his grizzled head, cast his eye around the sky, and, although not a cloud or sign of a cloud was to be seen anywhere, he would say:

"They biting against the weather, Captain. Storm a coming, sure as them fish is biting.'"

The writer was unwise enough to disregard this warning the first time old Josh gave it, and it was more by good luck than good management that he escaped the gale that arose. Ever after that he acted promptly on the word and headed for shelter. Josh, of course, could not say why it was that the fish knew a storm was coming, but his theory was that, knowing it, they began feeding immediately with increased activity, to get as much as they could before the storm began to lash the sea and dash it wildly upon the shore, because then they would go into deep and safe water while the storm lasted where they could get none of their food, and where their stay would be of uncertain duration.

Dr. Edinger in his paper on the memory and feeble senses of fishes refers to the naturalist Stahr as authority for the statement that the sense of hearing in fishes is the sensation imparted by the influence of the lateral line. This lateral line is one of the most interesting parts of piscatorial anatomy, though not one non-scientific person in ten knows what it is. It is well-described by Dr. Dunn as "consisting in some instances of two tubes close together and in others of two far apart; and in more than one of the Clupea (herring) family there are several such lines along the sides of the fish. In their construction they are divided into cells, consisting of jelly or mucus, having patches of sensitive hairs in them here and there. In most fishes these lines are seen running from the brain down the sides and meeting at the tail." Dr. Dunn says further that the cells are of the same character as those in the electric or stinging ray, and declares that "they are electrical implements, pure and simple, inclosing the whole body of the fish."

Old Josh knew nothing about the lateral line, and the electric dermal sense was yet to be suggested as a psychical possibility. But that was what it must have been, according to this latter-day revelation of the Cornish naturalist. Dr. Dunn declares that this sense enables fishes to detect the coming of storms and to seek safety by retiring to the deep waters far from shore.

He mentions particularly the fact of their feeding greedily before the coming of a storm, and, odd coincidence, tells how old fishermen of the Cornish coast have the saying at such times that the fish are "biting against the weather," and prepare to seek safe harbor themselves.

"When the storms and their earth currents reach along the deep, far ahead of their course," says Dr. Dunn, "the fishes in the track, with their electric cells, catch the inspiration, and instantly know whether it is a gale or a storm or a tempest which is coming, and they act accordingly. The cells of the lateral line are electrical instruments, pure and simple, whereby the electrical knowledge is thrown into the brain." Here, then, is a Nature's own wireless telegraphy, a natural electrical affinity more wonderful than any science has created.

Dr. Dunn's observations are confined to the fishes of the Cornwall coast and the contiguous British islands, and seem to have been made as much in the interest of the fisheries and fishermen of that region as for the benefit of science, but it is not unreasonable that his conclusions should have analogous application, and thus, for instance, that fish in other waters should as well have the sense of hearing as fish in those particular waters. Dr. Edinger doubts this sense in fishes, and, with Stahr, ascribes its apparent presence to the influence of the lateral line apparatus.

SENSE OF HEARING.

Dr. Dunn says that the hearing of fishes is acute, and cites a remarkable instance in proof of it—the firing of the 9 o'clock citadel gun at Plymouth, "when the excitement in the sea is intense, for all the surface-feeding fishes along the coast for miles will instantly rush out of or along the water, making a din to be remembered." It is the custom of the fishermen off Cornwall, when the fish load the nets, and gather in a mass in the bag of a net, making its lifting impossible, to stamp noisily on the hatches. The clatter so frightens the fish that they instantly scatter to all parts of the net, and it can be raised—evidence that the disturbance was heard by them and that it frightened them to flight.

A conger eel, which was the subject of one of Dr. Edinger's experiments, ate raw meat that was smeared with iodoform, camphor and extract of anchovies without hesitation. He cites it as evidence to show that the fish had no sense of smell, or it would have rejected so malodorous a morsel, inasmuch as it refused to touch a piece of cooked meat that had been treated with acid. Among old-time eel or catfish fishermen, anywhere in this country, acceptance by the conger of the iodoformed meat would have been convincing evidence that it had its sense of smell well developed and intact, instead of proof going to show the absence of it, for who among them ever doubted the efficacy of a bob or other bait well smeared with asafetida to draw those fish to their hooks—and wherein is iodoform, or camphor, or even extract of anchovies, superior to asafetida as a thing to be turned away from and left to itself. Yet the bait that exuded it—or the one that possessed equally offensive properties, as the dunghill worm or the chunk of carrion—always drew ten eels or catfish to it to one that stopped at the fresh meat or untreated angle worm bait.

And the fact that the conger eel refused the fresh meat treated with acid should not have been held up as evidence that he could not smell. It rather showed a nice discrimination in that sense—a drawing of the line at preserved beef. "Mackerel," Dr. Dunn says "are attracted by the sense of smell to the olive seaweed, and the oily odor thrown off by the fatty larval fishes."

A friend of the writer owned a trout pond which was fed by a small stream. One day he discovered the trout in the pond all huddled together at its lower end, their heads turned downstream. This was so unusual that the owner of the pond would have been at a loss to account for it if at the same time his nose had not detected the offensive odor of carrion. Investigating, he found the body of a dog that had been thrown into the creek and had floated down and lodged against the wire screen at the head of the pond. The offensive object was removed, and in a short time the trout began to move about, and were soon again swimming to all parts of the pond as usual. This might be taken as pretty fair evidence that trout, at least, among fishes have the sense of smell; and if trout, why not others?

SENSE OF TASTE.

Dr. Edinger also doubts the sense of taste in fishes. Dr. Dunn declares that this sense is well defined, as is shown by the fact of their choosing some foods and rejecting others. Few fishes except the eels and catfish, will accept tainted food and many kinds will take fresh dead food in their mouths, but gingerly at first, and will eject it sometimes twice or thrice, the action of their mouths after each ejectment seeming to indicate that they are testing the taste of it before deciding whether it will be agreeable to them.

Live food, however, is never taken with this hesitancy, but is seized with a rush and a swoop, for the fish knows it is fresh and will taste good. Dr. Dunn's observations warrant him in declaring that fishes have not only the sense of taste well defined, but that the facts frequently point to an educated appetite. In the North Seas, for instance, the herring is most plentiful, and through its constant use its flavor has impressed itself on the taste of fishes living there, and it is used as bait beyond all others by the fishermen, in Cornish or Devon waters, for the same class of fish, nothing equals pilchard for bait, herring being only second or third class with them all.

A remarkable circumstance connected with what Dr. Dunn calls a peculiar education of taste in the pilchard itself (the pilchard is a herring-like fish, but more robust than a herring,) associates the sense of taste with something that approaches very closely to reason. The pilchard abounds in immense schools, and its summer food is crustaceous life, which covers the surface of the water for miles along the coast.

"When this food is fairly abundant the pilchard forms in large schools, or shoals, in the daytime, and swims slowly through the body of crustaceous life to its extreme limit near the shore. On the journey the greatest order prevails, even when the little crustaceans are jostling the fishes' faces and sides, the restraint on their appetites being so perfect. Only outside fishes in the shoal will take any food, and those, after a decent grip, will fall back into the center and allow others from the inside to take their places and taste.

"When the fish have reached the limit of the food they turn, and all semblance of order is lost or forgotten, and excitement of the wildest description follows, like men in a sinking ship, every fish for itself, such is the mad rush to devour. Old fishermen describe it as like the cliffs falling down, when millions of pilchards thus dash forward and throw themselves headlong out of water in the wild feeding orgie. Thus feeding from the land, they show their design, for they avoid rushing upon beaches and shallows of coasts, which, in their madness, would be sure to happen if they fed in from the sea, and thousands would meet their death. They feed all night, and next day form again into shoals and again exercise their great will power by quietly passing through those tempting delights to be ready for the evening's exercises."

Mackerel, Dr. Dunn says, show the greatest variety of taste in feeding. In the very early spring they will neglect every other kind of food for the spores of the olive seaweed. From May on through the summer they revel in the young herring and sprats. In the autumn and winter they feed on the larval forms of crabs and floating minute crustacean life. These give them their fine condition for the table. The olive seaweed spores soften their skin and give it that well-known velvety feeling to the touch.

SENSE OF VISION.

Dr. Edinger is in doubt about the quality of vision in fishes. On this point Dr. Dunn is particularly interesting. He says the sight of fishes is not strong enough in adult fishes to discover food, foes, friends or anything else at any great distance. Their eyes are not telescopic, like those of the higher order of vertebrata, but microscopic, and only useful for the immediate wants and pleasures of life. The eyes of some fishes—flounders, gray mullet, pollock and similar varieties—are microscopic to such a degree that to discover the minute animalculae and crustacae they were feeding on Dr. Dunn was obliged to use the full power of a half-inch glass.

The focus of fish vision extends with age. In mackerel, salmon and other surface-feeding fishes, vision is better than in others. "Some are so keen-sighted," says Dr. Dunn, "as to discover the reflected sheen on a new gut, and refuse to take the bait as a consequence, or to show pleasure in taking a gaudy fly when the appetite is delicate. In congers, which have their homes in dark fissures, in the shelter of old wrecks or in burrowed holes in the sandy plain of the sea bottom, the cuticle or skin of the body covers the eyes, also. This keeps out the mud or sand, but the fish is practically blind. The matella has splendid sight in youth, living on the surface of the sea, but it is almost gone when adult life comes in, although this fish lives near the shore, and builds its nests in fissures in the rocks near low water. In old age it hides from the light, feeds only at night, and develops a beard or tentacles around its head, which act the part of eyes."

GENERAL SENSIBILITY.

Fish are of low nervous sensibility generally, but have centers of extreme nervous activity. The jaws, mouth and throat of most fishes, Dr. Dunn asserts, are not particularly susceptible to pain, and such fishes once hooked and freed will come and take the bait again. This is not the case, however, with those of prehensile lip, or with papillae or barbels or tentacles around their heads or snouts. Thus the conger eel, which depends upon its sensitive lips and its sense of smell for all knowledge of food presence, may take a fisherman's hook into his stomach, tear loose, and, making no ado about it whatever, will return to the bait again; but should it be hooked in the lips and wrench and tear loose, "the fisherfan's night work will be over, for the pricked conger will be so mad with pain that it will drive away all other fish from the neighborhood."

The lips and curious feeling appendages of that class of fishes are their nerve centers. On the other hand, as an evidence of the absence of all nervous sensibility in portions of the anatomy of fishes where it would naturally be supposed to be present if anywhere, Dr. Dunn mentions the instance of a blue shark that some Cornish fishermen captured. They ripped open the belly, removed the liver for its oil and threw the fish back into the sea. The fishermen resumed their fishing and the first fish to come to a hook was that self-same shark! Dr. Dunn also mentions the catching of a rockling which had previously, and necessarily but a very short time previously, been hooked by some other fisherman, and which had become freed from his hook, but not until its stomach and entrails had been drawn entirely out and through the gill coverings, where they were being towed along by the fish at the time it rushed upon the second bait that caught it!

MEMORY OF FISHES.

These deductions from his observation of actions and habits of fishes that must have been the result of organism, were put forward by Dr. Dunn long before Dr. Edinger's deliverance on the subject of memory in fishes, and he does not refer specifically to that function. As to the fact of memory in fishes, however, the late Seth Green, the father of American fish culture, was able to give at least one striking example of it, an example which, doubtless, many people today have a pleasant recollection of, for no one visited the State Hatchery at Caledonia, N. Y., in those days without witnessing that interesting exhibiton.

In one of the inclosed pools at the hatchery among many other trout was one very large one, which always came very promptly forward to be seen when visitors appeared. It was Mr. Green's invariable custom, after calling the visitor's attention to that trout in particular, to raise his cane quickly and hold it out over the water toward the trout, but as that performance had no effect on the trout the vistor would wonder what its object might be. He was not long kept wondering, for requesting the visitor to note how impassive the fish was under the waiking stick, Mr. Green would produce a light trout rod, all equipped for casting, and appear with it at the side of the pool.

Instantly that trout would turn and flee as if in terror, hide itself at the far end of the inclosure, and remain there so long as the rod was in sight. The explanation of this surprising change in the trout's demeanor was brief but amazing. One day, early in the career of the fish, Mr. Green, to try a barbless hook he had devised, cast with one in that pool, and this trout seized it. The hook penetrated and passed through its upper jaw, near the nostril, and by the time it was lifted from the water, released from the hook, and returned to its element, it had undergone an experience that made a lasting impression upon it, as the sequel amply proved.

Mr. Green discovered, shortly after the hooking of the trout, that whenever he approached the pool with his rod, the trout would instantly dash to a hiding, although it paid no attention to a cane or other stick held over the water. The trout lived for years in that pool, and never failed to show its fear of that trout rod, or any other one, as long as it lived. Mr. Green's invariable remark was, after this favorite exhibition of his:

"This shows in a striking manner that even fish have memory, and a long and strong one, too.

"If that trout's actions were not sufficient demonstration of the fact, of what use is evidence."

PIGEON-TOED WOMEN.

A Feminine Secret is Revealed by the Modern Short Skirt, According to a Photographer.

[New York Sun:] "Those pictures," said a photographer, turning over a pile of portraits of women, "were taken ten years ago. That was the goo-goo-eye period. These," pointing to some displayed in a frame, "were taken this year. This is the human form divine period. Then my customers made the most of their faces. Now they are more inclined to travel on their shapes.

"It is simply a change of fashion which they settle for themselves. The beauty area has been enlarging. It is now extended so that it takes in pretty much the whole figure. But I venture to make this prediction, that it will be some years before full-length portraits of women standing up will be popular, unless there is a change in the styles for the skirts.

"It may be different with photographers who have studios and can therefore charge high prices. They can afford to throw in with the picture some advice about posing. I have only a gallery, and at gallery prices customers do their own posing. They pick out what they think are their most effective points, and study how to bring them out best, and then come here and show them off, while I photograph them.

"A few years ago, as you see, their ideas were running on their faces. Now their ideas run to curves, and the body is quite as conspicuous in the picture as the face, and often more so. The face is no longer the main thing. Customers even adopt poses in which the face has to be slighted in order to bring out pretty curves, and graceful outlines. In favor of the new fashion it may be said that it sometimes gets into the picture more character and better effects than when merely the face and part of the bust were shown.

"If you will look over these pictures you will see that while many customers want to display their forms, almost without exception they draw the line at or just below the knee unless a long skirt is worn. In some cases, as in this picture of a girl sitting on the arm of the chair, one foot is seen dangling coquettishly in the air, but in a majority of instances the feet are in eclipse. I think the prevalent fashion of the short rainy-day or walking skirts reveals the reason.

"If as you walk along the street you will observe the feet of the women which may be seen under the short skirts you will be amazed by the statistics of women who are pigeon-toed. From my own observations I am inclined to believe that two out of three women have their feet turned in, or at any rate set at an angle widely different from that prescribed by the rules of beauty. The feet may be small and well shaped, the ankles round and pretty, but the woman in most cases will be without one element of feminine beauty that is greatly admired; either one foot, or more generally both, will be seen to be set on at an impossible angle.

"Inasmuch as I have noticed the prevalence of this defect only since short skirts have been generally worn, I cannot guess whether it has always existed or whether it is a result of modern conditions; but it is mighty certain that women's photographs showing the feet won't be popular so long as so many of the sex are pigeon-toed."

Crispi's Superstitions.

One would have said, judging by Crispi's career and what is known of his character, that he, at least, would scoff at the evil eye, for who has been so bitterly opposed to the church as he, and who is so greatly hated by her? Yet this same person, who defied man and the Pope, never without exception went without three articles about his person—a revolver, to keep off palpable enemies; a rosary, to thwart the devil; and a forked charm, for the evil eye. He refused to argue about them. They were part of his daily life, and his motives, I suspect, even to himself, would not bear analyzing.

In the usual bedroom of Crispi at the Villa Sina there was a large piece of tapestry, to which a magnificent and artistic ivory crucifix was attached, both always hanging at the head of his bed. When his bedroom was changed to admit of more air the crucifix was forgotten, but the patient noticed the omission at once and somewhat angrily insisted on its being brought immediately. "I like familiar objects about me," he said in explanation. As to superstition, he has more than once been seen to make the characteristic sign to ward off bad luck, and even been heard to relate dreams, but whether he really believed in it all is a question which will remain unsolved, as no one ever dared question him.—[Pall Mall Gazette.

You Can Buy
A PIANO

At the lowest price and on the lowest terms, from the oldest House in the Southwest. X X
THE BARTLETT MUSIC CO.
235 S. Broadway, Opp. City Hall.

The Broadway Department Store
Saturday Shoe News.
The policy of this busy store has ever been to give the most for the least. In no section of this huge economy hall is this fact more clearly demonstrated than in our shoe department. Note these few items for Saturday's selling; then come, expecting to find these, and hundreds more, of money-saving opportunities.

Factory Ends Table Linens. $7500 Worth. Lengths from 1¼ to 2¾ yds; worth 50c to $1.50. Half Price or Less.

Women's shoes, made in all the desirable leathers, including vici kid, glace and dongola kid, as well as box calf. Finished with light leather edge or bevel edge soles or the heavier extension soles, patent leather or kid tips, kid or cloth tops, button or lace, stylish shoes made over the most approved lasts. All sizes, all widths—Shoe dealers call them cheap at $2.50. Broadway Special at, per pair, ... $1.98

Special Sale Boys' School Suits Today. $2.50 Values at $1.69.

Men's $3.50 Shoes $2.50
Made of best Russian leather, willow calf or vici kid, in tan color; also the new lasts; hand-welted soles, high grade shoemaking, single or double soles, all sizes and widths; equal to any $3.50 shoe in town. Broadway Special, per pair, $2.50.

Men's $2.00 Shoes $1.48
Made of genuine satin calf, solid oak tan extension soles, lace or congress, coin or broad plain toes, never rip seams, solid leather inner soles and counters; a neat, durable shoe that sells all over town at $2.00. Broadway Special, per pair, $1.48.

Boys' Shoes at 95c
Made of good strong satin calf, dongola kid tops, coin toe and tip, extension soles, all sizes; one of the greatest shoe values in town. Broadway Special, per pair, 95c.

Misses' Shoes at $1.15
Made of plump vici kid, medium weight extension soles, coin toes, kid tip, extra backstay, neat and dressy, very durable. Equal to any $1.50 shoe in town. Broadway Special, per pair, $1.15.

Women's Shoes $1.48
Of bright glace kid stock, coin toes, patent leather or kid tips. Medium weight bevel edge or double extension soles, perfectly finished, all sizes. One of our leaders, per pair, $1.48.

Strapped Sandals 95c.
Sizes 8½ to 2, for misses and children, made of soft fine kid, hand turned soles, coin toes, one instep strap with bow and buckle, two-lift spring heels. You never saw a better sandal at $1.25. Broadway Special per pair 95c.

Store Closes All Day Monday—Labor Day.

Walk-Over Shoes at... $3.50
Three reasons why you should wear Walk-over shoes in preference to any other make:
Style, Fit and Wear.
The three vital features of a shoe, are all obtained in perfection by the Walk-over methods.

The Reason Why
Walk-over Shoes are more stylish than other makes is because they are exact duplicates of the latest London, Paris and New York productions.
The Reason Why
Walk-over Shoes fit so well is because they are made in more than 40 styles for men and over 30 styles for women, a shape for practically every form of foot.
The Reason Why
Walk-over Shoes wear so long is because only the very best materials are used in their construction—every scrap of leather, both inside and outside, being carefully selected.
Walk-Over Shoe Store,
F. F. WRIGHT, Prop. J. F. HUGHES, Mgr.
111 S. Spring Street. NADEAU HOTEL BUILDING.

Absolutely Painless Filling.
$1.00 and up. Try me and be convinced it is true. $15.00 sets teeth reduced to $10 this month. $3.00 for all gold crowns and bridge work this month. All operations guaranteed first-class. Over 20 years' practice.
DR. CICERO STEVENS,
Tel. John 2191. 317½ South Spring St.

MONDAY AND THURSDAY THE CALIFORNIA LIMITED ON SANTA FE
This Great Train runs but twice per week during the summer.
Leaving at 6 p.m. it arrives in Chicago at 2.15 p.m. on Thursdays and Sundays
Its high standard of service is fully maintained.

THE WEATHER.

COMPARATIVE TEMPERATURES.

	Max.	Min.	Mean.		Max.	Min.	Mean.
Boston	84	62	73	New York	82	66	74
Washington	80	60	70	Buffalo	82	56	74
Pittsburgh	84	62	73	Cincinnati	86	72	79
Chicago	84	70	77	St. Paul	82	58	70
St. Louis	94	74	84	Kansas City	94	68	81
Los Angeles	88	68	68	Jacksonville	88	72	80

"The maximum is for August 29; the minimum for August 30. The mean is the average temperature for the two days.

Yesterday's Report and Forecast.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Aug. 30.—[Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.] At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 29.95; at 5 p.m., 29.86. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed, 58 deg. and 72 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 100 per cent.; 5 p.m., 46 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., west, velocity light; 5 p.m., west, velocity 9 miles. Maximum temperature, 80 deg.; minimum, 49 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

Weather Conditions.—The weather was cloudy or foggy on the Pacific Coast this morning south of the fortieth parallel, and San Francisco reports a light rain. Clear weather prevails to the northward and also in the interior. Light showers have fallen over a considerable portion of the Rocky Mountain region, Rapid City, S. D., reporting the heaviest fall, .58 of an inch. Very moderate temperatures vary reported west of the Missouri River, though it is generally warmer north of the fortieth parallel.

Forecasts.—Local forecast for Los Angeles and vicinity: Cloudy tonight; fair Saturday.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 30.—Weather conditions and general forecast. San Francisco data: Maximum temperature, 58 deg.; minimum, 53 deg.; mean, 56 deg.

Generally cloudy weather prevails over Washington, Oregon and Northern Nevada, partly cloudy over Arizona, and foggy along the Central California coast. Light thunderstorms are reported from Winnemucca and Flagstaff. The pressure has risen over the Pacific Slope, and fallen to the east of the Rocky Mountains. The temperature has fallen over Oregon, and remained nearly stationary in other districts.

Forecast:

For Northern California: Fair, except foggy along the coast Saturday; fresh westerly wind.

Southern California: Fair Saturday, except cloudy along the coast Saturday morning; light west wind.

San Francisco and vicinity: Cloudy and foggy Saturday morning; clearing during the day; fresh west wind.

Sacramento and vicinity: Fair Saturday; light southerly winds.

RECORD OF OBSERVATIONS, 5 P.M.

Stations—	Max. Temp.	State of weather.
Astoria	62	Part cloudy
Baker City	80	Cloudy
Carson City	78	Clear
Eureka	62	Clear
Fresno	94	Clear
Independence	92	Part cloudy
Los Angeles	80	Clear
Phoenix	102	Clear
Portland	80	Part cloudy
Red Bluff	94	Clear
Roseburg	90	Clear
Sacramento	92	Clear
Salt Lake City	88	Clear
San Francisco	58	Cloudy
San Luis Obispo	78	Clear
San Diego	76	Clear
Seattle	70	Cloudy
Spokane	80	Cloudy
Neah Bay	70	Clear
Walla Walla	94	Part cloudy
Winnemucca	92	Cloudy
Yuma	104	Clear
Hotham	68	Cloudy
Hanford	98	Clear
Napa	92	Clear
San Jose	92	Part cloudy
Riverside	96	
Paicines	94	
Ventura	80	
Santa Maria	78	

WEATHER AND CROP CONDITIONS.

Ventura: Fog and cooler weather, will benefit beans and corn.

Santa Maria: Due to late morning fogs pink beans mildewing along coast; white beans promising well here.

TEMPERATURES AT 7 A.M. YESTERDAY.

New York	70	Chicago	68
Philadelphia	72	Minneapolis	62
Boston	72	Cincinnati	69
Washington	72	St. Louis	72

Liners.

PARTICULAR NOTICE—

THE TIMES WILL NOT PUBLISH questionable massage, clairvoyant or other objectionable medical and personal advertisements at any price. Frauds and fakes must go elsewhere for publicity.

CHURCH NOTICES—

THERE WILL BE AN ALL-DAY PRAYING meeting the 31st at Gospel Mall, 324 S. Spring st., next Monday, Sept. 2, a.m. till 5 p.m. Many are healed of incurable diseases every week. Come and bring the sick or send their names to the hall. Consumption, cancer, deafness, rheumatism, etc., are cured without money and without price. We pray in Jesus' name. 3

SPECIAL NOTICES—

WHY BE SICK—

WHEN

PROF. A. D. DONALDSON,

The world-famed gifted healer ever known on the Pacific Coast,

May be consulted? I am a wonder to the world.

I can cure without medicine or surgery every known disease.

Chronic diseases a specialty.

Consultation free.

Permanently located at 320 LINCOLN AVE., Pasadena, Cal.

Office hours, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. 1

L. A. VAN, TRUCK AND STORAGE CO. Household goods shipped to and from the East and North at cut rates; separate rooms in new fire-proof warehouse for storing; also general freight and safe moving. Office, 346 S. Broadway; Tel. M. 572. Residence, Tel. red 1426. R. H. DUNSTON, Prop.

LADIES—WOULD YOU LIKE A BUSINESS of your own that will make you independent? We have the most profitable business a woman can engage in. Call or send for our new book, "Profitable Business for Women." MRS. JULIA E. SPAULDING, 731 S. Broadway, room 25.

MLMS DETECTIVE AGENCY—
Will undertake all classes of legitimate detective work intrusted to it by railroads or other corporations, banks, mercantile houses, attorneys or private individuals. Offices, 215-216 WILSON BLDG.

SCIENCE RECOGNIZES THE TRUTHS OF palmistry. Mrs. Case is scientific in readings and instructions. Suite 317, HELLMAN BLOCK, Second and Broadway. Instructions in classes or private. 6

L. A. STEAM CARPET CLEANING CO. WILL clean and lay carpets, 2c yard. We guarantee our work; building specialty. 229 E. Second, cor. main 74. R. F. BENNETT, Prop.

WHITE LABOR—
WINDOW
CLEANING.
226 S. BROADWAY. Tel. Main 427.

THE STANDARD DRESS-CUTTING ACADemy will open Sept. 1, 1903, 731 S. Broadway, room 25. MRS. JULIA E. SPAULDING, Mgr.

CARPENTER SHOP—
903 S. OLIVE. Tel. Peter 7231.
Store and office fitting and general jobbing.

PIONEER STEAM CARPET CLEANING WORKS, 457 S. Broadway. Tel. main 51. Carpets taken up, cleaned and laid same day.

LACE CURTAINS LAUNDERED BY HAND, 35c pair. MRS. GRACE HEATH, 312 S. Broadway. Tel. James 1351. Goods called for.

INSURE FOR ACCIDENT — FIDELITY Mutual Aid Association. ERNEST W. SCHMIDLE, general agent, 310 S. Main st., city.

FIRST-CLASS REPAIRING ON RATTAN wicker furniture; chairs recaned, called for, 430 TOWNE AVE. 'Phone red 4560.

RUG CLEANING BY THE MONTH. Tel. green 1821. 646 S. SPRING.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AT HOTEL MENLO, 420 S. Main st., by day or month. Respectable house.

CASH WALL PAPER STORE, 836 S. SPRING. Paper-hanging, painting, tinting. Brown 1284.

MOST SUBSTANTIAL AND CHEAPEST. 228 S. MAIN. Whitney's L. A. Trunk Factory.

BEST PAINT, $1.65 GAL.; U. S. LEAD, 7c; 9-ft. opaque shades, 35c. WALTER, 527 Spring.

REPAIRS MADE FOR ANY STOVE OR range. 929 N. MAIN. Tel. James 1621.

WANTED—
Help, Male.

HUMMEL BROS. & CO.,
EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.
A Strictly First-class, Reliable Agency. All kinds of help promptly furnished. Your orders solicited.
239-241 W. Second st., basement California Bank Building. Telephone 258.
(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sunday.)

WANTED—MEN AT SAN FRANCISCO—Teamsters—500 teamsters at $4, $4.50 and $5 per day. Railroad fares refunded to men working two weeks.
Longshoremen—40 cents per hour, 50 cents per hour overtime; free board and lodging; permanent work for good men at regular wages. No fee.
INDEPENDENT EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, room 5, 109 California st., San Francisco.

Carpenters, bridgemen, pile drivers — Foremen, $5; bridgemen and experienced pile-bandis, $3.50; rodmen, $4 per day of 9 hours. Our association includes all the principal contractors in San Francisco and vicinity, and our work is tied up because of the strike. We want experienced men for work at Mare Island and Hunter's Point Dry Docks, railroad work, wharves, piers and land lots in San Francisco, and for bridge and general work throughout the Coast. Steady work and fair treatment. We promise that all competent men now coming to work for us will be given absolute preference in future work, and that we will never discharge a man to give place to a striker. Apply by letter or in person immediately to BRIDGE AND WHARF BUILDERS' EMPLOYMENT ASSOCIATION, room 4, 4 California st., San Francisco. 2

WANTED—A GOOD CHANCE FOR COMpetent mechanics. THE RISDON IRON WORKS OF SAN FRANCISCO ARE NOW ENGAGING MACHINISTS, BOILER-MAKERS, PATTERN MAKERS, SHIP FITTERS AND MACHINE BLACKSMITHS FOR THEIR NEW WORKS SITUATED ON THE POTRERO OF SAN FRANCISCO. WORKS TO OPEN IN OCTOBER ON THE WATER FRONT OF THE CITY. SKILLED WORKMEN ARE PAID $3.52 PER DAY OF TEN HOURS. STEADY EMPLOYMENT GUARANTEED. FARE REFUNDED FOR SATISFACTORY SERVICE. APPLY AT OFFICE, BEALE AND HOWARD STREETS, SAN FRANCISCO. 1

WANTED—MAN TO TRAVEL AND APpoint agents on our superb line of holiday books; no experience necessary, but applicant must furnish three references and security; absolutely guaranteed salary and commission, extra inducement; four months contract. Reply at once if you mean business as we must have immediate action. MANAGER HOLIDAY DEPT., 909 Star Bldg., Chicago.

WANTED—FOR U. S. ARMY, ABLE-BODIED unmarried men, between the ages of 21 and 35, citizens of the United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can read and write English; recruits especially desired for coast and field artillery. For information, apply to RECRUITING OFFICERS, 312½ N. Main st., Los Angeles, Cal.

C. R. HANSEN & CO.,
EMPLOYMENT AGENTS,
239½-239½ W. Second st. Phone main 1270.
Free Register. Correspondence Solicited. P. O. office, 104 Geary st. Established 1876.

WANTED—A FEW YOUNG MEN CAN EARN memberships in the Young Men's Christian Association by distributing the Annual Prospectus; work is now ready. Apply 209 S. BROADWAY. 1

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade; positions $60 monthly, secured after 6 weeks' practice; examination, diploma free; tools & dentist. Write for free catalogue. MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, San Francisco.

WANTED—ONE THOUSAND MEN—SAILors, stevedores laborers, steady employment and good wages if work is satisfactory. APply LUMBER DEALERS' ASSOCIATION, 301 Examiner Bldg., San Francisco.

WANTED—
W. L. HUMPHREYS & CO.,
The most popular employment agency in Southern California, 111½ E. Second st.
'Phone green 1.

WANTED—A WELL-POSTED MAN BUYing, taking and managing department dry goods and clothing store. A good position for right man. Call at once. C. H. REID, Redlands, Cal. 31

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS, ALL-ROUND grocery clerk; must be good solicitor and counter man; no others need apply. SAXMAN & TEGNER, Santa Monica, Cal.

WANTED—5 CARPENTERS FOR FINISHing at corner of San Pedro and Fourth st.; 10 carpenters at 4th and Spring ST. next week. Two months' inside work. 1

WANTED — MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade; 6 weeks' constant practice; tools donated; catalogue free. GORDON'S BARBER COLLEGE, 417 N. Main. 1

WANTED — A GOOD, STOUT BOY WITH wheel; steady work. TIMES-MIRROR PRINTING AND BINDING HOUSE, 130 N. Broadway.

WANTED—100 LABORERS. IMMEDIATELY for work on San Pedro, Los Angeles and Salt Lake Railroad. Call at TERMINAL DEPOT.

WANTED — MEAT CUTTER TO RUN A wagon; single man, about 25, preferred; good situation. Call Saturday at 315 COPP BLDG. 31

WANTED—5 BIG, STRONG BOYS TO WORK in a cannery, 21 a day; call early. PRIMROSE CONSERVING CO., 750 San Fernando.

WANTED — JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT Agency. Help all kinds; also labor furnished day, hour. 542 S. SPRING. Tel. brown 1493.

WANTED—MAN TO TAKE CARE LAWNS, horse and cow, on private place; begin today. Apply 11 o'clock, 510 DOUGLAS BLDG. 31

WANTED — TRAVELING SALESMAN TO sell dry goods to country stores. BRYN MAWR MILLS, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED — MAN TO TAKE CHARGE OF horse to San Francisco for free transportation. Call at 340 S. SPRING ST. 31

WANTED—SHOWCASE CLEANER FOR A dry-goods house. If a day; must be steady and reliable. 325 BYRNE BLOCK. 31

WANTED—YOUNG MAN ASSISTANT BOOKkeeper; must write good hand; experience required. 325 BYRNE BLOCK. 31

WANTED—A COMPETENT MILL MAN AND amalgamator, with good references. Address Z, box 82, TIMES OFFICE. 31

WANTED—EXPERIENCED MAN TO WORK in real estate with old and established office. Inquire 106 S. BROADWAY. 1

WANTED—BOY, 14 TO 16 YEARS OLD, TO learn dry-goods business. Address A, box 71, TIMES OFFICE. 31

WANTED—BOY WITH WHEEL TO WORK in drug store. Address A, box 14, TIMES OFFICE. 31

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SHIRT FINisher. CLEAVER'S LAUNDRY, 114 S. Main.

WANTED—MEN'S SOLES, 35c; LADIES', 30c; while you wait. 127 W. FOURTH ST.

WANTED—TINNER AT MUNGER & GRIFFITH CO., Pasadena, Cal.

WANTED—
Help, Female.

WANTED — COOK, OIL CAMP, NO OBJECtion to child, $20; family cook, country, $20 and fare; laundress, employer here today, $25; housekeeper, Arizona, employer here, $30; nursegirl, one child, $25; another, $15; girl to assist, $15; housegirl, 4 adults, $25; housegirl, family 5, no washing, $25, nice place; 3 waitresses, commercial hotel, $25 each. MISS DAY, 121½ S. Broadway.

WANTED—AT ONCE, SIX EXPERIENCED salesladies for hosiery, gloves, laces and underwear; thoroughly experienced jewelry saleslady; good salary. EDUCATIONAL EXPERT CO., 325 Byrne Block.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO DO HALL WORK in exchange for room rent and small salary. Rooms suitable for man and wife. Call today at 121½ N. BROADWAY. 31

WANTED—BRIGHT GIRL WHO IS NOT afraid of general housework; good home and fair wages to right party. MRS. REKINS, 825 E. Fourth st. Tel. Black 1321. 1

WANTED—YOUNG GERMAN OR SWEDISH girl for general housework; must be good cook; small family; wages $25. Apply 321 S. OLIVE ST. 31

WANTED—A STRONG, MIDDLE-AGED WOman that understands chamberwork, at 621 S. MAIN ST. Colored preferred. Permanent position.

WANTED—BOOK-KEEPER AND STENOGrapher; must be fully competent and have experience; good salary. 215 COPP BLDG. 31

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL AS WAITRESS in a small restaurant and delicacy store at once. 703 S. BROADWAY. 31

WANTED—TEN YOUNG LADIES TO PACK lobsters, 75c a day. PRIMROSE CONSERVING CO., 750 San Fernando. 31

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork and cooking; wages $25; references. 1025 W. WASHINGTON ST.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework. MRS. A. S. ROBBINS, 823 Figueroa. 1

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework and care of baby. 1220 W. FIFTH, near Bixel st.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TAKE CARE OF child and assist housework. 1813 CHERRY ST. 31

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SHIRT FINisher. CLEAVER'S LAUNDRY, 114 S. Main.

WANTED—GIRLS AT BISHOP & CO.'S FACTORY, Seventh and Alameda sts. 3

WANTED—
Situations, Male.

WANTED — SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook in all branches in clubhouse, small hotel or first-class private home; best reference from East or California. Address WM. AVERY, 524 Orange st., Redlands, Cal. 1

WANTED—BY A SOBER MARRIED MAN, chance to work in a drug store to study and renew acquaintance with the trade; wages no object; chance to learn. Address A, box 61, TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED — SITUATION AS BOOK-KEEPER or cashier by young man of experience; good references and bond if required. Address A, box 34, TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED—BY COOK, SITUATION AS COOK for ranch, mining or lumber camp; wages from $60 to $75 per month. Address A, box 33, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED AND RESPONsible collector wants the monthly bills of one or two good retail firms. Address A, box 27, TIMES OFFICE. 31

WANTED—SITUATION AS NIGHT WATCHman by young man; experienced; first-class references. Address A, box 26, TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED — SITUATIONS BY JAPANESE boys as school boys, cooks, waiters, housework. JAPANESE MISSION, 713 S. Broadway. 6

WANTED — JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY; all kinds of labor promptly furnished. 'Phone Joseph 1641. 245 W. SIXTH. 31

WANTED — BY JAPANESE; FIRST-CLASS laundry or garden work by the day or week. Address A, box 31, TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED — BY JAPANESE, POSITION TO do any work from 7 to 6 o'clock. Address Z, box 41, TIMES OFFICE. 31

WANTED—BY JAPANESE BOY, POSITION as school boy. YAMADA, 125 W. NINTH ST. Red 1646. 1

WANTED—
Situations, Female.

WANTED—FOR GOOD, RELIABLE HELP call up Black 2806. CRESCENT EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 311 S. Spring.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A YOUNG lady; experienced stenographer and typewriter. Call at 1254 E. FOURTH. 1

WANTED—
Situations, Male and Female.

WANTED—BY AMERICAN COUPLE, UPto-date cook and helper to run oil or mining camp. Reasonable wages. Address H, box 24, TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED—
Help, Male and Female.

WANTED—OR SALARY, $20 PER MONTH, ladies or gentlemen; good business. Call at Orange Villa, Orange. S. D. KNAPP & CO. 2

WANTED—
Work by the Day.

WANTED—JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT agency; work by day. T. Ero, 1025 Spring.
WANTED—TO DO PLAIN SEWING BY THE day. 313 S. GRAND AVE. 3

WANTED—
To Purchase.

WANTED—OWNERS OF CITY AND COUNtry property desiring to sell or exchange to list with us. We are preparing for extensive and novel method of advertising. We will place your property before every buyer, present and prospective in Southern California free of cost to you. DYAS-GERMAN R. E. CO., 117-118 Bonebrake Block.

WANTED—WE HAVE CASH CUSTOMERS for good income property, either business or prospective business; can do business if you really want to sell. WOOD & CHURCH, 217 Byrne Bldg.

WANTED — TO BUY FURNITURE AND carpets of private parties; to such we will pay one-third more than others. 'Phone us, red 3111. COLTHAR'S, 325 S. Main st.

WANTED — OLD BUILDINGS TO BE moved, any kind; old pipe, lumber and machinery; spot cash paid. WHITING WRECKING CO., 215 E. Seventh.

WANTED—TO BUY FOR CASH, A ROOMing-house, over 25 rooms, good locality, etc. I am not an agent. Address A, box 3, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH us if you have cash buyers waiting for bargains. NORTH & GRASETT, 102 Wilson Blk.

WANTED—WE HAVE A CUSTOMER FOR income and prospective business property. NORTH & GRASETT, 102 Wilson Block.

WANTED—A FEW THOUSAND SECOND-hand brick chimney drop pockets in condition and price. 1219 SAN JULIAN ST. 1

WANTED—TO PURCHASE A DOUBLE dissolving magic lantern. Address box 422, RIVERSIDE, Cal.

WANTED—TO BUY FOR SPOT CASH good second-hand bicycles. BURKE BROS., 633 S. Spring. 31

WANTED—HOUSEHOLD, OFFICE FURNIture. COLGAN, 216-218 S. Main. Tel. red 2126.

WANTED — $1 TO $5 PICTURES, SHOWcases, etc. TEL. JAMES 6131. 310 E. 6th st.

WANTED—
To Rent.

WANTED—A YOUNG MARRIED COUPLE wish to rent (or would like some one to build for them) modern 7 or 8-room house in southwest district, on south or west side of street; rent $25 or $30. Address P. O. BOX 82, Station C, Los Angeles, Cal. 1

WANTED—FOR MAN AND WIFE, UNfurnished cottage, 4 or 5 rooms; must have every modern convenience; lawn and flowers, west of Main. Advertiser will pay liberal rental for satisfactory place. Address P. O. Box 17. 3

WANTED — TO RENT BY PERMANENT tenant, no children, cottage or small house south of Seventh, west of Main, unfurnished or partly furnished; describe fully; name lowest rent. W. H. FROST, 2034 W. 19th st.

WANTED — FURNISHED HOUSE, 6 OR 7 rooms, walking distance, one year; small family, adults. Address room 191, No. 211 W. FOURTH ST.

WANTED—TO RENT 6 OR 7-ROOM HOUSE between Fifth and 18th sts. San Pedro and Mateo sts. Address 3474 E. NINTH ST. 31

WANTED — 2 FURNISHED ROOMS; LIGHT housekeeping; central; price. Address WORKING WOMAN, A, box 46, Times office. 1

WANTED—
Rooms with Board.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN WANTS BOARD and room with private family, within walking distance of city. Address, stating terms, GEO. CLENDENEN, 2128 Judson st. 1

WANTED—
Agents and Solicitors.

WANTED—AGENTS ON SALARY OR COMmission; greatest agents' seller, ever produced; every user of pen and ink buys it; on sight; 200 to 300 per cent. profit; one agent's sales amounted to $630 in six days; another $92 in two hours. MONROE MFG. CO., 319 La Crosse, Wis.

WANTED—AGENTS EVERYWHERE, $10 TO $20 daily. W. C. DILLINGHAM, 215 W. Second st. Los Angeles, Cal.

WANTED—
Miscellaneous.

WANTED—THE AMERICAN FORWARDING and Mercantile Co. are shippers of goods of every description in carload lots. Our specialty is shipping household goods at lower rates than individual shippers can obtain from the railroads. We have cars both to and from all eastern points. If you have any goods, do not delay, but call us up and let us give you a rate. The most safe and reliable shippers. 440 S. BROADWAY. Tel. Peter 6925.

WANTED — OLD BUILDINGS TO BE moved, any kind; old pipe, lumber and machinery; spot cash paid. WHITING WRECKING CO., 215 E. Seventh.

WANTED—FURNITURE AND HOUSEHOLD goods; highest cash prices paid. THE MART, 434 and 436 S. Spring st., Tel. James 2791. 31

WANTED—TO BORROW A WHEEL CHAIR for a sick woman, who cannot rent one. Address A, box 28, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — STERLING SILVER TEAPOT; state lowest price. Address Z, box 31, TIMES OFFICE. 1

FOR SALE—
City Lots and Lands.

FOR SALE—LARGE LOTS, CLOSE IN, with lovely orange and English walnut trees; special terms to parties building homes. See owner, WILLIAM NILES, Washington and Maple ave., before locating.

FOR SALE—$600; A SNAP; LOT ON SOUTH side of 36th st., not 5 minutes walk from Hoover st.; no other lot there for that price. All street work done. J. D. BIETHUNE, 217 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—LOTS; 12 LOTS NEAR WEST Adams and Dalton streets, north of 37th, $400 each to close. SHERWOOD & ROYER, 144 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—$750; LOT WESTLAKE DISTRICT, NEAR SEVENTH; choice locality; fine view; a snap. OWNER, 640 RAMPART. 1

FOR SALE—FINE LOT NEAR CORNER OF Washington and Bush sts., only $650. E. A. MILLER, 227 W. First st. 1

FOR SALE—LOT; $300 FOR GOOD BUILDing lot. MISS CONNER & CO., 213 S. Broadway. 31

FOR SALE—
Houses.

FOR SALE—THAT HANDSOME HOME, corner Mott and Third, 2537 E. Third, Boyle Heights; 7 rooms, elegant lot; everything first-class; street work and sewer complete; original cost of property, $4000; can now be had for less than $3000. See this. HOVIS & MARTIN, 128 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE NICEST, NEATEST UP-to-date cottage of 5 rooms, just completed; fine lot, street work all done; cement walks; all for $1250; $300 cash, balance $12 a month, including interest; adjacent to 23d and Central. HOVIS & MARTIN, 128 S. Broadway. 31

FOR SALE—$1600; HERE'S A SNAP; 5-ROOM cottage; 50-foot lot, fenced; electric lights and patent closet; street graded, cement walks; part cash. J. P. JONES, 117 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—OR RENT; FURNISHED FOUR-room cottage, lawn, flowers, chicken corral, garden, lot 42x165 to alley, $300; or rent $15.60 per month. 1145 E. 28TH ST. 1

FOR SALE—SNAP FOR THIS WEEK IN a 2-story, new, 5-room house, worth $2000; can deliver for $1450. JOHN WESLEY DAY, 126 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—$1500; COTTAGE 5 ROOMS; electric lights, bath, fruit trees; great bargain. Call at 125 W. 25th st. Tel. White 3542. 1

FOR SALE—$1300; BARGAIN; 5-ROOM, modern cottage, 12th st., $1300. 341 S. CONNER & CO., 213 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—ON S. OLIVE, LARGE LOT and 8 rooms at a bargain. HOVIS & MARTIN, 128 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—SUITABLE FOR FLATS, 50 feet on S. Grand ave. HOVIS & MARTIN, 128 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—$750; NEAT 4-ROOM COTTAGE, good location. MISS CONNER & CO., 213 S. Broadway. 31

FOR SALE—
Business Property.

FOR SALE—

HILL-STREET CORNER,

SUITABLE FOR FLATS.

CAN BE IMPROVED SO

AS TO PAY

10 PER CENT. NET

ON INVESTMENT.

SEE PLANS AT OUR

OFFICE.

W. I. HOLLINGSWORTH & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS,

242-245 WILCOX BLDG. 31

FOR SALE—
Country Property.

FOR SALE—WE SEEM TO BE MAKING a fortune out of the misfortune of our fellow-man. Now, here is a case of a good man who has spent 7 or 8 years raising a navel grove at Redlands, the best orange section in California, but circumstances compel him to sell it. Handily it is worth $10,000, but our client, for quick cash, will take it if sold at once. It has a fine crop on it now that will bring about $2000. Only $5000, one-half cash, will take it. HOVIS & MARTIN, 128 S. Broadway. 31

FOR SALE—THE PRETTIEST LITTLE HOME of 10 acres in the San Fernando Valley, 2 miles from Van Nuys; 4-room cottage, barn, chicken-house, etc.; 1½ acres in bearing deciduous fruits; 1½ acres in alfalfa; 7 acres in barley; 1 acre in potatoes; 1 acre in corn; 1 acre in garden; 1 acre in berries; 1 acre in vineyard; all fenced; 1 mile to school; 2 miles to railroad station; 1 mile to store; 1 mile to blacksmith shop; 1 mile to church; 1 mile to creamery; 1 mile to postoffice; 1 mile to telephone; 1 mile to good water; 1 mile to electric power; 1 mile to gravel; 1 mile to sand; 1 mile to adobe; 1 mile to timber; 1 mile to rock; 1 mile to brick; 1 mile to lime; 1 mile to cement; 1 mile to coal; 1 mile to oil; 1 mile to gas; 1 mile to iron; 1 mile to steel; 1 mile to copper; 1 mile to silver; 1 mile to gold; 1 mile to platinum; 1 mile to diamonds; 1 mile to rubies; 1 mile to sapphires; 1 mile to emeralds; 1 mile to pearls; 1 mile to opals; 1 mile to turquoise; 1 mile to agates; 1 mile to onyx; 1 mile to jade; 1 mile to amethysts; 1 mile to topaz; 1 mile to garnets

THE MINING FIELDS

A BOTHER GOLDEN STRIKE IN BALAKLALA MINE.

WHAT AN ARIZONA TURQUOISE MINER SAYS.

Boom Growing in Canada del Oro District—Prospecty Has Taken Up Abode in Land of Arizona—Gold Near Pearce.

Another important discovery has been made in the Balakala mine on Squaw Creek near Kennett. Over a month ago a new drift was started to tap the ore body at the lowest level yet attempted, and according to information received by the Union Mining Company of this city, which owns holdings in that territory, very rich ore has been unearthed. The strike was made after the drift had been sent in eighty feet.

It is reported the owners of the Balaklala have refused an offer of a quarter of a million dollars for the property since the recent discovery.

Another property that is attracting attention in the district is the Riley & Bliss mines adjoining the Balaklala. This property consists of a group of nine patented claims and a fine water right. Considerable work was done upon several of the claims a number of years ago, and at the time quite a quantity of gold was taken out. The ore was too low a grade to make the milling of it in a small mill a profitable undertaking. However, enough work was done to prove the existence of a large body of ore. The ore carries gold value and also a good percentage of copper.

MINNESOTA TO BE REOPENED.

J. W. Parmalee, owner of the Minnesota mine, near Iron Mountain, writes to a friend in this city that the old quartz property is to be reopened before the winter sets in.

There are four drifts on the ore body, aggregating 2000 feet in length. The lowest level, which is 1000 feet in length, is about forty feet above the creek bed. At 600 feet in this drift some of the best ore ever taken out of the Minnesota was encountered and the former lessees took out $20,000 there. The ledge at that point is six feet in width. A hoist and pump, both operated by water power, are to be installed.

ARIZONA'S TURQUOISE MINES.

E. F. Thompson, a mining man of Kingman, Ariz., who is now staying at the Ramona, yesterday spoke in glowing terms of the position in which the present season has placed Arizona.

When asked as to the mining conditions he said: "The mining business never was so prosperous as now. New riches are being found every day, and the country is full of treasure-seekers with capital. Few people realize that the finest quality of jewel turquoise in the world is found in Arizona. It is superior to the Persian variety, which hitherto has supplied the world, and which, by the way, is becoming so scarce that it is absolutely necessary that the stone should be developed in other parts of the globe if it is to be kept in the market. A rich New York company has taken up a large number of claims in the Mineral Park district, near Kingman, and will go into turquoise mining on a large scale. Anything on earth in the mining line can be found in Arizona."

Mr. Thompson has turquoise mines on his own property, and considers them a most profitable investment.

CANADA DEL ORO BOOM.

"There are excellent prospects of a mining boom in the Canada del Oro district, situated just north of Tucson, on the west side of the Santa Catalina Range," remarked a visitor at the Southwest Miners' Association yesterday. "I have just returned from there and know of several large deals now pending, beside much development work now in progress. The Arizona Copper Hill Company, backed by Denver capital, expects to close a deal for its property the first of next month. This company purchased its claim for $8,000, and has spent over $125,000 in development. At present the plant is closed down pending the sale, the consideration of which is said to be $2,-000,000. They have uncovered a 68-foot vein of 5-per-cent. leaching copper."

In the same district Charles Bauer holds some very promising claims. He has a contract to sell them September 15 for a consideration of $60,000, of which $25,000 is to be paid down.

Dr. N. H. Matas is working several gold claims in the field, and has already taken out quite a quantity of ore. Recently a rich body carrying free gold was unearthed.

PICKED FROM THE DUMP.

The big shaft of the Schuylkill in the Kingman district, is now being worked by three shifts of men, and will soon be the deepest workings in that country. It is the intention to go in 1000 feet and work their ore shoots up from the depth. This is the way that is approved by many experienced miners of the Territory.

A. Wright of Monrovia is said to have made a rich gold strike near Pearce. The rock is fairly impregnated with gold, and some of the specimens show coarse gold in abundance. The strike was made in the hills east of Pearce, and gives promise of developing into a property of considerable value.

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCKS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 31.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks today were as follows:

Alta	2	Mexican	30
Andes	1	Occidental Con	2
Belcher	1	Ophir	75
Best & Belcher	7	Overman	6
Caledonia	32	Potosi	4
Challenge Con	19	Savage	8
Chollar	4	Sierra Nevada	32
Confidence	57	Silver Hill	30
Con. Cal. & Va	1.20	Standard	2.25
Crown Point	1	Union Con	8
Gould & Curry	1	Utah Con	4
Hale & Norcross	27	Yellow Jacket	14
Justice	3		

RAILROAD NOTES.

The Southern Pacific offices here received circulars yesterday, confirming the report in this department yesterday to the effect that B. F. Coons, commercial agent at Riverside, is promoted to the same office at Santa Barbara, J. T. Gray of Covina succeeding Mr. Coons, and T. E. Hunt coming in from Tucson to fill the place at Covina.

E. P. Ripley, president of the Santa Fé, has issued a circular announcing that, September 1, W. G. Nevin will reassume his duties as general manager at Los Angeles, and Mr. Nevin has issued one stating that A. G. Wells, who has been acting as general manager, will reassume his former duties as general superintendent, Mr. Hurley going to Colorado to fill a new office over part of the Santa Fé system, as reported heretofore in press dispatches.

W. W. Elliott of the Burlington is back from San Francisco on a visit of a few days.

F. B. Winship, traveling passenger agent of the Illinois Central, is here on a visit from San Francisco.

The Illinois Central's new office at No. 224 South Spring street is in shipshape, and makes a more convenient place for the public than when on the third floor of an office building.

CLARA MORRIS will tell, in The Times Magazine next Sunday, of some of the advantages the stage offers as a vocation.

"We say little, but what we say means much."

All we've got to say today is that if it's Boys' Clothes you want we've got the biggest and best stock of new Fall Suits you ever saw. No such showing has ever before been seen in Los Angeles. Splendidly good styles, carefully made, of selected materials.

There are suits for dress, suits for school, suits for every occasion—and all marked in strict accordance with the London's Low-price Standard.

School Suits, $2.50 to $5.00.

London Clothing Co.

HARRIS & FRANK, Props. 117-125 N. Spring St.

JUST RECEIVED.

D'RI and I.

By Irving Bacheller, author of EBEN HOLDEN, illustrated by F. C. Johnson $1.50

PARKER'S, 246 S. Broadway, Near Public Library

Largest, most varied and most complete stock of books west of Chicago.

My Glasses Fit.

Fit so perfectly you don't know they are there. Every pair has our ironclad guarantee to do exactly what they ought to do. You take no chances with them.

J. P. DELANY, 332 S. Spring. EXPERT OPTICIAN.

WERE IN SPANISH WAR.

New Association of "California Volunteers" Effects a Permanent Organization in Los Angeles.

"California Ex-Volunteers."

That has been chosen as the name for the association of men who enlisted in the Spanish war. A meeting was held at the Seventh Regiment Armory last Thursday night, at which the tentative organization was made permanent.

The rough draft of a constitution was adopted, and the following officers were elected:

Principal Musician Paul Heydenreich, president; Sergt. Lionel C. Wells, secretary and treasurer; Sergt. Lorin T. McKee, Sergt. Charles Lehn, Private J. W. Connell, Corp. Ben C. Robinson, Musician George Bacon, Executive Committee.

SERGT. PAUL HEYDENREICH.

The bylaws provide that meetings shall be held twice a month. They will be of a social nature, with entertainments to be provided by a committee.

An entrance fee of $1 will be charged, and the monthly dues will be 25 cents.

The next meeting of the association will be held next Thursday at the Armory.

COL. STONE HERE.

He Touches Politics as if it Were a Red-hot Stone—A Business Visit—Visits the Mayor.

Col. George Stone, chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, came down from San Francisco yesterday and stayed last night at the Westminister.

"The prospects are bright for the success of the Republican State ticket next year," said Col. Stone. "If Henry T. Gage isn't renominated for Governor, the nomination will go to a northern man, and a San Francisco man at that."

Further than this Col. Stone would not talk for publication regarding State politics.

"My visit here is purely a business one," said he. "Of course I have pretty well defined ideas on some issues to be raised in the coming campaign, but it is too early to discuss them now."

During the afternoon Col. Stone called on Mayor Snyder and had a long talk with the city's Chief Executive.

Col. Stone expects to return to San Francisco tonight.

Have You Examined

The Illustus-Ragnot piano? Don't fail to see it at Fitzgerald's, 113 South Spring.

Newberry's

Gold Seal Chocolates AND BON BONS.

The most popular box of high-grade confections in America. The greatest value for the least money—

25c PER POUND.

Glace Marshmallow SIMPLY DELICIOUS Full pound boxes - - 25c

216-218 S. Spring St. Telephone Main 24.

What People Want!

FINE GOODS in all latest patterns, best of work and perfect fit for the least money. That's our aim. Furs remodeled at one-third, and taken care of until wanted; that's what we Eastern people have done and do.

215 W. Fourth St. Up Stairs. M. H. Robinson, Ladies' Coats Tailoring and Fur House

ADOLF FRESE, Optician And Manufacturing Optician, 128 SOUTH SPRING STREET

Telephone Main 1065

The Equitable Gas and Electric Company 217 New High St.

WHY NOT? THE YALE BICYCLE E. R. RISDEN CYCLE HOUSE, 402 SOUTH BROADWAY.

Engraved Stationery

Invitations, Announcements, Calling Cards. WHEDON & SPRENG CO., 353 S. Spring St. SOCIETY STATIONERS.

Berlin Dye Works

—CLEANERS AND DYERS— 242 S. BROADWAY. Tel. M. 972.

Steel Stoves and Ranges Nothing equals ours for cooking. Low prices prevail. HENRY GUYOT, 414 S. Spring.

A.... Growing Child

Needs much healthful nourishment, in

CAPITOL FLOUR

there is a large percentage of phosphates, gluten and salts—what the child needs. Make bread with Capitol Flour—every sack guaranteed.

Strong School Shoes.

What every mother will be looking for the next few weeks. Bring the boys and girls to Staub's—we can fit them with shoes that will take some good hard long knocks before they wear out. All prices. X X

C. M. STAUB SHOE CO., 258 S. Broadway.

BEAR IN MIND

The City Dye Works is the only one in town that insures your goods while in their possession. We carry special insurance for the purpose. No other dye house does. Our work is the best, and our prices lowest.

362 South Broadway. PHONE M 561.

IT HAS THE TONE

Beaumeister Piano.

SALYER'S 332 SOUTH BROADWAY.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE

239 S. Broadway, opp. City Hall, Los Angeles.

Shop for your men folks today while you are doing your own buying, if you are not coming down town, impress them with the fact that our

men's furnishing department

shows splendid stocks of newly arrived goods which force us to re-price all broken lines. In some cases the new prices show a saving of half or more.

neckwear
a lot of 50c and 75c goods are re-priced and you may make choice among them at 25c each.

underwear
a fine line of french balbriggan, good enough for any one, reduced to 50c the garment.

soft shirts
of every description have been reduced in order to close them out quickly.

pajamas
made of fine percale or heavy cheviot, they are special at $1.10 the suit.

night robes
here is a great value in domet flannels. A full length robe, special at 50c.

collars and cuffs
the well known SILVER brand which is absolutely the best made at the price. All the new shapes and styles.
collars 15c, two for 25c.
cuffs 25c the pair.

Our store will be closed Monday on account of "Labor Day."

8-31-1901.

H. JEVNE

Teas--All Pure.

Strange how many people are satisfied with any kind of dry leaves labeled "Tea." We know pure tea is hard to get, but we persist. You can find out what persistance accomplishes by drinking a cup of our tea. Our stock is well supplied and our varieties are many. But they are all alike in one thing—purity.

Smoke Jevne's Fine Cigars.

208-210 S. Spring St.—Wilcox Building.

Before You Buy a Range

See us. Our Glenwood for fall has arrived, with many new improvements. We'd be glad to show you.

J. W. HELLMAN, 157-161 N. Spring St.

Reliable Goods. Popular Prices.

N. B. Blackstone Co.

Telephone Main 259. DRY GOODS Spring and Third Sts.

The above cut represents a splendidly made waist of plain all-wool French Flannel with tucked back and front, latest style sleeve, all the new fall colors and black, that we place on sale today at, each, $2.00.

French Flannel and Silk Waists

For Fall and Winter Wear

We would direct your attention today to the new arrivals in our waist department — handsome new style French flannel waists in plain and fancy colors, latest cuts and trimmings, priced up from..... $2.00

New Silk Waists — in the most approved materials and shadings, beautifully made garments, modeled after the latest Persian fashions. Prices to fit every purse. See them; they're interesting as well as instructive.

The store will be closed all day Monday, Sept. 2, Labor Day.

Jack Ralph's 601 S. SPRING. TEL. M. 516. Long Weights—Short Prices.

3 cans Challenge Milk	25c	3 cans Sea Gull Oysters	25c
3 cans Lily Cream	25c	3 cans Best Rock or Pearl Oysters	25c
3 cans Fly Cream	25c	3 cans Yacht Salmon	25c
Eagle Milk, per can	10c	Underwood's Clams, per can	10c

Half Rates East.

TO Buffalo, $87.00, Sept. 5-6, Oct. 3-4. Cleveland, $82.50, Sept. 5-6.

For full information, tickets, sleeping car accommodations, call on or address

GEO. LANG, General Agent, Union Pacific R.R., 250 South Spring St., Los Angeles.

TRUSSES Elastic Hosiery Made to Fit W. W. SWEENEY, 421 South Broadway. (Removed from Fourth St.)

BEKINS Van and Storage. Cut-Rate Shippers of household goods to and from the East and North. OFFICE—204 SOUTH BROADWAY. Tel. M. 19.

L. A. HAY STORAGE COMPANY, 335 Central Avenue. Phone Main 1396.

McCall's Patterns and Fashion Sheets.

Coulter Dry Goods Co.

Store closed Monday, Labor Day.

Men's Hose 2 for 25c.

A hundred dozen pairs men's heavy two-thread half hose in solid black or gray mixed, 2 pair for 25c.

These are not the ordinary cheap socks usually sold at 2 pairs for a quarter, but are firmly and solidly knit—good, satisfactory and serviceable. Hardly any man who sees them will buy less than half a dozen pairs.

Others at 3 for $1.00. Splendidly good quality, fancy silk overstripe on stainless black ground; the prettiest we have shown yet.

Fancy Half Hose 2 for 25c. Excellent qualities, black figures on red or blue grounds; possibly the best value for 25c on the coast.

COULTER DRY GOODS CO.

317-325 South Broadway, between Third and Fourth.

Never Spend as much as you earn. Always have a balance to put in the bank. $1.00 starts an account here. Union Bank of Savings, 223 South Spring.

ALTHOUSE FRUIT CO

What to Eat.

Fresh fruits and fresh vegetables from Althouse, of course. Extra large quantities today, for there's two days' ordering to be done. We're ready to supply this whole city-ful of families with the finest products grown.

213-215 W. Second St. Tel. Main 393.

The Alaska REFRIGERATOR

CASS & SMURR STOVE CO., 314-316 South Spring Street.

LOS ANGELES FURNITURE CO.

Beautiful Rattan Furniture.

Many new and attractive pieces now on the floor including big easy arm chairs, reception chairs, large and small rockers, settees, tables, couches and other pieces. Rattan is not only the best summer furniture, but in this climate it is very desirable at all seasons of the year—and for places where odd pieces are required there is nothing more effective for the price.

225-227-229 SOUTH BROADWAY OPPOSITE CITY HALL

FALL STYLES...

3 New Derby Shapes
4 New Soft Shapes
5 New Fall Colors

$3

My $3.00 Hats are the equal of any $5.00 hat on the market. This statement is made without exception. Handsome new Fall blocks are here. The swell Soft Hat of the hour is the "Duke of Clarence," in iron gray, new pearl shades, brown and black.

SIEGEL The Hatter, Under Nadeau Hotel.

The Inner-Man.

Is satisfactorily furnished here—the one complete mart of the Coast. Today's collection is better than usual. Grapes, for instance, were never nicer nor in greater variety. This is true of dozens of other fruits, too numerous to mention. Vegetables likewise—asparagus, artichokes, sugar corn, okra, etc. Try us.

...Mexican Limes...

Telephone Main 980. Ship Everywhere. Ludwig & Matthews, Mott Market.

Dr. Hutchason's Patent Suction Plate

Is worth its weight in gold.

Testimonial: After trying to wear three or four artificial sets of teeth without success, I am now wearing DR. HUTCHASON'S PATENT SUCTION with the greatest comfort and success and I recommend them highly. A. H. MOORE, Soldiers' Home.

See Our Patent Suction Plate before you have your teeth made or extracted. Lady attendant. German spoken. Tel. Red 5961.

SPINKS' DENTAL PARLORS, Dr. W. H. Hutchason, Prop. SPINKS' BLOCK. Open Sunday 9 to 1. Corner Fifth and Hill

CONSUMPTION CURED DR. W. HARRISON BALLARD, 426½ S. Spring St. SANATORIUM at PASADENA. The only Sanatorium on the Coast devoted exclusively to the treatment of tuberculosis. Write or interview.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE—OFFICIAL DOINGS.

SUMMARY OF THE DAY.

The Council is now worrying over the future location of the water department offices. A new library building would be the best solution of the problem.

At the meeting of the Board of Public Works yesterday residents of the Seventh Ward asked for a straight street-car line to the center of town.

By direction of the Horticultural Commission, thirteen boxes of infected fruit were burned at Shepard's packing-house yesterday. The commission is about to begin a campaign against purple scale.

AT THE CITY HALL

TRYING TO LOCATE THE WATER DEPARTMENT.

CITY HALL NOW CROWDED NEARLY TO OVERFLOWING.

A New Building for the Public Library Would Do Much to Solve the Vexed Problem—Seventh Warders Want Street-car Line.

For some weeks practically nothing has been heard concerning the plan to secure a new public library building for Los Angeles. Interest in the matter has not in the least abated, but other municipal issues of more immediate importance have somewhat overshadowed it in the public mind.

Now that the water bonds have been voted, and the acquirement of the waterworks seems to be but a matter of consummating the legal formalities, the need of new quarters for the library bids fair to again become the topic of leading interest.

Indeed, the purchase of the water plant, and the consequent necessity for municipal management, may have an important bearing on bringing matters to a climax. Already the City Hall is overcrowded. Not only is the library restricted to cramped quarters, but several of the other departments are obliged to conduct business in offices that are far too small.

It is intended to establish the headquarters of the city's water system in a central location. The old office of the water company on Marchessault street, down in the tenderloin district, will probably be sold or turned over to the mechanical end of the management.

The house-to-house collectors will be dropped, and each citizen will pay his water tax at the city office, according to present plans. If this is done, either the water department must be housed in the City Hall, or quarters centrally located will have to be rented by the Council. A majority of the Council is believed to favor the former plan, although all the City Fathers, including the Mayor, are sore perplexed over this question.

Should the new department invade the already-crowded quarters in the City Hall, something will have to give way. For several years the Health Board has been trying to secure quarters for that department outside the hall. The matter even went so far last Year that rough plans were sketched for a building on the vacant lot on the north side of the City Hall.

But with the city's finances in the shape they now are, it is extremly unlikely that any provision for such a building will be made in the budget. Even if the health department should secure other quarters, the room afforded would not be sufficient for the water department, as the place that now does service as a health office, laboratory, operating department and testing-room is about eight by twelve feet in size.

All other departments need all the room they have at present, and more. To move any of them to other quarters seems impracticable. About the only way to make room for the new department at the City Hall is to move the library elsewhere.

Already the garret and cellar have been called into requisition for the storage of valuable books, the library shelves are groaning under twice the usual weight of books, and the floors are sagging under the exceptional strain. When the hall was built the floors of only one room were braced so as to withstand the weight of library books. Since that time the library has increased in size until now the entire third floor is not large enough to hold the department.

At the meeting of the library board yesterday afternoon Miss Mary L. Jones, the Librarian, reported that the total number of books in the library August 1 was 64,716. The circulation for July amounted to 47,819, of which the home circulation is credited with 35,404 volumes, and the reading-room with 12,415. The total registration August 1 was 11,850.

This is considered a fine showing. The library keeps right on growing, and the quarters are becoming more cramped every day. With the accommodations afforded, the library board is doing everything possible for the accommodation of the public, but there is much complaint because of the inconvenient location on the third floor of the City Hall. The elevator is small and crowded, and it is very disagreeable for people who are in a hurry to make the pilgrimage.

Apparently it would be equally impracticable to put the water department on the third floor, because it would have to be patronized by every owner of improved property. But it is thought that departments now having rooms on the first and second floors could be moved to the third, thus leaving ample room for the new offices of the city water system. Manifestly a department in which so many people are interested should be conveniently located, and if room cannot be made on the first floor of the city building the water office will have to be put in rented quarters.

All this speculation calls to mind the maxim of the cooking recipe, "first catch your hare." Before the library can move out there must be new quarters to move into. The Council has agreed to provide the necessary site, and to furnish sufficient revenue for maintenance, so all preliminary arrangements are complete. The next thing is the new building. And never was there greater need of one.

Nothing more has been heard from the philanthropic New Yorker who has offered through the Southern California Historical Society to endow a public library here.

"There are no developments regarding the proposed library building," said President Walter Bacon of the society yesterday. "Several of those who have interested themselves in the project are now out of the city. The New York patron has been abroad and will not be back in the United States for some time yet. When he returns something further will be done toward 'bringing matters to a head.'"

Mr. Bacon said yesterday that it is not possible for him to give out the name of the library patron at present. When the man with money to spare returns to New York, Mr. Bacon says the name may be made public.

AS THE W. C. T. U. WOULD HAVE IT.

Tough Kid to Caddie: Hully Gee! Chimmy, where did you'se get de Puritan suit?
The Caddie, between sobs: Dis is de new outfit dat de Wimmen's Crazy Temperance Union wants us to wear.

Back at His Desk.

E. E. Johnson, the genial cashier in the Tax Collector's office, is back at his desk after a short vacation spent at Catalina. Many tales of Mr. Johnson's piscatorial prowess are circulated about the City Hall, and rumor would have it, that he is a lineal descendant of Izaac Walton.

Mr. Johnson's return to duty will relieve C. M. Sage, chief deputy, who will leave for his outing next week. Realizing that there is no hope of vieing with his fellow-deputy in Catalina waters, Mr. Sage will head for San Clemente Island, which has the additional advantage of being somewhat further from civilization.

Hitch in Advertising.

Quite a row of stumps confronts the Los Angeles Journal, or will, when next that paper seeks a favor from the Council. The stand taken by the paper against the water bonds did not endear it to the Councilmanic heart, and now there is further trouble in the wind.

Ordinarily the Journal does not issue an edition on days succeeding a holiday, but the ultimatum has gone forth from the City Clerk that the paper must be published next Tuesday and also the following Tuesday, which follows Admission day.

Several of the city's advertisements now running in the Journal have to be published for a certain number of consecutive days, and if publication is suspended on next Tuesday, following Labor day, and on the following Tuesday, advertising costing much money will be wasted. This fact caused the City Clerk to inform the publishers of the Daily Journal last night that editions must issue on those days.

WANT FRANCHISE.

DIRECT LINE TO TOWN.

A number of residents of the Seventh Ward appeared before the Board of Public Works yesterday in support of the belated petition filed last Monday by constitutents of Councilman Lauder. It will be remembered that the petition was first prepared to stay the removal of the third track on Santa Fé avenue, but was afterward changed to a request for a First-street connection of the Santa Fé-avenue line.

It seems that the Los Angeles Railway Company has agreed to give people residing in the Seventh Ward a straight line to the center of the city if the Council can be induced to grant permission for the connecting track on Santa Fé avenue in front of La Grande Depot of the Southern California Railway Company.

As it is now those who ride on the street cars must take the Ninth-street line and transfer at Main street, or the Santa Fé-avenue line and transfer at Third street. It is this necessity for a transfer that is objected to by the Seventh Warders. They want a direct line to town.

If the company can secure the right of way over the two blocks from Third to First street it is agreed to connect the lines so that the Ninth-street cars will run to First and Spring street. The route will be from Ninth and Main street on Ninth to Santa Fé avenue; north on Santa Fé avenue to First street, and on First street to Spring street. It is probably the idea of the company to form a complete circuit ultimately by running the cars down Spring street to Ninth and there connecting with the present track.

The petition in its present form bears about three hundred signatures and there was quite a delegation on hand yesterday to argue in its favor.

After hearing all that the residents of the affected section had to say the board took the matter under advisement.

It is probable that the action taken in this matter may depend in some measure on the result of the franchise sales in the Council Chamber next Tuesday. At that time three valuable franchises will be sold, the belt-line franchise, the West Adams-street franchise and the Temple-street franchise.

Bowen's Liquor Ordinance.

A new liquor ordinance, drafted by Councilman Bowen, is scheduled to appear in the Council next Tuesday. What its provisions are is a closely-guarded secret, but it is supposed that it follows the lines of the former ordinance, which went down to defeat some weeks ago. Undoubtedly such changes have been made in it as will insure more unanimous support. Messrs. Bowen, Powers and Allen held a discussion of some length over Council matters yesterday, and it is probable that this item was then fully discussed. Late yesterday afternoon Police Commissioner Keeney appeared at the hall and held a long talk with Mr. Bowen. As a result of this proposed legislation on liquor matters it is understood that the large number of restaurant liquor license applications now before the board will be held over on ice.

It is also understood that no action will be taken on the cases of the twelve saloonists who were arrested for selling liquor on election day until after the court has passed on their offense.

AT THE COURT HOUSE

INFECTED FRUIT WAS CREMATED.

HORTICULTURAL INSPECTOR BURNS THIRTEEN BOXES OF LEMONS.

Vigorous Campaign Has Begun Against the Purple Scale—Packing Houses are Accused of Selling Infected Fruits to Peddlers.

Under the relentless eye of a horticultural inspector, thirteen boxes of infected lemons went up in flame at Shepard's packing-house yesterday.

It is the beginning of a campaign. The Horticultural Commissioners have made a resolve to stop the sale of doubtful "culls" from the packing-houses to fruit peddlers.

It is claimed that a great deal of fruit blighted with the purple scale has been sorted out from the good fruit and disposed of at bargain sale rates to the street hawkers. Many different packing-houses are accused of this practice.

The danger of contagion is said to be great. The commissioners are sending out strict warnings to all packers.

With this evil checked, it is believed that the purple scale will be doomed. Not long ago the commission located three separate and distinct centers of the purple scale in Los Angeles, and after cutting back the trees with the consent of the owners, destroyed the scale.

In the country around Rivera and Downey, many thousands of dollars are being spent by orchardists to fight the scale. The trees thereabouts are unusually large, and fumigation cannot be carried on in the usual way.

Brakeman's Bad Break.

Paying the penalty for a little breakaway from the strict path of sobriety, M. C. Hill, a brakeman on the Southern Pacific Railroad, who has a wife and child, has been confined in the City Jail for two weeks, resting under a charge of petty larceny, without the slightest bit of evidence against him.

A. C. Smith of No. 331 East First street had charged him with taking from his person while drunk, a silver watch, a silver ring and $18 in money, but when the case came before Justice Austin yesterday, he quickly disposed of it by declaring the defendant not guilty.

The two men took a hand in a series of friendly games for the drinks at the United States Hotel, and at sundry other places, and with sundry other boon companions, and old man Smith got separated from his property, but as stated, there was no evidence to convict Hill with having taken it. Hill bears a good reputation, and both he and his wife have felt greatly humiliated that he should be charged with larceny.

COURT BRIEFS.

BREVITIES MISCELLANEOUS.

TO QUIET TITLE. Lorana F. Cross and others have sued Robert L. Hickson, administrator of the estate of Bruno Y. Ablia, to quiet title to lots in East Pico street.

SUIT FOR SERVICES. A. H. McNamara has sued Charles A. Smith for $617.50 for services alleged to have been rendered as an assistant well driller in the oil fields.

SUIT ON NOTE. E. K. Maxwell has brought suit against Bates B. Dolley and Alice A. Dolley on a $500 note.

GUARDIANSHIP. W. T. Preston has petitioned for the guardianship of his son, Charles Preston, who has fallen heir to $3000.

GOOD ESTATE. Mary A. Pendleton has petitioned the Superior Court for letters of administration in the estate of William B. Pendleton, who left property worth $35,000. It is mostly real estate in this county.

CLARK ESTATE. Adelma B. Clark is the petitioner for letters of administration in the estate of Edwin M. Clark, which is valued at $800.

ESTHER AND DOROTHY. Esther Burchard has petitioned for letters of guardianship for Esther and Dorothy Burchard, who are heirs to $4040.

PARKER ESTATE. Robert Parker has petitioned for letters in the estate of Mary J. Parker, valued at $1600.

FOR LETTERS. In the estate of John E. Hollen, Caroline Hollen has petitioned for letters of administration. The estate is valued at $2000.

Police Court Briefleta.

L. J. Christopher and H. S. Sparks, the ice cream men, were arrested yesterday for too frequently leaving open the sidewalk entrance to their basements. They were charged with obstructing the sidewalk, and fined $1 each by Justice Austin.

Eugene Wall was arrested for begging on the streets, and given five days for vagrancy.

R. W. Russell, the Texas black man, changed his plea to that of "guilty," when he came before Justice Austin yesterday, and he was given forty days for battery upon the person of a boy named Daniel Brice.

Al. Wheatley got "salted" $100 or ninety days, for making a walking arsenal of himself by carrying concealed deadly weapons. He did not ponder the question long, but put up the $100.

ROLLED BY A CAR.

George Campbell, a contractor, is a patient at the Good Samaritan Hospital, as the result of being rolled by a Los Angeles Traction car at the corner of Olive and Eighth streets yesterday. He is suffering with a few bruises and cuts on the head, but his injuries are not serious. Campbell attempted to board the car while it was going at a rapid rate. He was thrown to the ground and rolled several feet. The fall rendered him unconscious, and blood was flowing from his mouth when he was lifted from the road. An ambulance carried him to the hospital. Campbell, with his wife, has been staying at the Hotel Abbey on South Hill street, since his arrival in Los Angeles, a short time ago.

TEDFORD VERDICT SUSTAINED.

The Supreme Court at San Francisco yesterday affirmed the judgment of the Superior Court of this city, in the case of Thomas Tedford against the Los Angeles Electric Company, wherein Tedford was allowed $15,000 damages for personal injuries received while engaged in work for the company.

EVELYN BRIGGS BALDWIN, who is about to go in search of the North Pole, will describe his plans for reaching that point, and his unique plan for communicating with the Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

"KILLARNEY'S LAKES" is the title of a most entertaining descriptive article which will appear in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

FRANK G. CARPENTER'S letter in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday will tell some interesting and surprising facts about the island of Java.

THE LARGEST hop field in the world is in California. Miss Mabel Clare Craft will describe, in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday, how the hop industry is carried on.

NEW TROLLEY LINE TO SANTA MONICA.

Los Angeles and Pacific Begins Work on Its Cut-off From City Limits to Ocean Park.

WITHOUT beating of tomtoms or flourish of trumpets, ground has been broken for a new electric railway between Los Angeles and Santa Monica. Men and teams are now at work at several points in the vicinity of The Palms, and the grade which they are establishing will form a portion of the roadbed of the most direct traffic line between the City of the Angels and the seashore.

Gen. M. H. Sherman, when questioned yesterday as to the meaning of this work, stated that it was the beginning of the new short line of the Pasadena and Pacific Railroad, which up to the present time is the only company that is operating electric cars between Los Angeles and any point on the shore of the Pacific.

Projects have been under way for some time to connect other seaside resorts with Los Angeles by means of the trolley, and rumors have been rife about lines designed to compete with the Los Angeles and Pacific for the Santa Monica passenger traffic, but while the squabble for franchises to build and operate such roads has been going on, the Los Angeles and Pacific has given an earnest of its intention to strengthen itself in its chosen field by quietly acquiring a new private right of way and actually beginning construction of a cut-off which will greatly reduce the running time between Los Angeles and Santa Monica, and form a very important addition to the slpendid system of electric roads heretofore built, owned and operated by E. P. Clark and M. H. Sherman.

It has been pretty generally understood in railway circles that Clark and Sherman have kept this project steadily in view for the last year or two, and that they have long been getting ready to carry it into effect, but so quietly have they proceeded that the general public has been little aware of what has been accomplished in this direction. It may surprise some people, therefore, to learn how soon they may have their choice of three electric route to Santa Monica—via Hollywood, via what is now known as the Sixteenth-street route, or via the new short line.

PREPARED FOR BUSINESS.

"We have on hand and paid for all the material necessary to build a first-class double-track road from the city limits of Los Angeles to a connection with our present terminal at Ocean Park, with the greatest possible dispatch, and we intend to give an exhibition of rapid railroad construction as soon as we get our right-of-way matters fully cleared up," said Gen. Sherman last night. "We already have a private right of way, fifty feet wide, bought and paid for where necessary, for nine-tenths of the distance. The remaining tenth will soon be ours, although we may have to rely on condemnation proceedings in a few instances.

"We already have our teams at work in several places, and our rails are arriving at the rate of more than a mile a day, and the ties, wire, etc., will be on the ground as fast as we need them. At present we are working only our own men and teams, but as soon as the right of way is clear and our route definitely established we will let a short-time contract for all of the new construction.

PROPOSED ROUTE.

"As to the exact route, can only say that we have made several surveys, and the final location may vary a little to the north or south, but approximately we will run in a direct line from a point near our new power-house at Ocean Park to a junction with our Sixteenth-street line near the city limits. We will not turn out of our adopted course for house, orchard or any other costly obstruction, as our aim is to make a bee-line for practically the entire distance between the two objective points. In some instances we have had to pay as much as $1500 per acre, where our line is projected through highly-improved property. With a practically level track and no curves, we figure that we can reduce the running time from the city limits to the ocean front to twenty minutes.

"Our new power-house at South Santa Monica, which is now nearing completion, will furnish ample power for heavy traffic and fast service over the new line. Our rolling stock will be of the very best construction and our motors of sufficient horse power to make the fastest time yet attempted on any trolley line. We have lately received a number of splendid new cars, and President Clark will start East next Tuesday to place orders for enough additional rolling stock to thoroughly equip the new line and handle our rapidly-increasing business.

WILL RUSH CONSTRUCTION.

"I cannot say just how soon we will begin to operate the cut-off, but judging by the speed made in our former construction, and with the experience gained thereby, I think I may say that our new line will be in operation before any of the other electric roads now being talked of or already headed for the ocean.

"We feel very secure in our own territory, and are not alarmed at the threats of competition. Our hold on popularity is the excellence of the service we give, and our object in making the present contemplated improvements is to meet the demands of our growing business. Lack of sufficient power facilities has somewhat taxed our abilities to give as good a service as we have aimed at during the present busy year, but our new power-house, which is now awaiting the engines, will obviate all difficulties of this nature."

IMPORTANT DEVELOPMENT.

The new trolley line will pass through the rich farming lands recently reclaimed by Frederick H. Rindge and associates in the Las Cienegas and adjacent ranches by the construction of an expensive system of drainage and irrigation. It will materially aid in the settlement of these lands, and will thus prove an important factor in the development of the country between Los Angeles and Santa Monica. Much of the right of way for the new road was secured in the names of Mr. Rindge and his associates.

THE OIL FIELDS

PRODUCERS' COMBINE HAS ENTERED FIELD.

CONTRACT WITH STORAGE COMPANY FINALLY CLOSED.

Summerland Field in State of Stagnation—Reported Find of Oil in Keswick—Kern River Royalties Still High.

The Los Angeles Oil Producers' Association is now in the field, and commencing September 2 the product of 500 local wells will be under the control of the combine.

At a meeting last evening the organization of the association was perfected, and a contract with the Oil Storage and Transportation Company for the handling of its output was closed. This contract will become operative Tuesday next, and on that date a standard price will be fixed and all the oil of the association will be handled through one channel.

The fixing of the price and other details in connection with the marketing of the product will be attended to by a special committee selected last evening. This committee will hold office for six months, and during that period its control of the product represented by the association will be absolute, the committee being W. H. Allen, L. C. Parker and Maj. George Easton.

As yet the official market value of the home product has not been fixed, and the committee will be in no hurry to settle the very complex question. A meeting will be held this morning, when the matter will be fully discussed.

The association is pulling wires for several large contracts, which, if secured, may strengthen the market to no small degree.

SUMMERLAND STAGNATION.

There has not been a period of greater stagnation in the Summerland field for years than exists now. According to a special from the field, six weeks ago there were six drilling rigs at work along the mile of ocean front; today, all but one are idle. Producers are averse to spending anything beyond the mere cost of operation until it is definitely known whether the Summerland Consolidated Oil Company proves a go, and takes over their property. To reach this end, S. W. Knapp has been working for some months, and it is supposed that the consummation of the deal is not far distant.

The plan of operation, as given out, consists in a guaranteed bond issue sufficient to pay for the properties and to make necessary improvements. The sum required will not be far from $500,000, as virtually all the field is embraced in the deal. The capitalization of the consolidation is said to be $2,000,000.

Meanwhile, pending the settlement of affairs, all branches of work in the field have suffered. The shipment of oil has fallen off, and it will be less this month than in some time.

KESWICK OIL FIND.

Reports of the striking of oil in the well of the Keswick Crude Oil Company on Sand Flats, near Keswick, has caused quite a flurry in that part of the country. As yet but little has been learned of the find, other than that a very strong seepage of oil has been brought to light. It is a thick black crude petroleum, which, when lighted, burns brightly for a considerable period, giving forth a smell similar to that of kerosene.

KERN ROYALTIES TILL UP.

There seems to be little decrease in the rate of royalties asked by owners of property in the Kern River field. During the past two weeks, according to the Bakersfield Californian, eight or ten men representing as many companies, have applied to a Bakersfield agent for oil lands, but when they learned the property could be leased only on royalty from 40 to 50 per cent. of the output, they at once withdrew from the list of prospective operators.

Notwithstanding the shrinkage in the business, holders of land are showing their faith in its future, by holding for terms nearly as high as those in vogue in the boom times.

ON 'CHANGE.

REED CRUDE MOVES UP.

Transactions on the floor of the local stock exchange yesterday consisted of the sole disposal of a few hundred shares of Reed Crude at a price that showed a slight advance.

The total of the day was:

	Shares.	Price.
Reed Crude	2,500	$ .35½
Total	2,500	$887.50

SAN FRANCISCO MARKET.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 30.—At the morning session of the oil exchange the sales made were at the following figures:

Petroleum	$ .84	S. F. & McK.	$ 1.30
Reed	.34	Sovereign	.32
Four Oil	.40	Sovereign	.33
Occidental	.46	Sterling	1.35
No. 28	1.80	Sterling	1.40
Monarch	.30	Hanford	119.00
Monarch	.27	Hanford	118.00
Home Oil	2.45	Junction	.30
Peerless	5.00		

The official closing figures were:

Pet. Center	$ .32	Toltec	$ .25
Oil City Pet.	.29	Monarch	.26
Eldorado	.20	Monarch	.25
No. 28	1.35	Monte Cristo	1.90
Hanford	118.00	Junction	.28
Reed Crude Oil	.35	Peerless	5.00

SENATOR HOAR'S BIRTHDAY.

WORCESTER (Mass.) Aug. 30.—The close of three-quarters of a century of life finds the senior United States Senator from Massachusetts, George F. Hoar, in excellent health, and as active as many men twenty-five years his junior. The venerable statesman yesterday celebrated his seventy-fifth birthday. He was congratulated by friends and admirers in many of the States of the Union. The Senator is now serving his fifth term as a member of the Senate. During the summer Mr. Hoar has devoted part of his time to pleasure and sightseeing, but his literary work has not been neglected.

FRANK G. CARPENTER'S letter in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday will tell some interesting and surprising facts about the island of Java.

H. J. W. WHISKY

Has the age, the mellowness and the flavor to make it the greatest $1.00 whisky in California. Its purity is guaranteed by $100.00.

H. J. WOOLLACOTT, 124 NORTH SPRING ST.

San Diego Excursion...

The last cheap chance of the season to visit San Diego and Coronado Beach with its unique Tent City.

3 Dollars

Is the round trip rate, and tickets are good to come back any time within 30 days.

Friday and Saturday

September 6th and 7th

xxxx

Are the days on which these cheap tickets will be sold by the

xxxx

Santa Fe

Liners.

MONEY TO LOAN—

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, pianos, carriages, furniture, all kinds of personal property. We loan you more money, less interest, hold your goods longer, than any one; no commission, appraisers, middlemen's fees of sale; tickets issued; storage free in our warehouse. LEE BROS., 402 S. Spring.

MONEY TO LOAN FOR BUILDING OR ON improved city property, or in good outside towns AT LOWEST RATES, on a "NEW PLAN," interest decreases as you pay. STATE MUTUAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASS'N, 141 S. Broadway, Los Angeles.

$750,000 TO LOAN—
LOWEST RATES—
R. G. Lunt, agent the German Savings and Loan Society, San Francisco, 140 S. BROADWAY, Hellman Block.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, JEWELry, pianos, furniture, life insurance, warehouse receipts, or on any good collateral security; private office for ladies. 'Phone Main 3651. SAFETY LOAN CO., 254 S. Broadway, rooms 1 and 2.

MONEY, MONEY, MONEY—
To loan on real estate from 6 per cent.; on chattel mortgage on rooming-houses from 1 per cent. per month. RIGHT, 313 California Bank Building.

A THOROUGHLY RELIABLE PLACE TO obtain a loan on diamonds, jewelry or furniture is at the SYNDICATE LOAN CO.'S, 136½ S. Spring. Geo. L. Mills, Mgr. Tel. James 311.

LOANS TO SALARIED PEOPLE HOLDING permanent position, without security; easy payments. THE MORRIS PLAN CO., 324 BRYSON BLOCK, room 21. Tel. red 3681.

CASH CONFIDENTIALLY LOANED SALaried people without security or indorsement; very easy payments; evenings, 7 to 9. COMMERCIAL LOAN CO., 104 Frost Block.

TO LOAN—MONEY IN AMOUNTS TO SUIT on real estate security at the very lowest rates. A. C. GOLBY, 201 N. Broadway. Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.

TO LOAN — $250 TO $50,000 ON CITY OR country real estate. LEE A. M'CONNELL & CO., real estate and loans, Frost Bldg., 145 S. Broadway.

R. W. POINDEXTER, 320 WILCOX BLOCK, lends money on real estate, stocks, bonds and mortgages; building and investment loans made.

MONEY AT 4½ TO 5 PER CENT. NET, according to size and character of the loan. EDWARD D. SILENT & CO., 216 W. Second st.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE ON their notes without indorser; 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.; evenings, 7 to 8. YOUDLEY, 324 Wilcox Bldg.

MERCANTILE LOAN CO., CASH ADVANCED salaried people. Room 113, HELLMAN BLK., 232 W. Second. 9 a.m., 5 p.m. 'Phone main 1207.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SMALL OR LARGE amounts on real estate, chattels, furniture, etc. HOVIS & MARTIN, 136 S. Broadway.

ANY PART OF $1500, 6 PER CENT. NET, OR or before 2 or 3 years; no commission; improved city realty. 129½ E. FIRST ST.

$500,000 TO LOAN AT 5 TO 7 PER CENT. on business and residence property. F. Q. STORY, 356 Byrne Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON GOOD SECURITY AT reasonable rates. NORTH & GRASSETT, 108 Wilson Block, First and Spring.

MONEY AT 6% TO 7 PER CENT. NET, ACcording to amount and security. H. E. LINDLEY, 117 S. Broadway.

$1000 TO $2,500—LOW RATES; NO COMmission charged on good loans. A. H. GREGG & CO., 223 Laughlin Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY AND COUNTRY real estate at lowest rates. ROBERT MARSH & CO., 326 Douglas Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY OR COUNTRY real estate. THOMAS R. WADSWORTH, 319 and 320 Douglas Bldg.

$1000 TO $50,000—REASONABLE RATES; NO commission charged. ALLISON BARLOW & CO., 123 S. Broadway.

$5000 TO $50,000, PRIVATE MONEY, 6 PER cent. LOCKHART & SON, 117 S. Broadway.

TO LOAN — 5 TO 7 PER CENT. MONEY. BRADSHAW BROS., 167 Bradbury Block.

MONEY WANTED—

WANTED—$800 at 6 PER CENT. FOR TWO years on Ontario real estate; no agents. Address Z, box 62, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — $5000, $2500, $2000, $2500, MORTgage on income city property. W. H. CHAMBERLIN, 228 Laughlin Bldg.

WANTED—$400, 1 PER CENT. INTEREST, payable monthly; choice furniture loan. Address A, box 95, TIMES OFFICE.

STOCKS AND BONDS—

WALLACE BROS.,
254 S. BROADWAY.
—We are offering—
—SEASIDE WATER CO. BONDS—
(A consolidation of the Long Beach Development Co., Boston Water Co., Banning Water Co. and the Terminal Island Supply System.) They are 5 per cent., 20-year gold bonds; interest payable Aug. 20 and Feb. 20. Some of our recent sales of these bonds are in such figures as $10,000, $25,000, $5000, $25,000, $2000, $10,000, etc. Our best buyers are conservative bankers and old residents, who recognize the security back of these bonds.
WALLACE BROS.,
Room 22, Rindge Block, 254 S. Broadway.
Tel. James 2256.

AS DEALERS EXCLUSIVELY IN FIRST-class 5 and 6-per-cent. gold bonds, at first hands, we feel that our experience, capital and careful business methods insure buyers the safest and most satisfactory mortgage notes obtainable; paying 4½ to 6 per cent.; invite calls in person, by telephone or inquiry by mail.
ADAMS-PHILLIPS COMPANY,
Tel. main No. 967. No. 315 S. Broadway.
Established August, 1892.

PERSONAL—
Business.

PERSONAL — BUTTER, 15c, 25c, 30c; cheese, 5c, 10c, 12½c; hams, 12c; bacon, 12½c; 5-lb. can lard, 55c; Mason jars, quarts, 50c; half gallons, 75c; 12 lbs. beans, 25c; 10 lbs. prunes, 25c; 9 lbs. rolled oats, 25c; Postum cereal, 15c; Mocha-Java, 35c; 9 glasses jelly, 25c; 20 lbs. sack fine table salt, 25c. ECONOMIC, 267 S. Los Angeles st.

PERSONAL — WANTED, PARTIES WHO witnessed the collision on the Temple-st. cable road near New High st., May 30, 1901, whereby Mrs. R. H. Potts was seriously injured, will confer a great favor by reporting to W. H. POTTS, 252 S. Spring st.

PERSONAL — MRS. PARKER, PALMIST. Life reading, business, lawsuits, removals, travels, mineral locations described, property, speculations, love, health and all affairs in life. 416½ S. SPRING ST., room 2. 50c and $1.

PERSONAL — MRS. BELL, THE GENUINE life reader, love or business adviser; satisfied patrons are her great advertisers, not printer's ink. Another 50c chance. 519 S. SPRING.

PERSONAL—DR. GREEN, LIFE READER, tells past, present and future, business; readings daily, 50c; satisfaction guaranteed. 119½ S. SPRING, room 16.

PERSONAL—WHEN VISITING SAN PEDRO, call at the Little Hillside Department Store for cigars. N. A. STEVENS, Prop.

PERSONAL—HAVE YOU BEEN TO SEE that wonderful fortune teller at 718 S. GRAND AVE. Fee 50c.

PERSONAL—MRS. M. E. KENWORTHY, Circle tonight. Readings daily at 1 p.m. to 4 p.m. 446 S. HILL ST.

PERSONAL — MRS. WESLEY, MAGNETIC healer, card-reader and trance medium. 140½ S. SPRING, parlors 2-3.

PERSONAL—LADIES! FEMALE DISEASES cured. Trial free. ZENO CO., P. O. Drawer 1540, Milwaukee, Wis.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW—

DYER'S COLLECTING AGENCY—TRUSTEE T. Dyer, attorney and notary. Collections made throughout the world. No fee charged unless successful. 138 Douglas Bldg. Main 1514.

ADVICE FREE—NO FEE WITHOUT SUCcess; divorce laws a specialty; damages; estates. J. H. SMITH, 114 Byrne Block.

DIVORCE LAW—SPECIAL ADVICE FREE. W. W. Holcomb, Atty., 211 W. 1st., R. 2-14.

MACHINERY—
And Mechanical Arts.

BAKER IRON WORKS—FOUNDERS, 949 TO 967 BUENA VISTA ST. Tel. main 124.

FULTON ENGINE WORKS, FOUNDERS and machinists. Cor. Chavez and Ash sts.

THREW away his crutches! Suckow's Rheumatic Remedy. After being treated for two months by three specialists for inflammatory rheumatism without the slightest improvement, concluded to try Suckow's Rheumatic Remedy. After a few doses I commenced to find relief, and have continued to improve until I am perfectly cured. I am willing at any time to testify to the merits of the remedy and tell my experience.—H. A. JOBE, R. R. Section Foreman Santa Fe. 317 S. Main St. For sale at all leading drug stores; $1 per bottle; 6 bottles for $5. All druggists give a guarantee with the $5 treatment, or money refunded if not cured.

Sewing Machines.

Big values for little money. This is a few standard makes little used
E. B. MOREHEAD, Mgr., 349 S. Spring

SERIOUS TRIFLES

Neglect of Simple Complaints Often Causes Great Suffering and Serious Results.

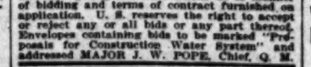
Does your back ache? If so, what makes it ache and what does it mean? There is a reason for everything, and if you have a backache, there must be a cause for it.

The chances are your kidneys are at fault. If they are not right, the quicker you attend to them the better it will be; for a neglected kidney trouble cannot get well of itself. When these organs once commence to break down, the work of destruction continues, unless death is averted by the prompt use of proper means.

EDWARD HUSS, a prominent business man of Salisbury, Mo., suffered frightfully from backache and in a recent letter he tells how he managed to stop it. He says: "I had been a sufferer for a long time from lumbago, and, of course, tried almost everything I heard of that offered relief; but all the so-called remedies I took did me no good until a friend induced me to try FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE. I used three bottles of it and was entirely cured."

Thousands of others have met with the same success in using this remedy for kidney and bladder troubles.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE is a preparation that can be depended upon to do all that is claimed for it. Physicians of the highest standing employ it in their practice, for it is a combination of the most valuable kidney and bladder remedies endorsed by specialists in the diseases of those organs. If taken early it will cure every form of kidney and bladder trouble and will quickly relieve the worst cases, even in the last stages.



WE REMOVE **Tape Worms,**

STOMACH, INTESTINAL and all other parasites which are the cause of so much chronic trouble. Consultation and diagnosis FREE. Hours—9 a.m. to 12 m.; 1 to 4 p.m.
DR. SMITH & ARNOLD,
203½ S. BROADWAY. - Rooms 220 and 221

SEPT. 15th we move to 340 S. Broadway—City Dye Works, 342 South Broadway. Tel. M. 561.

Jones' Book Store,
226 West First.
Books bought, sold, exchanged. Late novels rented for 10c.

Laux's Kumyss...
For Stomach Troubles.
231 SOUTH BROADWAY.

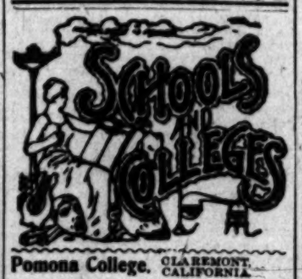
New Ice Cream Freezers,
Sanitary Refrigerators.
NAUERTH HDW CO.
230 South Spring.

LEGAL.

Notice of Stockholders' Meetings.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Los Angeles Brewing Company will be held at the company's office at 400 to 422 East Main street, in the city of Los Angeles, county of Los Angeles, State of California, on Tuesday, the third day of September, 1901, at 2 o'clock p.m., for the purposes of electing a board of directors to hold office for the ensuing year and until their successors are elected; and of transacting such other business as may be deemed necessary.
Dated August 17, 1901.
F. SCHLIEBITZ, Secretary.

PROPOSALS FOR CONSTRUCTING RESERvoir, etc., at Fort Grant, Arizona. Office of Chief Quartermaster, Dept. of Colo., Denver, Colo., Aug. 27, 1901. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 11 o'clock a.m., Sept. 28, 1901, and then opened for furnishing material and labor requisite for the construction of a reservoir and laying of water pipe at Fort Grant, Arizona, according to plans and specifications on file at this office and office of quartermaster at Fort Grant, Arizona, which will be shown and blank proposals and circulars giving full instructions as to manner of bidding and terms of contract furnished on application. U. S. reserves the right to accept or reject any or all bids or any part thereof. Envelopes containing bids to be marked "Proposals for Construction Water System" and addressed MAJOR J. W. POPE, Chief, Q. M.



Pomona College. CLAREMONT, CALIFORNIA.
College and Preparatory departments for young men and young women. It's degrees and certificates for work done are accepted by the best Western and Eastern Universities. Courses leading to B.A., B.S., and B.L. Also Musical, Literary and Art Literary courses. Term opens Sept. 25th. Address, PROF. E. C. NORTON, Ph. D. Dean.

Los Angeles Military Academy
Near Westlake Park. Take Los Angeles Traction Co.'s Westlake car. WALTER J. BAILEY, A.M., Principal. CAPTAIN CHAS. KIENER, Commandant. Tel. Main 1806.

HATCH Home School of Scientific Character Reading, 1829 S. Flower St. Tel. White 6271. Particular attention given to individual instruction. Classes are now forming. Those interested in the science or desirous of taking the course, please call Tuesday, Wednesday or Thursday from 2 to 4 p.m.

Pacific School of Osteopathy.
Cor. 16th and Flower Sts. College opens Sept. 3. 40 per cent. laboratory work in Histology Chemistry, Anatomy, Physiology, Embryology and professional subjects; 64-page illustrated catalogue sent free upon application.

ART AND DESIGN.

Los Angeles School of Complete Art Education or any branch. L. E. G. MACLEOD, Director. Prospectus. 614 HILL STREET.

LEARN SUGGESTION—All students should learn the laws of suggestion in the cure of diseases, the correction of vices and for the building of character. See DR. PITZER'S advertisement in Sunday Times Magazine.

Eton School FOR BOYS—Numbers limited; grammar school and preparatory courses; special advantages in language, literature and history. H. A. BROWN Prin., 960 W. Pico St. Tel. Blue 9351.

HARVARD SCHOOL (Military,)
Western Ave. Fits for college and business. Opens Sept. 24. Ten-acre athletic field. Gymnasium. City office 207 W. Third St. Tel West 201. GRENVILLE C. EMERY, A. M. Head Master.

Summer Course in Elocution, Voice Training, Physical Culture and Dramatic Work. Los Angeles School of Dramatic Art. G. A. DOBINSON, Principal 614 SOUTH HILL STREET.

Boynton Normal—A school for Teachers; prepares for County Examination. Calls and correspondence invited.
325 STIMSON BLOCK.

Los Angeles Business College
312 W. Third St. Tel. Black 3651.
TALKLET 10. Our fall term opens Monday, Sept. 2. Although school is in continuous session and students may enter at any time, yet we urge all who possibly can to enter Monday. New classes will be formed in all the studies, and a general reorganization in every department. We graduate students and give diplomas in the following courses: Commercial, Shorthand and Typewriting, Telegraphy and Assaying. The work in every department will this year, as in the past, be of a high grade; in fact, our constant aim is to advance and improve. We are pleased to know that business men appreciate our efforts, for the demand for efficient stenographers, bookkeepers and telegraph operators is greater than we can supply. This will be a prosperous year for Southern California, and it will pay all young people to prepare for the inevitable "flood, which, when taken at the tide, leads on to fortune." Interesting reading matter and detailed information to all who apply.
E. R. SHRADER, Pres. E. K. ISAACS, Vice Pres.
I. N. INSKEEP, Secy.

Brownsberger Business College.
The oldest, largest and most successful school of business in the Southwest. Day and evening sessions; experienced teachers, the most amply equipped; location, surroundings and business influence excellent. The rooms are large, airy and pleasant. Shorthand and Typewriting Departments have the largest attendance and obtain the most practical results of any Shorthand school in Southern California.
Our course in Bookkeeping is sensible, businesslike and comprehensive, conversational method in Spanish; thoroughly equipped Telegraph Department. During the year lectures will be given, free of charge, on subjects of Commercial Law, Commercial Ethics, Business Etiquette and Civil Government. *Individual instructions to all students. Enter any day. Fall Term opens Sept. 3. Beautiful catalogue on application.*

THROOP POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, PASADENA, CAL.
Only completely equipped Manual Training School on the coast. Five departments—Grammar School, Academy, College, Commercial or Business College, Normal, Art, Sloyd and Domestic Economy. Manual training forms part of daily curriculum in all departments. One price for all courses. Send for catalogue

MANZANITA HALL
Palo Alto, California
Within walking distance of *Leland Stanford University*, for which it prepares more men than any other school on the Pacific coast. It is the Exeter of the West, aiming to train along the lines of ambitious, purposeful concentration of energy. There are no saloons in Palo Alto. The atmosphere of the town is refined, intellectual and wholesome.
WRITE FOR PROSPECTUS TO
FRANK CRAMER, A.M., Principal

Cumnock School of Expression.
Three Departments:
Dramatic, English and Physical Culture
Thorough and complete courses in each. Full course includes all departments.
For catalogue and full information, address the Director, 303 Blanchard Bldg., Los Angeles.

ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL.
209 N. Union Avenue.
T. G. ADAMS, A.B., Principal.
A Boarding and Day School for Boys. Fits for any college. Thorough English course. Fully equipped Physical Laboratory. Large gymnasium equipped with all modern apparatus, shower baths, etc. Special Instructor for Gymnastics and Athletics. Telephone Brown 1154. Principal can be seen at down town office 10:30—12 a.m. Illustrated catalogue mailed on application.

Girls' Collegiate School,
(Casa de Rosas) Adams and Hoover Sts., Reopens TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24. A delightful home and thorough school, certificate admits to college. Superior advantages in music, art, physical culture and domestic science. Boys admitted to primary department. Beautiful new building, South Hall, increased facilities for boarding department. Information at 207 W. Third St. Telephone White 1171. Miss Parsons and Miss Dennen, Principals.

Brownsberger Home School of Shorthand and Typewriting for Young Men and Women, 923 W. Seventh St. Tel. Peter 6811.
SPECIAL FEATURES:
Machine at Home Free. Office Training, a Position for Every Graduate.
The largest Shorthand School in California.

ST. VINCENT'S COLLEGE,
Grand Avenue, Los Angeles.
A Boarding and Day College for young men and boys. Courses—Classical, Scientific and Commercial. Fall term begins on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4. For further information, send for a catalogue or apply to the president.
VERY REV. J. S. GLASS, C. M. D. D.

School Commences September 16
and parents are invited to bring their children to us to have their eyes examined before starting in on the school year.
For the next 10 days we will sell gold filled spectacle frames, guaranteed for ten years, for 99c
Others charge $5.00.
Los Angeles Optical Co., THE OCULISTS' OPTICIANS.
319 South Spring Street, opp. Owl Drug Store.

St. Matthew's Military School.
San Mateo, Cal. Founded A. D. 1868.
Prepares for college or for active business life. Graduates now attending University of California, Stanford, West Point, Annapolis, Princeton, Yale, etc. For catalogue and illustrated circular, address
REVEREND WM. A. BREWER, A.B., Rector and Headmaster.

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE LOS ANGELES, CAL.
Three courses: Classical, Literary, Scientific, leading to degrees B. A., B. L., and B. S. Preparatory Department of High School grade. Small classes. Personal attention. School of Music. First semester begins Sept. 23. Phone Alta 311. Address
PRES. GUY W. WADSWORTH.

COLLEGE of COMMERCE and ENGLISH.
Devon Inn—Cor. Tenth and Broadway.
Three departments—Primary, English and Commercial. Thorough and complete courses of study in each, whole, half day and evening sessions; private or class instruction, as pupil prefers. Experienced teachers, large, cool, ground-floor rooms; highest references, rates moderate. W. J. KENNARD, B. S., Pres.

[THE PEOPLE'S COLLEGE.]

The Times' Current Topics Club.

Papers by Experts and Specialists. Seven Courses of Study.

AMERICAN LITERATURE AND AMERICAN LIFE

XI.—AMERICAN HUMOR.

[By Arlo Bates, professor of English literature, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.]

PROF. BARRETT WENDELL, in his recent "History of American Literature," declares that the newspaper "emerges into literary quality, if at all, only in the form of a reckless humor whose history shows something like development." The exact force of the epithet "reckless" here I am not sure of, but it is interesting to follow on with his characterization of this quality, which seems to him the saving salt in the journalistic productions of the time.

NEWSPAPER HUMOR.

"This humor is always extravagant, generally deficient in taste and mostly ephemeral; but its underlying trait seems like that of the humor which has enlivened our standard literature. Our American temper has a shrewd sense of fact. Its instinctive conception of fun seems to lie in a preposterous confusion of hard fact with wild nonsense, complicated and freshly confused by a superficially grave manner. Its jumps from serious things to things which no human being could take seriously, and back again, are incalculably sudden. What looks like a vital trait in all this is the tendency among the 'funny men' of our newspapers to deal with fact in a growingly mature spirit. Artemus Ward came nearer to life than John Phoenix, Nasby than Artemus Ward; and, on the whole, the more recent of our newspaper humorists seem rather more firmly poised than Nasby. So far this phase of American literature has produced nothing which can reasonably be expected to last. From this broadly-popular origin, however, may perhaps come in future some lasting development."

I venture the somewhat lengthy quotation because it shows Prof. Wendell's view of what he considers one of the important tendencies of American literature, and because the phrase "American humor" is so constantly used vaguely that it is pleasant to meet with something like a thoughtful mention of it.

LITERATURE IN NEWSPAPERS.

How far literature is to come out of any development of the newspaper is a question likely to be answered differently by each individual according to his prejudices and the extent of his critical power. Most writers are apt to consider that the connection between art and journalism is hardly so obvious as to warrant any very definite conclusions in this line; but nobody would deny, I suppose, that at least the newspapers do indicate pretty fairly the more marked tastes and tendencies of the American people. Whether we say that the literature of the future may be developed from journalism, or that journalism indicates the characteristics which will mark the literature which is to come, we are agreed that any prominent trait of the newspaper, like its abundant humor, is sure to be in some shape found in later literary productions.

MAKING HUMOR TO ORDER.

American humor is abundant in the daily outpourings of the press—not always in its best form and often mixed with a good deal of very cheap imitation. The man who is obliged to be funny at the extent of so much space daily in a newspaper may be excused if he does not always keep up to the mark. Charles Lamb, when he was employed to furnish a daily supply of jests, declared that no Egyptian taskmaster ever devised a slavery like this. Every funny man inevitably falls into a rut and comes in time to make his jokes by a formula. To learn anything about the real quality of American humor at its best, therefore, it is necessary to consider it where it is produced under less pressure than in the columns of the newspaper.

HUMOR OF GREAT AUTHORS.

Of the men prominent in American literature a few have been deficient, but most have been well supplied with this important quality. Longfellow, like Tennyson, was as "prisingly lacking in a sense of humor; but Hawthorne, Emerson, Lowell and Holmes are notable examples on the other side. Emerson and Hawthorne are so delicate in their suggestions of humor that the careless reader hardly realizes the continual play of changing lights over their work, like the iridescence on mother of pearl. Lowell in the "Biglow Papers" and Holmes in his work, both in prose and verse, easily reveal themselves as humorists even to the most superficial reader. From what is universally looked upon as a standard literature it would not be difficult to gather examples of whatever is most characteristic of humor as it has developed on this side of the ocean.

COMBINING FACTS WITH ABSURDITIES.

Prof. Wendell's definition of American humor is apparently that it consists chiefly in a display of incongruities. He seems to contend that the sense of the realities of life, of its facts, is so strong in the American mind that nothing else can seem to it so droll as the mingling of fact with wild impossibilities. It is, in his own words, a "humorous habit of shifting from seriousness to burlesque and from burlesque back to seriousness." He places Mark Twain at the head of American humorists; and if to this clever writer is applied Prof. Wendell's principle it would show chiefly in the line of having things said out of place. Half the fun of "Innocents Abroad" consists in what it is hardly unkind to call the trick of putting into the mouths of characters any remark which under the circumstances in which they are placed they would not be expected to make. To ask at the grave of a famous ancient, "Is he dead?" is funny from the incongruousness of the idea of a grave for a man still alive, the contrast between the reader's sense of the facts of life and the fatuous state of mind which could ask a question so idiotic. Mark Twain produces by this recipe a good deal of most excellent fooling, but unhappily with all his shrewdness and wit he has not always that perception of fitness which is called taste. He does afford excellent illustration, however, of Prof. Wendell's idea of American humor.

To this definition I should object that it is too narrow. To it I should add at least three important sorts of humor as being abundant in American literature. The first of these is the use of the principle of the hyperbole; the second is also in the line of exaggeration, often of a sort which would have awakened the admiration of Baron Munchausen; the third depends for its fun on the implication of an extravagant and often elaborate chain of reasoning. All three are related, and to try to classify jokes with scientific exactness would be absurd. But these classes may be taken as especially typical.

HUMOR OF OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES.

Hyperbole shows itself in the humor of Dr. Holmes almost always in the form of a fantastic logic. An old bachelor and an ancient maiden, both over 70, were united in matrimony, and Dr. Holmes, on being told of the circumstance, remarked: "Of course there are no children, but were there any grandchildren?" The absurd and tantalizing suggestion here that there must be something logical in the idea that people so old might have grandchildren at least, comes out more clearly in the story which Dr. Holmes sometimes told in his lectures in anatomy in connection with the fact that the backbone shortens as men grow very old.

"I do not know how far this might go," Dr. Holmes would say, "but if men could live long enough there's no knowing how short they might get to be. I sometimes fancy Methuselah in his 900's going down street in the morning and meeting an acquaintance who asked how he was, and I can fancy Methuselah's answering: 'Pretty well, pretty well for an old man, but I'm a good deal troubled by my shoestrings getting into my eyes.'"

EXAGGERATION AS A FINE ART.

The logic here is evident: If a man in seventy years shrinks an inch or two, in hundreds of years he might have shrunk so that he could not keep his eyes clear of his shoestrings. American hyperbole does not always involve this carrying out of a train of logic, however. It is often simple exaggeration, as when a Boston man said in conversation:

"Gen. Blank's knowledge? You could put all he knows on the point of a cambric needle and have room enough left to give an inauguration ball in!"

This exaggeration runs in with that which I had in mind when I made a second division under this word. Much of the fun of speech in this country is colored with this habit of enormous expansion of idea. I once heard two teamsters disputing about their skill in driving, and after a somewhat lengthy contention one ended the matter by crying out: "Oh, shut up with your bragging! I tell yer I can do the work of one horse just by the way I push on the reins!"

HUMOR BEYOND THE ENGLISHMAN.

The third sort of humor is that in which an elaborate train of reasoning is involved in a statement seemingly simple. A good illustration is a quip which appeared in Puck some years ago. Two New York Irish workmen are having dinner, and one gives to the other a piece of goat's milk cheese which his wife has made the day before. The second gravely tastes it and remarks, thoughtfully: "I don't think, Pat, that Barnum's using as good paste this year as he did last." The words mean nothing unless the reader is able instantly to seize the idea that the goats of Shantytown are popularly supposed to browse on the fragments of circus posters torn from the billboards. The fun lies in bringing forward an idea which is naturally remote from the case in hand, and perhaps this is more characteristically American than any other sort of jest. It is certainly that which would be least likely to be devised or to be successful in England.

American humor, so far as it is to be distinguished from that of other countries, seems to me to be marked by its assumption of unusual nimbleness of apprehension on the part of the audience. Humor of any sort depends upon an appreciation of values and upon the hearer's being able instantly to perceive conditions and relations merely assumed or presupposed. When Chaucer tells us that the Friar seats himself after having driven away the cat, the perception of the humor of the touch depends upon the reader's realizing instantly that the cat is sure to select the most comfortable place the Friar has shown his feline luxuriousness by dispossessing puss, and that Chaucer is quietly smiling at the priestly love of comfort. In American humor this element seems to me to be carried farther than in any other. The jest about the goat's milk cheese is a case in point, and Lowell and Holmes are full of illustrations.

This quality is the thing which is at the bottom of the well-known difficulty of the English in appreciating American fun. A clever Englishwoman once tried to convince me that the trouble lies in the British ignorance of American slang.

"Everybody laughs," she said, "at the Englishman who asks, 'What was the matter with the apple pie?' but no Englishman who has not been in the States ever heard the phrase 'What's the matter with,' used as slang."

HE FAILED TO SEE THE POINT.

"I am afraid that isn't the whole of it," I answered. "An American would have known, instinctively; but what do you say to this? I heard an American tell in an English coffee-room the old story of Choate and Depew. Mr. Depew made a speech at a dinner which was rather flamboyant, and Mr. Choate, coming after him, so the story runs, said that all which he intended to say had been said by his predecessor. 'Still I am glad to be at this dinner,' he went on, 'I have had a doubt satisfied. I have been puzzled to see why that new company over in Jersey should have been called "The Depew Natural Gas Company, Limited." Now I see, although,' he added thoughtfully, 'I am still at a loss to see why it should be called "limited."' When the man who told the story had finished, an Englishman who was present remarked, with entire gravity: 'You Americans never do understand our business terms. Limited means——' And he went on to give a ten minutes' explanation."

Of course how far this obtuseness goes depends upon the individual Englishman, but as a rule the cotemporary British intellect certainly moves too slowly to get over the ground at the rate called for in the best of American fooling. The Englishman who can get ahead rapidly enough to put salt on the tail of an American joke is the exception rather than the rule.

AN EXAMPLE OF MENTAL ALERTNESS.

The humor of any people is one of the most reliable tests of national character, and mental alertness, mental flexibility, mental adaptability are the most marked traits of the folk of this nation. An incident trifling in itself which occurred not long ago seems to me to embody all the characteristics which mark the humor of our country so much more like that of the ancient Greek than that of any other modern race. A Boston man went to the suburbs to visit a distinguished musician, knowing only the square where the latter lived, and having no means of distinguishing the house. When he reached the square not a mortal was in sight, and he was about to ring at the nearest house to inquire his way, when he saw at play with other dogs a collie which he recognized as belonging to the musician. He called the dog, and with some difficulty coaxed it to allow him to examine its collar. The name of the owner was there, but no house number. This did not, however, disconcert the visitor. He simply shouted to the dog, startled it, and cried to it to go home. The collie fled in dismay, and the ingenious Bostonian calmly and correctly followed to the house he was in search of. The perception of possibilities was characteristically American, and it involved precisely the qualities which distinguish humor.

AN IMPORTANT NATIONAL CHARACTERISTIC.

Humor involves, moreover, a certain geniality, humor and humane tolerance which is well developed in our people. The humorist is necessarily a man who recognizes that all men are brothers if they are to take a joke—and if a man cannot take a joke it seems to me doubtful if he is to be recognized as worthy to stand in the highest human brotherhood. No man can have a well-organized sense of humor without being alive to the absurdity of artificial distinctions and to the cruelty of social distinctions founded upon accidental qualities. The enormous growth and the dangerous centralization of wealth in the United States may well make foreigners doubt whether the democratic spirit in which this nation was founded be not in danger of being lost; but so long as the sense or humor can be maintained democratic institutions are safe. We are today far more democratic in our humor than in our politics, and I believe the former to be by far the more accurate expression of national character.

A GREAT FORCE IN POLITICS.

It is not a light thing or one to be passed over in the study of national development that humor has played so large a part in our political history. "The Bigelow Papers" is a notable example of what I mean, and on a lower plane the writings of Petroleum V. Nasby really effected more than the entire life work of many a statesman who is gravely celebrated in history. It is all but impossible to believe that Abraham Lincoln could have carried through his wonderful work without the aid of that exhaustless flow of humor which was the lubricating oil to the wheels of government at a time when sand was being so freely thrown into the machinery of state. Lincoln was the incarnation of American humor, and the use he made of it to express deep and significant truths, to conciliate difficult opponents, to render possible delicate manipulations, is in itself sufficient proof, it seems to me, that of all the good gifts which this people has hitherto enjoyed, one of the best—and perhaps, too, one of the best that we have given to the world—is neither more nor less than American humor.

Arlo Bates

[Copyright, 1901, by Victor F. Lawson.]

THE TIMES' DAILY STORY

HER ANNIVERSARY.

BY A. C. ROWSEY.

[Published under special arrangement with the S. S. McClure Co., New York.]

WHEN the door closed, behind "Him" she went over to the library table, pulled out a drawer, took from it a small calendar, sighed softly, then marked the last day of the month. She stared thoughtfully at the mark as she made it, and turned back the months that had gone since the first of the year. It made her think of the year they were married—it was not many years ago. She laid the calendar aside and fished out another and another—until that first year's lay in her hand. That made her sigh again, for on the dates in that first year's calendar there were no pencil marks to indicate the evenings she had spent alone. That was before baby came, before he had become a little lion in the literary world. Society had not taken him under culture, but now it had. He was going to be a big lion some day, he said. She wondered if he would regret marrying such a spiritless little lioness. She wept dismally.

He used to ask her—it seemed years ago—to go out with him, to be lionized. But there was the baby, so she had refused. But babies do not always need close attention—nurse could well take care of her—but now he never asked.

She laid the little calendars face downward. With them out of sight she could pity him. It did seem hard to write all day with a thousand things to annoy him. He was entitled to his recreation—the recreation of listening to those who could appreciate his work. She felt her own inability to say bright things, and she hated the heroine and the hero. She wanted to choke them both at the end of the first chapter—and reclaim "Him" from the tangle of their two hundred-odd page existence.

And tonight she was to be alone again. She went into the kitchen of the little flat, and dismissed the girl. Then she brought the three-year-old into the library and sat before the fireplace with the child on her knee.

"Now we will finish the story of the fairy princess and the wicked giant," she said, turning over the leaves of the story book.

The child nodded vigorously.

"But the princess did not get hurt, when she fell from the castle wall, Edith, you remember that?" the mother inquired.

"No, mamma, taus if she is hurt you'd ky," said the youngster.

"I cry? Why, Edith?"

"Taus you is the princess."

"Me? No, indeed, I am no princess, Edith." She sighed to think of the other days when she was a queen—a tinsled one, true—in the first row. Five? Six? It did not seem so many years ago.

"Mamma, you is the princess, isn't you?" The little girl was on the verge of tears.

The new people in the flat across the hall were beginning to move about. The mother listened. The child sat with suspended forefinger. Presently they both heard some one playing. The fingers rippled up and down the keys, then struck up a march from a comic opera. The execution was not perfect, but the time was excellent. The mother's feet itched for movement. Then the music changed to a gavotte, then to a skirt dance. Suddenly it stopped.

The mother sighed. For a moment she had been back in the old days. The swish of gauzy skirts was in her ears, the smeary make-up box stood before her eyes; and the old life and fun she had known from girlhood came back.

"If you ain't a princess, you's a fairy," argued the child tenaciously.

A fairy? Some people used to think so.

"Yes, I'm a fairy. Do you want to see a fairy-mamma, Edith?"

The child shouted with delight.

"All right, here. Don't look around, and I'll go back to fairyland, and see."

She flew into her dressing-room, opened old trunks, pulled out old slippers and ballet finery.

The make-up box she handled tenderly. "From Ned," it was inscribed. Ned? She paused. What had ever become of him? They had quarreled, he drank so, and she had begged him to give it up. Then—well, she was too deadly respectable, he said.

She found the make-up paint hard to work, but in half an hour she crept softly into the library behind the child. Bending over the sleepy head she clasped the wee hands and awoke the baby with a kiss.

"You my mamma?" The child turned, half fearfully. "Is you my mamma?"

"Yes, dear, I am a fairy mamma now."

The player next door struck up a double shuffle. The little woman broke into the step with a toss of her head. It was ludicrous, of course. "He" would have thought her crazy, but the baby enjoyed it and her with dancing eyes, keeping tremulous time with its little feet. The mother danced on. The days of yore had come back. She was before the glaring lights. Presently she stopped, out of breath. In her ears rang the echo of the old-time applause. She laughed hysterically and kissed the child. Tears rolled on the grease paint.

"You ain't my mamma. You's a little girl fairy; my mamma's a great big fairy," the child said. The little woman laughed again. She wished—no, if "He" was present he would not understand. He had changed so much—since the days he used to hang around the stage door for her to appear.

The music in the adjoining flat trailed away into silence. Then a woman's voice, humming lightly, came across the hall. And again silence. They were closing the piano and turning out the parlor lights.

The mother stood like one transfixed in the center of the library. The laughter died on her lips. She looked down at her beruffled skirts, which had suddenly turned flimsy and tawdry. Then a hard, dry laugh rose in her throat. Yes, that was the way they all dropped from her, the illusions of her youth and her love.

The child lay on the great leather couch, blinking sleepily at her "fairy mamma." The long lashes drooped, and a happy smile crept around the baby mouth. She was in fairyland in truth. With a sob the mother flung herself beside the couch and clasped the dimpled hand in hers. This at least was her own, something real, something tangible and lasting, the blessed mother-love.

And so "He" found them three hours later, when he returned with the smiles of fair women still dazzling his eyes, and their fairer words still ringing in his ears. He bent over her with a frown, but when he saw the tiny furrows which the tears had made through the grease paint, his eyes softened. Then he walked to the table and picked up the calendars. His brow was puckered as he studied the queer pencil marks, until he found the last one. Then he remembered the day. He turned abruptly toward the graceful figure, crouched by the baby form; their two hands tightly clasped. A smile passed before his eyes, and when it was gone he no longer saw the fair, flattering faces of the ball room. He was back at the stage door of the theater waiting for Her.

She started suddenly and found herself in her husband's arms. He was smiling into her eyes, the sort of smile that carried her back to that first year.

"What sort of a game

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

H. G. OTIS.....President and General Manager.
HARRY CHANDLER.....Vice-President and Assistant General Manager.
MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER.....Secretary. ALBERT McFARLAND.....Treasurer.
PUBLISHERS OF

The Los Angeles Times

Daily, Weekly, Sunday, and Weekly Magazine. Vol. 40, No. 88. EVERY MORNING IN THE YEAR. Founded Dec. 4, 1881. Twentieth Year.

NEWS SERVICE:—Full reports of the new Associated Press, covering the globe; from 18,500 to 20,000 words transmitted daily over more than 20,000 miles of leased wires.

TERMS:—Daily and Sunday, including Magazine Section, 75 cents a month, or $9.00 a year; Daily without Sunday, $7.50 a year; Sunday, $2.50; Magazine only, $2.50; Weekly, $1.50.

SWORN CIRCULATION:—Daily net average for 1896, 13,091; for 1897, 19,858; for 1899, 26,151; for 1900, 28,731; for 1901, 30,756.

TELEPHONES:—Counting Room and Subscription Department, first floor, Press 1; City Editor and local news room, Press 2.

AGENCIES:—Eastern Agents, Williams & Lawrence, Nos. 21-23 Tribune Building, New York; 87 Washington street, Chicago. Washington Bureau, 46 Post Building.

Offices: Times Building, First and Broadway.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as mail matter of the second class.

THE REAL ISSUE.

In an editorial published recently by the New York Times, "the real issue in the steel strike" is pointed out, as follows:

"In every industry in which the plan of consolidation has been carried out on a large scale, and notably in the steel industry, in which it has found its highest development in a consolidation of consolidations, the labor leaders have been extremely cautious. Their following had begun to lose confidence in their ability to dictate terms to the management with any probability of even respectful consideration. To try the issue, whatever the result, was perhaps safer than to permit the distrust and uncertainty to grow into a conviction among the men that in thoroughly organized industries the day of strikes, intimidations, riots, violence, and private warfare was over. Labor defeated and discouraged, and smarting under a sense of oppression, was better material to work with than labor satisfied with the conditions and wages of its employment and skeptical as to the ability of its leaders to better its condition. Everything points to the conclusion that the otherwise causeless strike in the steel mills was begun for no other reason than as a test of strength between the Amalgamated Association and the United States Steel Corporation. Thus regarded, many things become intelligible which otherwise baffled explanation. To show that the position taken by Mr. Shaffer in his sundry circulars to the public is illogical, and that his arguments are refuted by the facts he is forced to admit, would seem to be useless. He is not troubled by any lack of coincidence between his utterances and his acts. What he and his associates in the management of the Amalgamated Association want to determine is whether the United States Steel Corporation is more or less vulnerable to attack from organized labor than were its component companies."

If the controlling purpose of the Amalgamated leaders was to ascertain "whether the United States Steel Corporation is more or less vulnerable to attack from organized labor than were its component companies," they are rapidly gaining the information sought. They are learning, not wholly to their own satisfaction, that the United States Steel Corporation is so much less vulnerable to their attacks than were its component companies that their assaults are of little avail. Few things are more certain or more obvious than that the Amalgamated Association will lose its present fight. The cause which it saw fit to espouse was hopeless from the first. Its demands were beyond all reason. The precipitation of a gigantic strike upon demands so unjust, throwing a hundred thousand men out of employment, was an act of infamy. Shaffer has proved himself to be the most unscrupulous and short-sighted "labor leader" that has thrust his unwelcome personality upon public attention for many a day.

After the Amalgamated Association leaders have completed their test of strength with the United States Steel Corporation, the wretched men whom they have deceived and betrayed will be obliged to shift for themselves as best they can. Those of them who are able to get work in the establishments where they were formerly employed will indeed be fortunate. Many of them will not be so fortunate, for their places are steadily being filled with free labor. Those strikers who go back at all will go as individuals and not as members of the Amalgamated Association. Now that the strikers have forced the issue, it is evidently the intention of the steel-trust managers to employ only free labor hereafter; to have nothing more to do with men who have sold themselves as slaves to the Amalgamated Association or other trade union organization. The steel-trust managers cannot, with reason or justice, be blamed for this course of action, for they have been subjected to untold annoyance and loss by these Amalgamated freebooters and disturbers of the industrial peace.

Is Mr. Shaffer's "test of strength" worth what it has cost and is costing?

The Buffalo Express rather grandiloquently observes that "if conditions continue as at present some day there will spring up a Napoleon on the south shores of the Caribbean Sea who will startle the world by creating for himself an empire there and placing it among the powers of the earth. The land lies ready, waiting only for the master who has the genius to organize and govern it." One thing is lacking which our esteemed contemporary has overlooked, and that is population. And if matters go on as they are going now, the prospects for any further increase of the population in that region will be very slim.

The "rumor that peace negotiations are on foot" in the steel strike is still on its daily perigrinations. It comes around more regularly than the milkman, for he misses a day once in a while. The guessers may "hit it" sometime

A BOOM IN RAILROAD FRANCHISES.

There is quite a boom just now in obtaining franchises for suburban electric roads. The City Council and Supervisors have been kept busy considering applications of this kind. Franchises have been asked, and to some extent granted, for electric roads to Monrovia, and Whittier, and Long Beach, and San Pedro, and other points, while two applications are pending for franchises between Los Angeles and Santa Monica.

Speculators and investors are evidently beginning to realise that there is big money to be made in building suburban railroads in what promises, before many years, to become one of the most thickly-settled sections of the United States. These franchises have a present value, but it is insignificant in comparison with what they will be worth ten or twenty years hence. The Council and the Supervisors should exercise great caution in granting these valuable franchises. We have had, in the case of the agreement between the city and the water company, a good object lesson, showing how easy it is for a municipality to take a false step and give away valuable privileges for nothing, or next to nothing, and how hard it is to retrace such a step when it is once taken. In case of these railroad franchises the proper thing would, of course, be for the city or county to obtain a good solid return for the valuable rights that are granted, either in the shape of a cash payment, or of a percentage of the gross receipts. Unfortunately, however, the shrewd railroad builders—or would-be builders—have, by means best known to themselves, succeeded in obtaining legislation which makes it impossible for a community to make a reasonable kind of a deal of this kind. As the law now stands, the system of bidding for a railroad franchise is a farce.

While it is thus impossible for the city or county to obtain a fair equivalent for the rights and privileges that are granted to railroad builders, it is still in the power of the governing bodies to make the most favorable terms possible for the public, in the shape of rates of fare, frequency of travel, and so forth. This they should not fail to do. It is their manifest duty to the citizens whom they represent to safeguard their rights, so far as lies in their power. The responsibility and good faith of those who apply for railroad franchises should also be carefully looked into. It is not right or fitting that these franchises should be handed out, like so much free lunch, to any speculator who happens to put in a bid, without perhaps having any idea whatever of building the road, even if he is financially able to do so, but for the purpose of either keeping out competition as long as possible, or of selling the rights which he has acquired at a good round profit. There is a considerable amount of mystery surrounding certain applications for franchises that have recently been made, which it might be well to have cleaned up before they are granted.

In this connection, although the next election day is still a good way off, it is pertinent to emphasize the importance of carefully selecting the men whose duty it is to make the laws, whether for cities, or counties or for the State. It would be ludicrous if the question was not such a serious one, to notice how carelessly our Supervisors and Assemblymen, and even our Councilmen, are selected, with a rush, at the tail end of a convention, after what are considered the choicest plums have been distributed. Such positions seem to be regarded as a sort of consolation prize, to be given to those who have failed to draw any of the big gifts. Yet, the recorders, and sheriffs, and assessors, and others of that kind are merely high-classed book-keepers, who have no initiative, and can do no particular damage to the community, unless they actually steal, and that their bondsmen would have to make good; whereas the Supervisors and Assemblymen and Councilmen not only are charged with making and administering laws that may affect the physical, mental and moral welfare of large communities, but also with the expenditure, wisely or otherwise, of large sums of public money that has been provided by the taxpayers. This is particularly true in regard to the officials into whose hands is committed the management of this great and growing city, which is now, as it were, in the formative stage of development. To be a Councilman of Los Angeles should be regarded as a high honor and privilege, for which position the most representative and responsible citizens would be proud to contest. Instead of that, it has been too much the fashion to divide the Councilmanic offices among those who happen to possess a more than average amount of influence in ward politics. So long as such a system as this prevails, it is hopeless for us to expect any high grade of statesmanship at the City Hall. When a man does not appreciate the importance and responsibility of the office which he holds, it is not reasonable to expect that he will fully act up to the possibilities of which he is capable, even supposing him a man of ability and integrity.

This is somewhat of a digression from the subject on which we started out to write, namely, the necessity of care in granting valuable franchises, which are today worth thousands of dollars, and within a few years are likely to be worth millions. We again urge those who have the power of granting such franchises to use the utmost caution in safe-guarding the interests of the public.

G. F. Baer, president of the Philadelphia and Reading Railway system, who has just returned from Europe, states that a belief is prevalent in Germany that the United States has fomented the troubles in South Africa and South America "for the express purpose of obtaining both disputed territories." Our Teutonic friends also believe, according to Mr. Baer, that we "brought about the Spanish war simply to get Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines," and that we "will not be satisfied without holdings in Africa and South America." Ed. Atkinson and the other antis must have been conducting a lively campaign in Deutschland.

The New York Tribune tells of a man in the East who had been treated by many physicians for rheumatism without relief, but was instantly cured by being struck by lightning. So far as heard from, the medical profession, generally, are not recommending this treatment as a cure for rheumatism.

The international trade balance in favor of the United States for the first seven months of 1901 exceeded that for the same period of 1900 by about $15,000,000. This excellent pace cannot be kept up unless the senseless strikes which are "on" in various parts of the country are soon declared off.

The "war" in those little South American republics is assuming a more serious phase. If matters in that section of the globe go on much longer from bad to worse, the disorder will become as serious as that in San Francisco.

Potatoes are selling for 4 cents a pound in Denver, and the wail that ascends heavenward in consequence, from everybody but the potato growers, is one of the most heart-rending things that ever happened.

Those yellow-fever experiments in Havana are doubtless of great value to science, but they are causing a distressingly large percentage of deaths among the volunteer subjects of the experiments.

All this talk about carving Turkey is premature. Along about November or December it will be more seasonable.

ARMY AND NAVY MEN.

Contract Surgeon C. F. Williams, U.S.A., on a few weeks' leave from Fort McPherson, Ga., has been visiting in Baltimore, Md.

Lieut. Paul Wuttke, Porto Rico Provisional Regiment of Infantry, has recently taken charge of commissary matters at Henry Barracks, Caney, P. R.

Lord Roberts has given a sum of £50 sent to him by 300 time-expired men of Kitchener's Horse to the East London branch of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Families' Association.

Maj.-Gen. Baden-Powell is soon to receive a casket made of Tasmanian blackwood, enameled and decorated with gold and silver, from the members of the Tasmanian relief force who fought under him.

Lieut. Charles M. McCartney, U.S.N., accompanied by his family, is at Cape May, and has taken apartments at the Wyoming. Lieut. McCartney was of great value to the Bureau of Hydrography during the late war by his familiarity with the chart department of that office.

Lieut. Albert Moritz, U.S.N., lately from Guam, together with his wife and son, has been at Hunter, in the Catskills, for some time past on sick leave of absence, but will soon report for duty as inspector of machinery at the Morris Heights Works as the relief of Capt. L. J. Robinson, U.S.N. Lieut. Moritz will be remembered as the officer who received such high commendation from Gov. Schroeder for bravery and good conduct during the wreck of the Yosemite at Guam. Lieut. Moritz was in charge of the engineer department on board that vessel.

WHEN IDY HAD A BEAU.

The other night down at our house
when Idy had a beau,
Me an' Mandy heerd a stompin' at the
parlor door, you know,
An' when th' door was opened up I
hollered: "Idy Winn,
This is a purty time o' night to come
a-trompin' in'"
An' Mandy ketched me by the arm,
an' whispered tense an' low:
"Per heaven's sake, quit hollerin'! Per
Idy's got a beau!"

My face turned red's a comet trailin'
through the skies at night,
An' I heerd Idy whisper: "Wait until
I git a light!"
An' out she comes an' says: "Pa, that
jist shamed me nearly dead;
It's cold as ice in there an' you folks
pile right into bed.
So's we kin have this room," she says,
an' we picked up to go.
Per that's the first time in her life that
Idy had a beau!

Well, talk about a flustered girl! The
likes I never saw—
She called her father mother and she
called her mother paw!
"An' help me straighten up this room,
fer gracious sakes!" says she;
An' here I let my brogans drop an'
then she scowled at me!
I says: "We're goin' right to bed as
fast as we kin go!"
Per that's the first time in her life
that Idy had a beau!

We got into the bed at 'ast an' heerd
him take a seat;
We listened to the pleasant laugh that
Idy rippled sweet.
Says I, a kind o' whisperin': "Well,
that's a sweeter sound
Than we have been accustomed to
with jist ourselves around."
Says Mandy, sort o' sighin' like:
"Girls will be girls, you know,
That's jist the way I fetched you in
back thirty years ago!"
—[Edward Singer in Indianapolis Sun.

Uncle Jason (at the seaside hotel:) What's the difference between the American and European plans, John?

Galey: Oh, about the same difference as between embezzlement and robbery. —[Puck.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Knows Where to Buy.

While King Edward is patriotic, he figures that the best is none too good for him, so he is having two elevators for his palace made in this country. —[Chicago News.

Unique Boston.

Peanuts with the shells on must not be sold in Boston public parks. Boston is the only city in the country that takes its statues with covering and its peanuts without.—[Denver Republican.

Peaceful Assimilation.

Several of the Cuban teachers who have been attending the summer school at Harvard are likely to marry Americans. There is more than one way of annexing Cuba.—[Chicago Tribune.

An Effective Peacemaker.

The eagerness of Europe to buy wheat in this country shows that this is the best market for the purpose. An economic war on an empty stomach is not relished over there.—[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Needs Plenty, Too.

There are three qualifications necessary in a good sheriff in the parts of the country where lynching is epidemic. In the first place, courage; in the second place, courage, and in the third place, courage.—[New York Sun.

Mistaken Zeal.

The St. Louis physician who left his family to devote his life to the care of a leper has queer taste. It could not have been duty that prompted him, for a man's first duty is the care of his own family.—[Kansas City Journal.

His Real Purpose.

Whenever Richard Croker comes home, there is a disposition to believe, regardless of any assertions on his part, that it is for the purpose of looking over the books and seeing how collections have been going.—[Washington Star.

Strange Refutation.

The Chief of Police in New York calls the enemies of his force curs and rattlesnakes, which he seems to think is quite sufficient refutation of the charges they make and of the evidence with which they back the charges.—[Baltimore American.

An Impregnable Position.

The British government has decided that no man who bore arms against the British in South Africa can secure any compensation for damages inflicted by the British troops, even though he was compelled to enter the Boer service. This is a position that can hardly be overthrown by the representatives of the United States or any other government. —[Colorado Springs Telegraph.

Always Something for Sale.

It is the diversity of American production that gives us the commanding position which we hold in international trading. When corn fails us, we make good the shortage in our exports with wheat or cotton, and if foreigners do not need our breadstuffs we still have to sell our cheap manufactured products and oil and coal and copper, while adding to the world's store of gold and silver.—[Philadelphia Record.

California Justice.

California justice is sometimes equal to that of New Jersey. The man who gained notoriety a couple of weeks ago by his ingenious theft of gold bullion from a smelter has already been tried, convicted and sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment. It was thought that, since he confessed and enabled the owners of the gold to recover the whole amount, he would escape with a light sentence, but it seems he is to be punished just as if he had kept all his loot. This makes his crime one of the most unprofitable on record.—[Philadelphia Ledger.

RIPPLES OF MIRTH.

The Difference.

Mr. Puffkins: Have you been summering by the sea?

Miss Smart: No, I have been simmering by the sea.—[Ohio State Journal.

Pure Logic.

Mr. Beecroft: It is said that a withered rubber plant was greatly benefited by Christian Science.

The Cheerful Idiot: Well, if one of my palms was ailing, I should consult a palmist.—[Brooklyn Eagle.

Reason of It.

Urban: Why, old man, those chickens of yours are regular game cocks. What makes them such fighters?

Suburban: I'm sure I don't know, unless it comes from feeding them scraps.—[Detroit Free Press.

He Dissented.

Hungry Higgins: What do you think? A woman called me an animated scarecrow this mornin'.

Weary Watkins: I've knowed you since the early eighties, but I never seen no animation about you yet.—[Tit-Bits.

Getting On.

Bacon: Is your wife improving in her cooking?

Egbert: Oh, yes. When I first began to eat her food I had to have the doctor; now I just have to take some little things for indigestion which I happen to have in the house.—[Yonkers Statesman.

Had Nerve.

Briggs: Spudkins has nerve, hasn't he?

Griggs: Nerve; why, he borrowed my dress suit to go to a wedding, had it altered to fit him, then told the tailor to send it home with the bill C.O.D.—[Brooklyn Life.

His Impression.

Mamma: Oh, Harry, the baby is beginning to take notice.

Papa: Is that so? Well, it struck me he hadn't been taking notice for some time past; that when I wanted to sleep was just the time he wanted to raise samhill.—[Detroit Free Press.

True to Her Sex.

Jones: Our little brown mare kicked like everything when we tried to make her wear a straw hat.

Brown: She did?

Jones: Yes; but my wife sewed some pink roses and blue ribbon on it, and now she goes all right.—[Chicago Record-Herald.

Reliable Evidence.

"Where are all the people?" asked the drummer, noticing the deserted appearance of the streets.

"They're gone to the town park to pray for rain," answered the western Missouri merchant.

"Do you reckon it will do any good?"

"I don't believe it will," said the merchant, gloomily; "I haven't sold a single umbrella."—[Chicago Tribune.

YELLOW FEVER AT HAVANA.

HAVANA, Aug. 30.—Dr. Caldas will return to Brazil next week. The condition of the last patient attacked by yellow fever was serious last night, and if he dies an autopsy probably will be held by the board preparing the report to the government.

BRET HARTE ON EUREKA.

[Humboldt (Cal.) Times, Aug. 18, 1901:] Francis Bret Harte, the well-known author and clever sketch writer, in the front rank of American humorists, was at one time a resident of Humboldt county, and nearly a generation since was a contributor to the columns of the Times. In fact, he may be said to have begun his literary career at the case, being at one time a compositor, where he composed his first articles in type, while working as a typographer. The following poem, which was first published in the Times July 25, 1857, was probably the first of his effusions to find its way into print, and is interesting on account of the world-wide celebrity the author has since attained, and doubly so, as giving evidence of that peculiar vein of humor that has occasioned him to be called the "poet of the frontier." We give it in full as originally printed:

BILL SPORUS' BOAT ROW.

A LEGEND OF EUREKA.
(By Bitsard.

Bill Sporus was fond of occasional whisky,
When, like blessed King Cole, he was apt to be frisky;
But Billy, he drank only once in a while—
As the gravest do sometimes indulge in a "smile"—
And he told me in secret some evenings ago,
That "taking to water" had caused all his woe.

Now, metaphysicians have long doubted whether
Two passions exist in one subject together;
It matters not what the decision they made is,
Since Bill is equally fond of the ladies,
And loved quite as well as a glass of good liquor
A damsel that lived in a place called Eureka.

'Tis a town that is one of your queer kind of places,
So noted for lumber and beautiful faces;
There are dry goods and billiards, and shops where you victual,
And every convenience—nor is it so little;
But once 'twas quite lost to the country around it,
And they called it "Eureka," to show that they found it.

One evening, 'twas just 'twixt the day and the gloaming,
As Bill by the railroad was thoughtfully roaming,
And said he: "I remember a yarn of a lover,
Who swam every evening the Hellespont over,
His true love to see—and the way that I'll seek her
Is just to row down to that place called Eureka."

So his boat he shoved off on the watery realm,
Hope tugged at the oar, and love guided the helm,
And fortune, that favors the bold, lent him power—
He was there, and his boat, all secured, in an hour;
While he flew to the maiden who longed to receive him,
And here, if you please, for a moment we'll leave him.

But the fates that thus brought these two lovers together,
Most capriciously brought, too, a change in the weather.
While Bill was engaged in polite conversation,
The rhists they drove in without any cessation,
Until Old Humboldt light grew as dim as a spark,
And on sea and shore all was cheerless and dark.

Three hours had passed, and our lover still lingers—
He had bidden adieu to his lady love's fingers,
But, alas! 'twas his custom whene'er he felt tender—
To balance his spirits, he'd go on a bender;
And his feelings with whisky and water he'd mix,
Till he got, as he used to say, "tighter than bricks."

At last he appeared on the end of the wharf,
For he meant spite of weather and fog to be off.
How he staggered and reeled in his boat was a sin,
And in pushing her out he quite pushed himself in;
But consider how foolish it was in our lover
To embark when already he was "half seas over."

By dint of hard pushing—referring at times
To his "eyes" in a manner that won't suit these rhymes—
He managed to get her head off from the shore,
And then in the rowlocks he handled his oar
With a vigor and skill that scarce had done better
The far-famed exploit of the New York regatta.

He had pulled, as he thought, for an hour or more,
When he tried, through the darkness, to make out the shore,
For he labored so long and labored so well,
His exertions began most fearfully to tell;
While from his forehead and cheeks rolled the damp perspiration,
He was still quite as far from his true destination.

Now, in spite of the fates, be it said to his merit,
That Bill was by no means deficient in "spirit."
From a bottle he speedily tossed off a dram,
While he muttered, "I'm blowed if I know where I am."
Then back to his oars he would tug might and main,
'Till he'd fain had recourse to his bottle again.

Thus, in drinking and rowing alternate he lay,
'Till the long night of darkness rolled slowly away,
And through overexertions, and "horns" without number,
Our hero sank down in a stupefied slumber;
'Till the beams of the sun pierce the fogs that surround him.

Then he rose with a spring, like the old problem seeker
Of Greece, the renowned, and he shouted "Eureka!"
For there, at an oar's length, and plainly in sight,
Was the wharf that he pushed from the preceding night;
And he gazed till he saw, while his senses grew fainter,
That the boat was still safely secured by the painter.

She: So you've been across?

He: Yes, for the first time.

She: Ah! When you realized that you were on the broad bosom of the ocean did you not feel like shouting out with joy?

He: I don't know about the joy, but I assure you I could scarcely contain myself.—[Philadelphia Press.

WILL FLYING BECOME A FAD?

Some Achievements in Aeronautics.

Inventors Working the Country Over.

Santos-Dumont Machine Not the First to Remain Under Control.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—The partial success of M. Santos-Dumont in navigating the air with his dirigible balloon has stimulated interest in aeronautics the world over. From many parts of the United States word comes that inventors of flying machines are hard at work upon the invention that man has been struggling with since the thirteen century, always with indifferent success. To fly has been the ambition of human beings since the earliest times, and a glance at the history of flying machines will show that M. Santos-Dumont, while he has succeeded in getting an almost unlimited amount of first-class advertising, has really contributed very little toward the actual knowledge of navigating the air successfully and safely. Indeed, M. Santos-Dumont has not made so great progress toward actual navigation of the air by means of a balloon and propellors as was made in 1863, when Nadar, the aeronaut, exhibited his flying machine at the Crystal Palace in London. Nadar used the propeller with considerable success. But even he was outdone by another Frenchman, who, in 1884, got up a flying machine—made of a balloon with propellers—with which he went on a cruise for eighteen hours and met with no mishap. This machine worked well in still weather, but, like all other flying machines, it had no stability to withstand a sudden gust of wind, which was bound to wreck it. But the fact remains that this French flying machine did stay in the air and under the direction and control of its inventor for eighteen hours, which is more than the Santos-Dumont machine, over which the world became excited for a few days, succeeded in accomplishing.

The Patent Office in Washington is filled with designs and models of so-called flying machines, every one of which is capable of rising into the air and carrying a considerable weight with it, but not one of which can withstand a fair sailing breeze, or a capful of wind coming suddenly from an unexpected quarter. But the American flying-machine inventors are in no way discouraged by failure, and dozens of them are working away upon models all the time. The chief flying-machine inventor in Washington is Prof. Bangley of the Smithsonian Institution, who has been at work upon an unsuccessful machine for many years, and is still struggling with it. Owing to the fact that he holds an official position under the government he is shy about exhibiting his models, and strives, with some success, to keep his work upon flying machines from the public for fear of the ridicule that is sure to come to the scientific man who devotes any part of his time to the interesting and valuable study of aeronautics.

In Boston there is a society of flying-machine inventors—known as the Massachusetts Aeronautical Society—which has often proposed to hold a flying-machine congress, but has never yet issued the call. But the Massachusetts society is sure, in time, to have its proposed meeting, at which there will be present all of the flying-machine inventors of the world. It is a singular thing, too, that while the Frenchmen and the Germans, who are at work upon flying machines, go in for the dirigible balloon, with propelior attachment for controlling purposes, the American aeronauts pin their faith to the aeroplane as the main controlling factor in flying machines, with possibly the balloon attachment to give buoyancy, and propellers, as in the Santos-Dumont machine, for forward or backward movement. But most of the American inventors seem to think that for controlling the rising, soaring, with or against the wind, or declining movements, the aeroplane offers the most feasible means. For instance, Samuel Cabot, one of the most enthusiastic of the Massachusetts aeronauts, and a thoroughly scientific gentleman, has been at work for years and years with the aeroplane, and, in spite of the progress of foreign inventors, he still believes that, if the successful flying machine is ever invented, the aeroplane will play an important part in its construction. Mr. Cabot has as yet refrained from making a real flying machine, but has conducted his experiments with mammoth kites. One of his kites stands thirty feet high, and when held firmly against the wind is capable of sustaining the weight of a man. Of course, the whole principle of the aeroplane is that you must hold it against the wind in order to effect an upward movement, or to sustain it stationary in the air. In aeroplane kites, of course, this may be done by means of the string, but in the flying machine in which the aeroplane is an important part, there must be propellers of sufficient force to hold the machine close to the wind, and then the force of the wind will raise the machine by striking the planes at the proper angle.

To go back a bit in flying-machine history, one finds that in 1273 Friar Bacon, a worthy man, predicted on his reputation as a scientist and philosopher, that flying would presently become very common, and that a few years later no less a personage than Bishop Wilkins, the brother-in-law of Cromwell, in an outburst of aeronautical enthusiasm, proclaimed that within a few years, when a gentleman desired to go to call upon a neighbor, he would command his servant to fetch him his wings, as he then commanded his servant to bring his boots. The good bishop died without seeing man soaring in the clouds, and many centuries have passed without notable progress being made toward universal flight by man. Along about 1510 there appeared before James IV of Scotland, an Italian, who had become famous as a flying man, and who announced to James that he could fly anywhere. So, in the presence of royalty, the Italian put on his wings and jumped off Stirling Castle. It is set down in history that he descended quickly and with great force to the earth, but, to the great relief of the King, was not killed. But this Italian had poetry in his soul, and he told the people who had assembled to see him fly that he had made a fatal mistake in the construction of his wings, in that he had used in them some feathers from ordinary barnyard fowl, which were naturally no sports, and were attracted to the earth. Hence his fall.

The balloon was first got up in 1670 by Francis Lana, who made four great copper balls—very thin, they were—and pumped the air out of them. They did not make a very good balloon, but they were a start. In 1782 the fire balloon—such as staid citizens send up on July 4 for the delight of their offspring—was invented, and two Frenchmen tried to navigate the air with them. There was trouble along the route somewhere, however, and nothing is recorded of the success of the attempt. Then, a little later, an Englishman took it into his head that the very thing was a great rocket. He figured it that if the rocket were started in the right direction, and had sufficient power behind it, it would reach its destination and create excitement by the way, no matter what the condition of the weather might be. He could not find anybody to make the first trip, however, and not having the courage to do it himself, the experiment was never attempted, although the Englishman did build a rocket of sufficient size to set an American small boy wild with delight on the night before the Fourth of July.

The French government, in 1884, made a balloon that traveled more than seven miles against the wind, and everybody proclaimed that here, at last, was the solution of the mystery of the navigation of the air. But after a trip or two the government gave up the experiments, and nothing has been heard in recent years of the great French "war balloon," which was expected to revolutionize modern warfare. The French government, of course, has war balloons, for the taking of observations, but, like all other governments, it takes care that these balloons, when in use, are securely connected with the earth.

BUSTING PROGRAMME FOR BUSTERS' DAY.

TEDDY'S TERRORS WILL TERRIFY THE SHADES OF VERDUGO.

There Will Be Literary Exercises, Poems, Religious Devotions, Baked Beans, Original Declamations and Doings, They Say.

Today Teddy's Terrors, termed the most unique organization in the country, will hold their first annual round-up. They will gather at the Jonathan Club promptly at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, and after marching through some of the principal streets, they will take a special train on the Salt Lake Railroad for Verdugo Cañon, where they will participate in a grand barbecue and general "bust." There will be 100 uniformed men in line, commanded by Chief Buster J. W. F. Diss, and escorted by a band of forty pieces. Mayor Snyder, the only invited guest, will head the procession.

The line of march will be down Spring to First, First to Broadway, Broadway to Third, through Third to Spring and back to First, where cars will be boarded for the Terminal depot. The return to the city will be made at 11:30 p.m.

Following is the programme for the encampment, as given out by the committee last evening:

Address of welcome by the Mayor of Verdugo, Hon. Fred M. Smith.

Response by Mayor Snyder of Los Angeles.

Fat-man's race—Entries: Hutchison, Rule, Skillen, Fred Smith, McKiegan; prize, one dozen quarts of liquid air.

Contracosta solo by H. T. Hayes of Riverside.

Paper, "The Growth of Citrus Fruits," by L. J. Sprunce.

Reading of another telegram from Roosevelt at Oyster Bay, confirming the telegram of November 3, 1900, from Batavia. [By special wire to Verdugo.]

Paper, "How the Trusts Can be Handled by the Right People," by E. S. Sullivan, manager Standard Oil Company.

Story, "What He Knows About the Habits of Deer at Night," by Francis J. Thomas.

Paper, "Why Labor Unions Should be Encouraged," by Walking Delegate N. Bonfilio of the Excelsior Laundry.

Song, "The Gates Ajar," by Jim Keeney, Police Commissioner.

Story, "Sepulveda's Dream," by Sheriff W. A. Hammel.

Essay, "Ready-Made Men," by M. C. Adler, London Clothing Company.

Poem, "To Write Their Faults Upon the Sidewalk," by John G. Mott of the Elks, Exalted Ruler, '99, B.P.O.E.

Paper on the "Government Ownership of Railroads," by Maj. J. W. F. Diss, right-of-way agent of the Salt Lake Railroad.

"Forty Years' Personal Recollections of Congress," by Hon. Byron L. Oliver.

"The Story of the Bull Pups," by Dr. Ralph G. Skillen of Pasadena.

Original poem, "A Perfect Walkover," by J. F. Hughes.

Paper, "Why Not Build Railroads with Copper Instead of Gold," by Ferd K. Rule.

Study, "Can You Tell from Where You Sit How Your Picture is Going to Look?" by W. Kleckner.

Toast, "Teddy's Terrors, the Most Unique Organization in the Country."

Response by Gen. H. G. Otis.

Composition, "What I Know in a Crude Way About Mineral Grease," by John G. Bushnell.

Essay, "Does the Constitution Carry the Flag?" by E. H. Hutchison.

Paper, "How Soft Soap Can be Made Hard," by A. C. Brode.

An enormous quantity of beans and twelve bulls' heads have been cooking in the ground for thirty-six hours at Verdugo to satisfy the voracious Terrors at their glorious jollification. A full orchestra will dispense appropriate music during the feast.

ASKS PROTECTION FOR NEGROES.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Aug. 30.—An appeal to President McKinley for protection of the negroes who are being lynched for their crimes was formulated and indorsed by the Negro Territorial Baptist Sunday-school Convention in session in this city. The convention does not attempt to excuse their offenses, but asks the President to use his executive power in securing them a fair trial in the courts before punishment is meted out.

ONE CAN'T SAY
TOO MUCH IN PRAISE OF THE
CHICKERING
Piano. Every home that has a piano manufactured by the Chickering firm has the best that is possible to make. It will last
THROUGH GENERATIONS
And always keep its sweet tone and light touch. We are sole agents for the Chickering firm.
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA MUSIC CO., 216-218 W. THIRD ST. LOS ANGELES, CAL.

LOCALS ARE MOVING UP.

Lay Out the Statesmen With Ease.

Jones Too Speedy For the Northeners.

Dutch Lose a Bad Game to the Cripples By a Very Big Majority.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SACRAMENTO, Aug. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Los Angeles team won the second game of the series with Sacramento by superior all-around work. The "Red Legs" put up a snappy fielding game, and ran the bases like fiends. Hoffer and Jones were the opposing twirlers, and the Angels gave the Arizonan almost faultless support, while Hoffer had to be content with fielding back of him that at times was decidedly ragged and frayed at the edges.

The southerners opened up the first inning in merry fashion, scoring two runs, one of which was a "homer" by Householder. In their half, the Senators also pegged a tally on a home-run hit by Devereaux. In the fourth, the Senators added a couple of tallies to their score, Stanley and Ashenbach scoring on a hard hit by Hoffer past the second station.

In the sixth inning, however, the visitors more than evened up matters. Atherton and Reilly, the first two men up, hit safely, and Bowman made a neat sacrifice. A bad throw to third by Stanley enabled Atherton and Reilly to score, and the southerners took a lead that was never overcome. To put a finish on the game, the visitors pegged two more runs in the seventh, mainly due to an error by Devereaux. The Senators made a last desperate rally in the ninth, and Hoffer, who had pitched a good game, endeavored to win out.

With two gone, he sent a corking single into left field, and worked his way to third, while Devereaux got in the way of one of Jones's hot shots. The best that Courtney could do was to fly to Atherton, and the hopes of a ten-inning game went glimmering. Householder and Reilly were strictly in it for the visitors, the former fielding in brilliant style. The Senators put up a listless sort of game, and made bad bungles at critical times.

The score:

LOS ANGELES.

	A.B.	R.	B.H.	S.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Reitz, 2b	4	1	1	0	2	1	0
Hutchinson, lb	4	0	1	0	10	0	0
Householder, cf	4	1	1	0	1	0	0
Atherton, rf	4	1	1	0	1	0	0
Reilly, 3b	4	1	1	0	0	3	0
Bowman, ss	4	0	1	0	1	3	0
Kelly, ss	4	0	1	0	1	1	0
Spies, c	4	0	0	0	5	1	0
Jones, p	4	0	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	36	4	6	0	27	9	0

SACRAMENTO.

	A.B.	R.	B.H.	S.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Devereaux, 2b	4	1	1	0	1	1	1
Courtney, lb	4	0	0	0	9	0	0
McLaughlin, c	4	0	0	0	5	0	0
Doyle, rf	4	0	0	0	1	0	0
Bowman, 3b	4	0	0	0	1	2	0
Stanley, c	4	0	1	0	1	4	0
Ashenbach, lb	4	1	1	1	8	0	0
Householder, cf	4	0	1	0	4	0	0
Hoffer, p	4	0	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	34	2	4	1	27	8	1

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Los Angeles	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	—4
Base hits	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	—6
Sacramento	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—2
Base hits	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	—6

SUMMARY.

Runs, responsible for—Jones, 1; Hoffer, 1.
Home runs—Householder, Devereaux.
Two-base hit—Hutchinson.
Sacrifice hits—Hutchinson, McLaughlin, Bowman, Householder.
Stolen base on errors—Los Angeles, 1; Sacramento, 2.
First base on called balls—Off Jones, 1; off Hoffer, 1.
Left on bases—Los Angeles, 6; Sacramento, 8.
Struck out—By Hoffer, 2.
Hit by pitcher—Devereaux, 2.
Time of game—1h. 35m.
Umpire—Hardie.

DUTCH WERE STUPID.

CRIPPLES WON WITH EASE.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A home run by Josh Reilly in the eighth inning is all that saved San Francisco from a shut-out today at Recreation Park. The pennant leaders received a fierce drubbing, Oakland winning by 11 to 1.

The home team deserved to lose. Its players started out like a band of amateurs, making three errors in rapid succession. Moskiman, the Oakland twirler, uncorked a variety of curves that fooled the San Francisco men. Whalen, who was given indifferent support at the start, was wild, and allowed seven men to reach first on balls.

The score:

SAN FRANCISCO.

	A.B.	R.	B.H.	S.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Nordyke, lb	4	0	1	0	14	0	0
Wilson, c	4	0	0	0	4	0	0
Schwartz, rf	4	0	0	0	1	0	0
Breckfeld, cf	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hildebrandt, 2f	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shay, ss	4	0	0	0	2	0	0
Krug, 2b	4	0	0	0	1	0	0
Reilly, 3b	4	1	1	0	0	0	0
Whalen, p	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	36	1	2	0	24	0	0

OAKLAND.

	A.B.	R.	B.H.	S.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Newman, cf	4	2	1	1	4	0	0
Francis, ss	4	2	2	0	2	3	0
Smith, rf	4	1	1	0	1	0	0
Eagan, 1b	4	1	1	0	10	0	1
Moskiman, p	4	1	1	0	0	0	0
Lohman, 2f	4	1	1	0	1	0	0
Abbott, 3b	4	1	1	0	1	1	0
Bowman, c	4	1	1	0	1	1	0
Lohman, p	3	1	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	31	11	9	2	27	4	1

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
San Francisco	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1
Base hits	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	—2
Oakland	0	0	2	3	0	0	4	2	0	—11
Base hits	2	1	0	2	0	0	2	1	1	—9

SUMMARY.

Runs, responsible for—Whalen, 2; Moskiman, 1.
Home run—J. Reilly.
Two-base hits—Dunleavy, Strelb, Arellanes, Whalen.
Sacrifice hits—Eagan, 2; Lohman, 2.
First base on errors—Oakland, 2; San Francisco, 1.
First base on called balls—Oakland, 1; San Francisco, 1.
Left on bases—Oakland, 8; San Francisco, 4.
Struck out—By Moskiman, 2.
Hit by pitcher—Strelb.
Passed balls—Lohman.
Time of game—1h. 55m.
Umpire—Levy.

LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	Pc.
San Francisco	57	43	.570
Los Angeles	47	46	.505
Sacramento	44	49	.473
Oakland	43	54	.443

No Monday Baseball.

There will not be a ball game here on Monday between the Looloos and the Elks at the Chutes grounds. The game was arranged this week and announced, but now it is learned that the grounds were previously leased for other purposes on Monday.

AMERICAN LEAGUE GAMES.

NINE INNINGS AND CALLED.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—Score:
Chicago, 5; base hits, 12; errors, 3.
Baltimore, 8; base hits, 7; errors, 4.
Game called at end of ninth on account of darkness, with the score a tie.
Batteries — Callahan and Sugden; Foreman and Robinson.

PHILADELPHIA-MILWAUKEE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 30.—Score:
Milwaukee, 1; base hits, 9; errors, 1.
Philadelphia, 3; base hits, 6; errors, 1.
Batteries — Garvin and Donahue; Wiltse and Sheehan.

BOSTON-DETROIT.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

DETROIT (Mich.) Aug. 30.—Score:
Boston, 5; base hits, 10; errors, 1.
Detroit, 4; base hits, 14; errors, 4.
Batteries—Young, Lewis and Criger; Cronin and Shaw.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

NEW YORK WHITEWASHED.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Score:
New York, 0; base hits, 6; errors, 3.
Philadelphia, 8; base hits, 15; errors, 2.
Batteries—Matthewson and Warner; Duggleby and McFarland.

BROOKLYN-BOSTON.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

BOSTON, Aug. 30.—Score:
Boston, 3; base hits, 8; errors, 2.
Brooklyn, 4; base hits, 9; errors, 1.
Batteries—Dineen and Kittredge; Donovan and Farrell.

CINCINNATI-ST. LOUIS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 30.—Score:
Cincinnati, 7; base hits, 12; errors, 0.
St. Louis, 5; base hits, 8; errors, 1.
Batteries—Hahn and Bergen; Powell and Ryan.
Umpire—Brown.

LAWN TENNIS.

SUTTON SISTERS' GREAT PLAY.

The three Sutton sisters of Pasadena May, Violet and Ethel, continue to be the star performers in the tennis tournament on the courts of the Hotel Rafael, San Rafael, Marin county. Miss May Sutton, the Southern California champion, will win the Coast championship in the final ladies' singles today, without doubt, as she has played all around every woman she has met in the North.

She came within an ace of winning the championship in the mixed doubles, and if she had had a partner equal to her in ability, they would doubtless have captured the prize. As it was, the score was 6-2, 4-6, 6-2, the winners being George Whitney and Miss Mariam Hall, the best lady player in the North. The winners carried the day owing to the superior work of Whitney, whose fame is well known in either doubles or singles.

The San Francisco papers state that Miss May Sutton is one of the most remarkable players that ever appeared in the North and that her sister Florence is almost as good.

Col. P. H. Seymour, who took the Sutton sisters to San Rafael, is ready to bet $1000 that Miss May Sutton can defeat Miss Marion Jones. While Miss May is more than willing to play Miss Jones, she refuses to do so if any money is wagered on the contest. Miss Jones is now at Niagara, trying to win the ladies' championship of Canada.

GOLF TOURNAMENT ON CATALINA ISLAND.

EXCELLENT SCORES MADE IN THE OPEN HANDICAP.

Drawings for the Banning Competition Cup Which Will Be Awarded Today for the Third Time—W. Walton and E. Conde Jones Have Each Won It.

AVALON, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] The first event for this morning was the special cup competition for the Banning cup. Those contestants making the sixteen best gross scores in the men's medal competition shall then play eighteen holes match play until but two competitors remain, who shall play the final game on Saturday, consisting of 36 holes match play for the Banning special cup. This cup is contested for at every August tournament, until it shall have been won by the same person three times in succession, when it becomes that person's private property. The cup was first competed for in 1899, when it was won by E. Conde Jones. In 1900 it was won by Winsor Waitonf. The sixteen players who made best scores in the medal play yesterday and who were qualified to enter the cup competition drew for partners in the match, with the following results:

C. Moore-Winsor Walton, J. Jevne-E. Condé Jones, C. S. Byington-A. R. Sanger, F. V. Rider-F. Griffith, B. O. Kendall-N. Walton, W. Frederickson-J. W. Broad, A. P. Hubbard-F. H. Lyon, J. J. Mellus-E. H. Smith.

There will also be open driving contests for both men and women during the afternoon, and this evening the golf hop will take place at Hotel Metropole.

MEN'S OPEN HANDICAP.

There was good golf on the course yesterday in the men's open handicap. J. W. Broad, with a handicap of 20, led in the net results, with 151 for 36 holes, but Winsor Walton, a scratch man, was next with 153, and Harry Walton, with a handicap of 10, also made it in 152. Winsor Walton had best record for nine holes, 33, which is two less than bogey, and William Fredrickson also bested the Colonel, making one of his rounds in 36. Following is the score:

	Gross score.	Handicap.	Net score.
J. W. Broad	171	20	151
Winsor Walton	163	10	153
H. Walton	162	10	152
C. S. Byington	172	16	156
A. P. Hubbard	172	16	156
J. J. Mellus	173	16	157
William Fredrickson	156	..	156
A. R. Sanger	174	16	158
H. P. Carter	168	..	168
J. A. Jevne	178	12	166
F. V. Rider	181	14	167
G. J. Denis	187	20	167
E. H. Smith	185	20	165
C. Moore	204	36	168
F. H. Lyon	183	24	159
F. Griffith	189	19	170
B. O. Kendall	190	20	170
W. H. Burnham	202	36	167
J. M. Ballard	207	20	187
S. Parsons	208	20	188
Dr. Kirkpatrick	248	36	212

Ocean Park Golf.

An open amateur handicap golf tournament will be held by the Ocean Park Country Club on September 6-7. The events will consist of eighteen holes for women on the first day, and thirty-six holes for men on the following day, both at medal play.

Sporting Notes.

Aurelio Herrera, who is to fight De Coursey next Tuesday night in Harard's Pavilion, was in this city yesterday and looks in fine condition. He is sore over his training quarters at San Pedro, which do not suit him, but for all this he says he will beat his opponent sure. A big delegation of sports will come down from Bakersfield, Herrera's home, to see the fight, and they will bring all kinds of money with them to wager on their man.

The shooting section of the Turnverein Germania will have rifle shooting tomorrow over the Round Hill range, beyond the end of the Brooklyn-avenue car line.

The special prizes and many of the entries for the bench show in connection with the coming race meet will be ready for announcement tomorrow.

It is now almost an assured thing that Hank Griffin and Martin will fight as one of the attractions here during the races. Martin is rather an unknown proposition here, but is good enough, for he beat Russell. Negotiations are now being carried on for a match with Griffin and there is little doubt but it will be made. There will be two fights given by the Century Club during the races, but what the second one will be is not known yet.

Local horsemen are looking forward with a great deal of interest to the appearance here of Sir Albert S., the phenomenal green pacer belonging to William G. Layng of San Francisco. He is a gelding by the unbeaten Diablo (2:09¼) and paced his first race on August 6 at the breeders' meeting in Sacramento. That day he won the 2:25 pace in straight heats, his time being 2:11¼, 2:12¾ and 2:12. Last Saturday he won the 2:17 pace in the same way, the time being 2:11¼, 2:13 and 2:08¾. This is a fast third heat and the quarters were stepped in 33, 31, 30¼ and 26½, the third being caught at 29¼ by four watches. Last Thursday he won the 2:15 pace at Woodland in straight heats, time 2:11¼, 2:10¾, 2:11¼. He is entered here in the 2:17 and 2:20 pace and the free-for-all, and it is believed he can easily make 2:05.

FEARED CONSUMPTION AND TOOK HIS LIFE.

EARL E. PHILLIPS COMMITS SUICIDE WITH CHLOROFORM.

Body Found in a Spring-street Lodging-house Several Hours After Death. Aspired to a Position in the Navy, but Was Rejected.

Despondent, because he feared he was a victim of consumption, Earl E. Phillips, an electrician in the employ of the Los Angeles-Pacific Railway, ended his life in a Spring-street lodging-house yesterday. The deceased was 23 years old and the son of Deputy County Assessor T. E. Phillips of No. 1400 Carrol avenue. He ended his life by inhaling the fumes of chloroform. His body is now at the undertaking rooms of Robert Garret on North Main street, where an inquest will be held today.

The dead body of young Phillips was found in a room in the lodging-house kept by J. B. McKenna, at No. 145 North Spring street, yesterday afternoon, just before 3 o'clock. A physician said the man had been dead for several hours. The body was lying face downward on the bed, and under the man's nose there were two towels which had been saturated with chloroform. On a table in the room there was an empty bottle, which had contained chloroform and another bottle filled with the same fluid.

Sewed to the lining of the man's coat there was a paper bearing his name. In one of his pockets was found a motorman's badge, belonging to the company for which he worked. From these articles his identity was learned.

Before inhaling the fumes that put him forever to sleep, young Phillips wrote two notes. They were inscribed on a piece of paper which had evidently been wrapped around the bottles of poison, and the writing was done with the burned end of a match. The notes read as follows: "My watch is at Joe and Billy's" and "Dear mother, have me cremated." Joe and Billy is the name under which a North Main-street pawn-broking establishment thrives.

Phillips has for some time been employed as an electrician at the powerhouse of the railway company at Sherman. Recently he came to this city to work for the railway company. He went to the lodging-house Thursday morning, remained all that day and renewed his rent in the evening, when called on to pay an additional 50 cents if he intended to remain over night.

From the note relative to his watch, it was at first thought that he had ended his life on account of financial troubles. This is, however, denied by his mother. She says that he wanted to enlist in the United States navy, made application, but was rejected on account of the weakened condition of his throat and lungs. This disappointed the young man, and it preyed on his mind until he became imbued with the idea that he was a consumptive.

A Bad Disease There is a certain disease that has come down to us through many centuries and is older than history itself, yet very few outside of those who have learned from bitter experience know anything of its nature or characteristics. At first a little ulcer or sore appears, then glands of the neck or groins swell; pimples break out on the breast, back or some other part of the body and fill with yellow pustular matter; the mouth and throat become sore and the tongue is at all times badly coated. Headaches are frequent, and muscles and joints throb and hurt, especially during damp, rainy weather. These are some of the symptoms of that most loathsome of all diseases, Contagious Blood Poison.

Contagious Blood Poison This strange poison does not affect all alike; some are literally eaten up with it within a short time after being inoculated, while others show but slight evidence of any taint for a long time after exposure, but its tendency in every case is to complete destruction of the physical system, sooner or later.

S. S. S. is a safe and infallible cure for this bad disease—the only antidote for this specific poison. It cures Contagious Blood Poison in every form and stage thoroughly and permanently. S. S. S. contains no Mercury, Potash or other harmful minerals, but is strictly and entirely a vegetable remedy, and we offer $1,000.00 reward for proof that it is not.

OUR MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, which was established years ago, is doing a noble work in relieving suffering. Give our physicians a short history of your case and get their advice. This will cost you nothing, and what you say will be held in strictest confidence. With their help and a copy of our book on Contagious Blood Poison you can manage your own case and cure yourself at home.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

WINCHESTER

Repeating Rifles

repeat. They don't jam, catch, or fail to extract. In a word, they are the only reliable repeaters. Winchester rifles are made in all desirable calibers, weights, and styles; and are plain, partially or elaborately ornamented, suiting every purpose, every pocketbook, and every taste.

Winchester Ammunition

is made for all kinds of shooting in all kinds of guns.

FREE—Send name and address on postal for our 104-page catalogue.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO., 418-420 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.

Cuticura SOAP

FOR PIMPLES

Open a Bottle

of that best of beverages—

Saint Louis A·B·C BOHEMIAN

"King of all Bottled Beers."

You will find it a delightful table beer—light, sparkling, appetizing. The ideal tonic—rich in *true hop flavor.*

Order from

HAAS, BARUCH & CO., LOS ANGELES.

Bottled at Brewery only. Never sold in bulk.

Our handy book of Menus—"Some German Suppers"—free on request. The American Brewing Co., St. Louis, Mo.

VITALITY RESTORED "CUPIDENE." This great vegetable Vitalizer the prescription of a famous Berlin physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous diseases, such as lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Varicocele, Wasting Diseases, Lack of Energy, Nervousness, Lassitude, Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions on the face, Bashfulness, Unfitness to Marry, Seminal Emissions, Sexual Decay, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Despondency, Lack of Confidence, Self-Distrust, Dizziness, Sunken Eyes, Pain in the Back, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions on the face, Bashfulness, Unfitness to Marry, Kidney Troubles, and all the evil effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion. It quickly restores LOST POWER in both sexes. It wards off insanity and consumption. Insist upon having CUPIDENE and no substitute. It clears the complexion, gives a bright eye, and restores the fire of youth. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1 a box, 6 for $5.00, with our written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Pamphlet free. Sold by druggists. Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2079, San Francisco, Cal. For sale by OFF & VAUGHN DRUG CO., N. E. Cor. Fourth and Spring Sts., Los Angeles, Cal.

Blood and Skin Diseases

Positively Cured from 4 to 40 Days

I HAVE secured the services and treatment of an old specialist of 30 years' experience in the treatment of all Blood and Skin Diseases. Our Remedies are entirely new and contain no mercury or iodides of potash, and we positively cure Scrofula, Cancer, Indolent Ulcers, Eczema, Pimples, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Impotency, Stricture, Piles, and all private diseases. A trial treatment free in any typical case. Office: 324½ SOUTH BROADWAY, over Wolf & Chilson's drug store, rooms 211 to 213, hours from 9:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.; 7:30 p.m. to 8:30 p.m. MELVIN E. SYKES, M. D.

NO CURE, NO PAY.

MEN.—Our Vacuum Developer will restore you if you are sexually weak, undeveloped, or have drains, etc. No medicine to take. Discovers and Varicocele permanently cured in 1 to 4 weeks; $5,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; effect immediate; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope.

LOCAL APPLIANCE CO. 156 Thorp Bld., Indianapolis, Ind.

DR. HARRISON & CO.

CURES VARICOCELE IN 5 DAYS.

WE treat every form of weakness, blood taints, contracted diseases of a private nature, kidney and bladder troubles. These conditions are brought on mainly by chronic contracted disorders, social dissipation and excesses.

Why Old Chronic Disorders Are Not Cured Under the Treatment Usually Employed.

In the more chronic cases of urethral trouble we find spots, patches and areas of inflamed surface, due to neglected and badly treated conditions, which have become located and are the sources of continual annoyance and irritation.

The first essential in the treatment of these cases is to locate the trouble and to determine its nature and to ascertain if there is superficial ulceration and thickening of the walls of the canal, which is a mass of diseased tissue producing disordered function of the organ. By the direct application of our local treatment we remove and cure these conditions in a few treatments.

We especially invite cases that do not yield to other methods of treatment. Fees arranged to suit conveniences of patients.

Corner Second and Broadway

Over Wolf & Chilson's Drug Store.

OFFICE 214.

Hours—9 to 4, 7 to 9; Sundays, 9 to 12.

ANOTHER GREAT ISSUE

THE LOS ANGELES TIMES

For Sunday, Sept. 1, 1901.

WILL come loaded with good things. The installments of the two great stories *"WHEN BOYS WERE MEN,"* by John Habberton, and *"THE VICTORS,"* by Robert Barr, will demand a reading from all who have read the portions already printed. In addition to these there will be numerous other special features in the large sheets which all will wish to read.

THE

Illustrated Magazine

Will contain the following and other valuable

Special Articles:

THE DUTCH COLONIAL EMPIRE.
In this letter the writer tells some surprising facts about Java, an island about which little is generally known in America. By Frank G. Carpenter.

THE STAGE AS A VOCATION.
A famous actress writes of the advantages offered by her profession. By Clara Morris.

KILLARNEY'S LAKES.
A delightful description of this "fairy land of Ireland." By John De Morgan.

HOW HOPS GROW.
California has the largest hop field in the world. The writer tells how the industry is conducted at this field. By Mabel Clare Craft.

FROM POLAR SEAS.
A distinguished explorer explains his plans for sending news from the North. By Evelyn Briggs Baldwin.

ROMANCE OF THE ZOO.
The second of this notable series of articles on the life of animals. By C. J. Cornish, F. Z. S.

AMONG SEQUOIAS.
The entertaining story of a tenderfoot's visit to the mountains. By Dr. N. M. Babad.

MILLIONS IN ZINC.
Wonders of a hitherto unknown region in Arkansas. By Theodore Waters.

BY HOOK AND CROOK.
How three obtained each what she most desired. By Mary M. Cross.

THE SALE OF TIME.
How the Western Union Telegraph Company makes a million dollars a year. By C. R. Price.

REFORM IN MEXICO.
Facts about the movement to suppress gambling. By F. F. Thompson.

TEACHING TEMPERANCE.
Lady Somerset's new temperance summer school and its work. By a Special Contributor.

IN BOOM TIMES.
A story of the days that were, in Southern California. By T. S. Van Dyke.

WOMAN AND HOME.
Fashions for the Fall—The King's English—How to Kill Mosquitoes and Moths—The Tempting Tomato and How to Cook It—Evolution of Women's Clubs—A Society Girl's Patent, Etc.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS.
Jessica, concluded—The Princess and the Goose Girl—Signaling with Kites—A Spiritualistic Evening, Etc.

Fresh Literature—Development of the Southwest—The House Beautiful—Care of the Body—Good Short Stories, etc.

BEAUTIFUL ILLUSTRATIONS.

Only Five Cents

Gold Teeth or Bridge Work.

This method does away with plates and, while more expensive, is certainly much more satisfactory. You can bite and masticate with these teeth just as you could with natural teeth. We do so much of this work and save more time by the Schiffman Method that we are enabled to save you about 30 per cent. In delicate work like this, where practice is such an element in success, does it not seem reasonable to suppose that a dentist of natural ability, wide experience and unusual practice, can do better and cheaper work than others of less experience and small practice, even if they have the same natural ability? Reason answers for us.

It is with pleasure that I state that I have had several teeth filled by Dr. Schiffman, and that he removed the nerve and filled the root of one of my teeth, and put on a porcelain crown which cannot be distinguished from a natural tooth, all of which was done without pain. JUDSON R. RUHM, Of Davis & Rhoda, Attorneys, 6 Rogers Bl'k.

I have had porcelain crown work and some filling done, and also had ten teeth and roots extracted by Dr. Schiffman, and take great pleasure in recommending his method to any one wishing dental work done without pain.

MRS. C. T. W. SCHRAMM, Mother of Paloma Schramm, corner of Angels and Wadsworth.

Dr. Schiffman pulled my tooth. "Didn't hurt a bit." C. S. PRECHER, Orpheum Pub.

I couldn't believe it was out till I saw it. "It didn't hurt a bit." GEO. L. MILLS, Manager Syndicate Loan Co.

Had lower back molar taken out today by Dr. Schiffman with absolutely no pain. E. E. JOHNSON, Cashier "Record."

On account of some unfortunate experience I had in the extraction of my teeth, I become a great coward in this respect. Today Dr. Schiffman extracted one of my very refractory teeth without causing me one particle of pain. D. N. FRANK, Judge Superior Court, Los Angeles county.

No Boys or Students To experiment on you. Largest office and dental practice on the coast. Lady attendants. Consultation and examination free. Open evenings till 8, and Sunday forenoons.

It will be well worth your time to see our display of up-to-date Dental Work on exhibition in show case at foot of stairs at our entrance.

SCHIFFMAN DENTAL CO., 107 N. Spring Street.

Verus Pile Cure Cures Piles or $5o forfeited.

BIBLE LESSONS

FOR SUNDAY-SCHOOL TEACHERS AND OTHER BIBLE STUDENTS.

Prepared for The Times by J. S. Kirtley.

For September 1, 1901.

Genesis xxvi, 12-35: Isaac the Peacemaker.

THE CONNECTION.

Some years after the interrupted sacrifice of Isaac on Mt. Moriah, Sarah died and was buried in the cave of Machpelah, which Abraham had purchased for that purpose. Then, three years later, Abraham sent his trusted servant Eliezer back to his native land to get a wife for Isaac from his own people. Parents were absolute in those days, in arranging the marriages of their children, as they are in the East today. The story of Isaac and Rebekah is very interesting. Abraham, of course, braced himself up and married again. He lived on till at least thirty-five years after the marriage of Isaac and Rebekah, and fifteen years after the birth of their twins, Jacob and Esau. Meantime, a family of six sons had been born to Abraham and Keturah, and before his death he had wisely provided for them and Ishmael away over in the east, out of the way of Isaac, the true heir. Isaac was quiet, contemplative, gentle, more inclined to agricultural than nomadic life. He lived chiefly near Beersheba, about forty-five miles southwest of Jerusalem, but on account of a famine he went on west toward the Mediterranean Sea about twenty or twenty-five miles, and near to the Philistine town of Gerar, of which Abimelech was King. Here in protecting himself he showed a weakness by telling Abimelech that Rebekah was his sister. But the truth was discovered. Abimelech allowed him to dwell in peace, and let us hope Isaac became ashamed of himself and repented of the silly lie he told.

THE LESSON.

I.

"Isaac Prospered." (Verses 12-14.)

"Then Isaac sowed in that land and received in the same year a hundredfold; and the Lord blessed him. And the man waxed great and went forward, and grew until he became very great. For he had possession of flocks and possession of herds, and great store of servants; and the Philistines envied him."

Isaac was very different from his father. He was quiet and not aggressive. His name is instructive. It means "laughter," and he was so called because Abraham laughed half in doubt when told a son should be born to them, and Sarah also laughed, at first in ridicule and then in joy. We can also imagine that the name suited him, and that he was a happy, laughing lad, a genial, peaceful, grown-up man, and a sunny-faced old man. He had not the robustness of Abraham, but he had submitted himself into the hands of God, as his willingness to die showed, and he was as valuable in his way and at his time as was his great father.

Possibly he made a mistake in going into Abimelech's territory, as he certainly sinned in trying to deceive him, but he was magnanimous almost to a fault, and was wonderfully blessed. He was blessed temporally in a high degree. Spiritually he was blessed more. He had worldly wisdom and heavenly wisdom. If one can have only one kind of wisdom, let him take the heavenly, but if he has both he is fully blessed and will have every kind of prosperity. He was blessed because he was wise in all of his relationships. In relation to the soil he was wise in his choice of land, in sowing, in reaping and in providing water as well as feed for his flocks. In relation to men he was centuries in advance of his times, for he had anticipated the sermon on the mount, and these most modern times of human brotherhood. "Look out for No. 1" is a false, narrow, selfish, unchristian maxim. "Look out for No. 2" is the watchword for the new era now dawning, when all men's good shall be each man's rule. He was just and kind to his enemies, and true to his own servants. In his relation to God he was serenely trustful, humble, reverent. He was greatly blessed, of course. The full harvest of a hundredfold came back into his wise hands. He treated the soil and the cattle and his servants and his fellow-men and his God aright, and they all treated him aright in return. His material prosperity is measured by flocks, herds and servants, and he must have had several thousand servants, with as many flocks and herds as they could provide for. His moral and spiritual prosperity must be seen in the character he develops, and which he will strikingly exhibit toward those who envy him.

II.

"Isaac Persecuted, Yet Peaceful." (Verses 15-21.)

"For all the wells which his father's servants had digged in the days of Abraham his father, the Philistines had stopped them and filled them with earth.

"And Abimelech said unto Isaac, Go from us; for thou art much mightier than we.

"And Isaac departed thence, and pitched his tent in the Valley of Gerar, and dwelt there.

"And Isaac digged again the wells of water, which they digged in the days of Abraham his father; for the Philistines had stopped them after the death of Abraham, and he called their names after the names by which his father had called them.

"And Isaac's servants digged in the valley, and found there a well of springing water.

"And the herdsmen of Gerar did strive with Isaac's herdsmen, saying, The water is ours; and he called the name of the well Esek, because they strove with him.

"And they digged another well, and strove for that also; and he called the name of it Sitnah."

Their envy was rather natural. Isaac was more successful in everything than they, and that caused envy. He was a stranger, almost an intruder, and most people resent a stranger's intrusion. But he had a right to live there, raise his crops and get water for his flocks, because he had the same right to unused lands that the Philistines had, and he had really inherited all these lands from Abraham, and God had given them to him. Their envy was shown in a very spiteful way. They cut off his water supply by filling up the wells that Abraham had once digged there. In that country there was no way to get water but by digging, and as there was no running streams except during the rainy season, this meant death to Isaac's flocks. The Philistines were more cruel in filling up their wells than if they had attacked Isaac's men and cattle with deadly weapons and driven them off. Abimelech was kindly disposed toward him and requested him to go away, on the ground of being greater and likely to crowd out the Philistines. Two courses were open to Isaac, and he chose deliberately to move on. Why did he surrender his right to hold his ground, and, if need be, drive away the Philistines from the wells and the fields which his father had used before him? It was not from weakness or cowardice, for he knew he could overcome them, and had been told so by Abimelech. But, because he was not contentious, and he would rather yield something than to contend over it. The contentious man—or even woman—is far from being admirable. Because he was kind-hearted he moved away, for he knew he could move to other places better than the Philistines could, and they needed water, too. Because he loved friendship and was pacific in his religious life, he moved on. Because he had learned to submit to God's directions, when a mere boy, he responded to what was evidently a call of God to go elsewhere. Because it was the only way to destroy enmity, he left. But he did not go far enough to relieve the Philistines of their cowardly hatred, for he stopped in the valley of Gerar, in which a stream of water was found for their cattle. There he digged out some old wells, which his father once digged and which the Philistines had filled up after Abraham died. To these he restored the old names that his father first gave them. Then he set his servants to digging for more water, till they found an underground stream that gushed out and ran steadily. He is a happy type of those who preserve the teachings and traditions of the fathers and yet seek fresh truth for themselves. To all of this he would have the same right as to the other wells, and the added right which discovery and toil give. Enmity followed him there, and the Philistines strove with his servants. Having noticed that Isaac was a reasoner and magnanimous, they adopted a new argument with him, to the effect that as they owned the ground, they owned everything that came out of it, even though he dig ever so many wells and raise the best of crops. Again he moved, with the added conviction that it would be useless to argue with people who played tricks on their own minds. He was working for their interests, as well as his own. He was trying to fulfill God's promise to Abraham that his posterity should be a blessing to others. To reason with them was a waste of words; to continue to strive with them would increase every evil trait they had shown. He moves on from this spot, and from another still. When he finally departs to where he was reared, he did them more good than he could have done if he had stayed; he preserved his own peace of mind, and he took his family out of the atmosphere of strife. He was intelligent, considerate of his family and of his enemies, and humane in getting away from trouble. That is not the human, but divine, way. He learned that from God, even from the eternal Son of God, who was afterward to exhibit that spirit among men and teach it to men. Isaac was a pre-Christian Christian. When he left, he gave those Philistines an example of a new kind of courage, and at the same time he gave names to the two new wells which his servants dug, that would always remind the Philistines of their unmanly conduct. One he called "Esek," which means "strife;" the other "Sitnah," meaning "enmity," a word that comes from the stem from which the word "Satan—enemy"—comes.

III.

"Isaac Richly Rewarded." (Verses 22-35.)

"And he moved from thence, and digged another well; and for that they strove not; and he called the name of it Rehoboth; and he said, for now the Lord hath made room for us, and we shall be fruitful in the land.

"And he went up from thence to Beersheba.

"And the Lord appeared unto him the same night, and said, I am the God of Abraham thy father; fear not, for I am with thee, and will bless thee, and multiply thy seed for my servant Abraham's sake.

"And he builded an altar there, and called upon the name of the Lord, and pitched his tent there, and there Isaac's servants digged a well."

His reward was manifold. (1.) A new vision of God. When we treat men in a noble way, we soon get a visit from God. In Isaac's case, it was "the same night" he reached his old home country. (2.) A renewal of all those gracious promises that had prompted him to act so nobly—the continued presence of God and the sure posterity. (3.) A renewal of his own spirit that prompted him to still further deepen his religious life by building an altar and sacrificing for sins. (4.) Still larger temporal blessings of pasturage and water, so that he called the place where he first stopped and dug a well "Rehoboth," which means "room."

WHAT THE MASTERS SAY.

In countries which are continually being flooded with gospel light, and where the individual is taught to see his own good in the good of all, men are hardly in a position to appreciate the peaceable conduct and the unselfish conduct of Abraham and Isaac; but those who live in lands in utterly different circumstances cannot restrain their admiration of, and homage to, the patriarchs in question.

We have known a dispute over a patch of grass or growing corn to lead to bloodshed and terrible consequences. We have seen some spend their last penny and then go borrowing in order to prosecute their lawsuits over what we consider trifles. Our summer is practically half the year, and is rainless; consequently, water, or the want of water, is the cause of many troubles.—[Howie.

You may be driven from one vantage ground to another in life, but you will at last find one you can hold. Not perhaps because they will not "strive" for the wells you dig, but because you have found the spot in which God will defend you. For what little treasure of yours will not men strive? Your one little ewe lamb is no safer from that rapacious greed than your neighbor's great flock. But in your heroic retreat you shall at last find some Gibraltar, where they will strive in vain.—[Goss.

TRUTHS TO IMPRESS.

1. That God has use for quiet lives like Isaac's, as well as heroic lives like Abraham's.
2. That when one arouses the antagonism of the wicked, it is usually a sign of his own worth.
3. That in any conflict the Christian must act for the interest of the other party, as well as his own.
4. That surrender will often bring one greater blessings than battle for his rights.
5. That, industriously following the right, one will come to a large place some time.
6. That one who surrenders some of his rights when he has power to enforce them, as Isaac had, shows more bravery than if he fought for them.

The Wizard Suspender.

Gives solid comfort and don't pull buttons off.

SHOW CASES are now being manufactured on a large scale here in this city, and for quality and price we are sure to please you. Have also made large addition to our mirror plant. H. Raphael & Co., 509 South Main street.

DR. N. M. BABAD will relate some of his experiences among the mountains in an article in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

CLARA MORRIS will tell, in The Times Magazine next Sunday, of some of the advantages the stage offers as a vocation.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Comments on the uniform prayer-meeting topics of the Christian Endeavor Societies, the Epworth Leagues, the Baptist Young People's Unions, etc.

By William T. Ellis.

Topic for September 1: "Spiritual Acquaintance, or Knowing God."—(Job. 22, 21-23.

School days are just ahead. The thoughts of thousands are turning toward them. It is a good time to ask, What is the best education? Is it a classical college course, or a scientific course, or a course in a business school, or an apprenticeship to actual business conditions? There is a better education than any of these, for it qualifies one for the highest service and the highest enjoyment of two worlds. That education is the knowledge of God. To be acquainted with Him has been the supreme ambition of the world's greatest thinkers in all ages. Some realised their desire, and some but dimly saw Him afar off. To the least of us today, however, this knowledge has been made possible by the incarnation of Jesus.

—

There is a flippant, shallow spirit among some men of the world, which professes to scorn all things religious, and which would sneer at such a topic as the present one. The reason for this is not to be found in the worldly man's wisdom, but in his ignorance and superficiality; he is unacquainted with the profound truths that have always engaged the ripest minds of the world. To him, mere familiarity with the ways of the world, which any ignoramus can acquire, stands in the stead of wisdom. It is an indubitable truth that, granting the existence of a Supreme Being, an apprehension of Him is the loftiest pursuit that can engage a mortal mind.

—

God reveals Himself to the humble heart more quickly than to the haughty mind.

—

Before we can know God as a friend, we must know Him as a Savior. We must disown sin before God will own us.

—

To most persons, alas, God is a stranger, a remote Deity, who is to be turned to in the crises of life, but who has no particular or personal relations to the affairs of every day. The average mind conceives of God as in heaven; it is only to the few that He is known as a companion, walking by their side. There are some—and, of course, their total is a host—who, like Abraham, are known as friends of God; these are the blessed of earth. Wonderful and true, it rests with us to determine what our relationship to God shall be; whether He shall be to us merely an unknown and far-off God, or a familiar friend whose presence is our greatest joy.

—

Sometimes we meet on the street a man or woman whose calm, strong countenance, and peaceful, joyous spirit betoken a familiarity with unseen things. We instinctively feel that such a person draws from sources of strength more than human. In our restlessness, our anxieties and our dissatisfaction, we long to know the great secret of this other's peace. The secret, while great, is open to every one's reading, for it is summed up in the words of Eliphaz, in the book of Job, "Acquaint now thyself with Him, and be at peace." To know God is life, life here and life eternal; life at rest and life effective.

—

"Knowledge is power," wrote Bacon. Doubly true is this in things spiritual, for the knowledge of God is the only source of spiritual power.

—

How may we come to know God? Well, we may find Him by approaching His presence on our knees. Prayer is a great revealer of God. Then, too, we may find Him in His works, in His church, and in the lives of His people; but most of all, in the book through which He has chosen to reveal Himself to mankind. "Search the scriptures," is the exhortation to all who would know God, and Jesus Christ, whom He has sent to manifest Him.

—

We cannot know the Father aright except through the Son. He came to be the revealer of God, to manifest Him in manner that mortals could comprehend. So, as we make the acquaintance of Jesus Christ, we arrive at a knowledge of the Father.

—

God must be loved supremely before we can live serenely.

—

No price is too great to pay for acquaintanceship with God. If grief, or loss, or sufferings, or burdens, or loneliness be necessary to make us turn to God and to learn His ways, then let us never cease to be glad for the sorrow that taught us earth's richest blessing, the friendship of the Father and the son.

—

The key to an understanding of ourselves, and of all the life about us, is a knowledge of God. When we have learned His ways, the lesser ways of life become plain.

—

"Your sword first, sir," said the commander of a victorious army to the prisoner who approached him with hand outstretched in greeting. So God will not accept us as friends until we have first submitted to His sovereignty and surrendered our sins. We must know God as a Savior, ere we can know Him as a companion and friend.

—

When we become friends of God we enter the fellowship of the choicest spirits on earth and in heaven, finding ourselves in the company of the noblest men and women the world has known.

AN ADVANCE STEP.

The religious press has been commenting widely upon a recent article in the Independent, which advocates a federation of all young people's societies. At present the members of the Epworth League, the Baptist Young People's Union, and some other denominational organizations, are excluded from the Christian Endeavor fellowship. This article proposes a larger and more comprehensive fellowship, in which all would share. The biennial national conventions could all be held at one time and place, holding a certain number of general sessions, but for the most part meeting denominationally. The federation council would not be a corporation, but would officially represent all the denominations. This plan would lay greater stress upon denominational organization and oversight, without sacrificing in any case the existing name and relations, the these Christian Endeavor or anything else. The plan is a natural outgrowth of the Christian Endeavor spirit and development.

EVELYN BRIGGS BALDWIN, who is about to go in search of the North Pole, will describe his plans for reaching that point, and his unique plan for communicating with the world left behind, in a contribution to the Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

ANOTHER liberal installment of "Etiquette for All Occasions" will appear in The Times of the coming Sunday. Read these articles and you will know how to behave.

FRANK G. CARPENTER'S letter in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday will tell some interesting and surprising facts about the island of Java.

THE LARGEST hop field in the world is in California. Miss Mabel Clare Craft will describe, in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday, how the hop industry is carried on.

Pears'

It is a wonderful soap that takes hold quick and does no harm.

No harm! It leaves the skin soft like a baby's; no alkali in it, nothing but soap. The harm is done by alkali. Still more harm is done by not washing. So, bad soap is better than none.

What is bad soap? Imperfectly made; the fat and alkali not well balanced or not combined.

What is good soap?

Pears'.

All sorts of stores sell it, especially druggists; all sorts of people use it.

THERE ARE NOW FIFTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS.

POMONA COLLEGE AND GIRLS' COLLEGIATE SCHOOL ADDED.

The Voting Goes Merrily On—Interest and Excitement Spreading and Growing—Candidates Find Little Trouble to Get Votes Now.

Another scholarship is added this morning—Pomona. The addition yesterday was the Girls' Collegiate School, in the quaint Casa de Rosas, corner of Adams and Hoover streets. This makes, so far, fifteen scholarships. The lay-out, both in variety and quality, is great.

Another change in the leadership this morning. Jewell Fuller Lang comes to the front, with 22,380 votes. Carrie Sugg, the leader yesterday, drops back to second place, and Lena Whittington to third. "Waukeen Viya" jumps up from seventh to fourth. Bessie Beatty advances from sixth to fifth; Cecily Praeger from ninth to eighth; Myrtle Kennedy from tenth to ninth; Jessie Mullinix from thirteenth to tenth; Mabel Gird from fourteenth to thirteenth.

The largest gains in number of votes were as follows: Jessie Mullinix, 2899; Joaquin Valle, 2364; Jewell Fuller Lang, 2203; Bessie Beatty, 2117; Ed H. Bixby, 1781; Cecily Praeger, 1515; Atha Barker, 1327; Myrtle Kennedy, 1094; Carrie Sugg, 1032; Egbert Edwards, 1030; Belle Campbell, 1027; Lena Whittington, 834; Edna Blumve, 830; Effie Haddock, 774; Lucy Powers, 736; Fay Avis, 675; Edgar Wildey, 665; Adeline Towne, 601; Blanche Bisbee, 583.

It will be found by reference to the "score" that several contestants, who apparently heretofore have not made rapid progress, seem now to be waking up, and are coming up the line in fine shape. Effie Haddock, for example, raised her number of votes from 1726 to 2500.

SUNDAY BAND CONCERTS.

At Westlake Park Sunday, beginning at 2:30 p.m., the Los Angeles Military Band will render the following programme:

March, "Creole Belles" (Lampe;) medley of popular songs (Weldon;) "Patrol of the Ghosts" (Chambers;) waltz, "Love's Dreamland" (Roeder;) "From East to West," medley of national airs of Europe (Brown;) march, "Chicago Tribunes" (Chambers;) overture, "Pring Methusalem" (Strauss;) selection, "Mikado," by request (Sullivan;) waltz, "The Old and New" (Hoffman;) "King Carnival" (Rosey.)

The following programme will be rendered by the Southern California Band at Terminal Island, Sunday afternoon:

March, "Hurrah, Boys" (Lacalle;) waltz, "The Singing Girl" (Herbert;) selection, "Florodora" (Stuart;) intermezzo, "Falone" (Loraine;) "Sword Dance" (Voelker;) medley, "The Dazzler" (Mackie;) overture, "La Souveraine" (Herman;) selection, "King Dodo" (Luders;) "Angels' Serenade" (Braja;) medley overture, "The Limit" (Mackie;) "Cupid's Pleadings" (Voelker;) potpourri, "Musician's Reverie" (Beyer;) march, "The Invincible Eagle" (Sousa.)

THAT RAPID CITY ATTORNEY.

RAPID CITY (S. D.) Aug. 30.—The officials of the United States Land Office in this city have received instructions from the General Land Office in Washington to commence disbarment proceedings against O. L. Cooper, a prominent attorney of this city. The charges in the complaint set forth that Cooper has been guilty of perjury in his practice before the Land Office; also that he has secured illegal homestead entries; has threatened the lives of the officials of the Land Office in this city, and has done other unlawful things.

SCRANTON SUFFERS BY FIRE.

DES MOINES (Iowa) Aug. 30.—The business section of Scranton, Green county, forty miles north of here, was destroyed by fire at midnight. The loss is estimated at $60,000, with little insurance.

Catarrh

The cause exists in the blood, in what causes inflammation of the mucous membrane.

It is therefore impossible to cure the disease by local applications.

It is positively dangerous to neglect it, because it always affects the stomach and deranges the general health, and is likely to develop into consumption.

Many have been radically and permanently cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cleanses the blood and has a peculiar alterative and tonic effect. R. Long, California Junction, Iowa, writes: "I had catarrh three years, lost my appetite and could not sleep. My head pained me and I felt bad all over. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and now have a good appetite, sleep well, and have no symptoms of catarrh."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. It is better not to put off treatment—buy Hood's today.

SCHOLARSHIP CONTEST

GOOD-NATURED RIVALRY FOR "TIMES" PRIZES

Now is the Time for the Friends of These Young Contestants to Demonstrate the Interest They Feel by Giving Them Just as Many Votes as They Can.

THE CONTEST FOR SCHOLARSHIPS began August 1, and will close September 10. The contestant who has the largest number of votes will be allowed first choice; the one with the second largest, second choice, and so on.

Blanks for single votes may be cut out of the paper. Blanks for 40 votes and upward are to be had, free, by applying, personally or by letter, to The Times office.

For one month's subscription, paid in advance, 40 votes will be allowed; two months in advance, 80 votes; three months in advance, 125 votes; six months in advance, 250 votes; one year in advance, 500 votes.

These blanks also answer for a receipt to the person subscribing until a more formal one can be sent him from The Times office for the money he has paid the contestant, which will be done as soon as the money is received.

Being already a subscriber doesn't bar anybody from voting in this contest. It is PAYING IN ADVANCE that counts.

Contestants in towns outside of Los Angeles should pay subscriptions to the local agent of The Times, take his receipt, on a voting blank or otherwise, and send to us, when they will be given proper credit in the "Score" printed below.

The contest will remain open until September 10, 1901.

Votes must be turned in at The Times office within one week after they are taken or they will not be counted.

NO TRADING WILL BE ALLOWED.

—1—
Scholarship
The Girls' Collegiate School
$100.00

—1—
Scholarship
Pomona College
$60.00

—1—
Scholarship
The Los Angeles School of Art and Design.
$50.00

—2—
Scholarships
The Los Angeles Business College
$50.00 EACH

—2—
Scholarships
The Woodbury Business College
$50.00 EACH

—1—
Scholarship
College of Commerce and English.
$50.00

—1—
Scholarship
The Brownsberger Home School of Shorthand and Typewriting
$50.00

—1—
Scholarship
The Throop Polytechnic Institute
$75.00

—1—
Scholarship
The Los Angeles Conservatory of Music and Arts
$75.00

—3—
Scholarships
The Los Angeles Military Academy
$100.00 75.00 50.00

—1—
Scholarship
The Cumnock School of Expression
$150.00

THE SCORE.

Jewell Fuller Lang, 648 Hope st.	22,380
Carrie Sugg, Rivera, Cal	22,207
Lena A. Whittington, 223 W. 3d st	21,702
Joaquin Valle, 334 E. 4th st	21,124
Bessie Beatty, 2937 W. Pico st	20,923
Atha Barker, 2233 E 2d st	20,780
Egbert Edwards, 933 W. 12th st	19,965
Cecily Praeger, 231 S. Hill st	18,508
Myrtle Kennedy, 139 E. 7th st	18,037
Jessie Mullinix, Santa Ana, Cal	17,922
Clarence Tritt, 1823 Winfield st	17,829
Ed H. Bixby, Lordsburg, Cal	17,588
Mabel Gird, Soldiers' Home, Cal	16,861
Frank Canfield, 2417 Hoover st	16,389
Blanche Bisbee, South Pasadena, Cal	13,483
Fay M. Avise, 908 S. Figueroa st	12,782
Duff Cartwright, Alhambra, Cal	11,991
Edna M. Blumve, 2101 Hoover st	10,486
Lucy Powers, 829 W. 17th st	10,275
Inez McFarland, 117 N. Bunker Hill av	9861
Adeline Towne, Pasadena, Cal	9017
Ronald Moore, Soldiers' Home, Cal	6424
Charles E. Relyea, Santa Monica, Cal	6170
Belle Campbell, 735 E. Pico st	5528
Bessie B. Halsey, 299 N. Griffin av	4554
Louis Feisenthal, Buckhorn, Cal	4342
Frank T. Bates, Rialto, Cal	3538
Edward Cray Taylor, 243 W. Adams st	3511
Cora Spring, 1350 Avenue 28	3381
Fannie English, 916 E. 23d st	3284
Edgar Wildey, Azusa, Cal	2754
Effie Haddock, Sta. K, Los Angeles	2500
Sherman Bainbridge, 2011 Park Grove av	2238
Helen Spencer, Sherman, Cal	2070
Albert Row, 923 Maple av	2069
Ivan Putnam, Redlands, Cal	2030
Fidel Rowland, Puente, Cal	1948
Marie Preston, Covina, Cal	1914
Sybil Scott, 548 Towne av	1862
Vernon Harris, 1107 W. 38th st	1747
Wilbur Moody, 1117 Avenue 41	1673
Walter T. Strohm, 319 Crocker st	1579
Rose B. Glasscock, Chittenden Park	1569
Rollo R. Robs, 204 E. 4th st	1541
Sylvia Bowman, Avalon, Cal	1420
Mabel A. Russell, 119½ Flower st	1120
Edith Edwards, 434 Figueroa st	1067
Rhea Ruth Fuller, 929 Denver av	920
William Ahlborn, Anaheim, Cal	728
Kate Isaacs, 184 Rose st	643
Florence Cassidy, 914 W. 11th st	638
Isabel Richards, 1941 Loveland av	577
John F. Lynn, 304 Savana st	567
W. A. Watson, 311 S. Workman st	535
George Dennison, 708 S. Grand av	518
Ethel Olcott, 314 S. Fremont av	461
Harry LaGrange, 647 S. Spring st	430
Leah S. Lawrence, 1210 Easton st	374
Tommy O'Brien, 1112 E. 16th st	351
Honorena Labory, 134 S. Bunker Hill av	322
Charles C. Putnam, 1340 Paloma st	302
Bessie M. Parrell, 309 E. 4th st	284
Maude Kunzmann, Highland, Cal	237
Sidney Daniels, Lordsburg, Cal	230
Mae Hill Gustave, 1009 E. 4th st	228
William Bronson, Alhambra, Cal	224
Andrew J. Keer, 2128 Park Grove av	208
Lena Killian, Prospect Park, Cal	207
Henry S. Well, 322 W. 33d st	202
George Clark, 1720 Michigan av	189
Mattie Scherer, 1614 W. Jefferson st	160
Roy Shreds, Pasadena, Cal	130
Otto Burrit, University Station	137
Lemma St. George, 965 Hidalgo st	94
Charles S. Roberts, 1614 Essex st	94

DIRECTIONS—Cut this Coupon out, fill in name of person whom you favor for a scholarship, and send to SCHOLARSHIP MANAGER, Times Office, Los Angeles, Cal.

THE TIMES

FREE SCHOLARSHIP COUPON.

Name.....

Address.....

TAKE NOTICE—This coupon is good only till September 5, 1901—will not be counted if presented after that date.

Schlitz

For fifty years Schlitz beer has been brewed in Milwaukee. From this city it goes to the remotest parts of the earth. The sun never sets on Schlitz agencies. Civilized men do not live where Schlitz beer is not standard.

Schlitz beer has made Milwaukee famous. It has given Milwaukee beer the distinction of purity, and purity is everything to all Milwaukee beer is to Schlitz beer. People demand a beer that is healthful, and that demand calls for Schlitz.

Schlitz purity is absolute. Every process is cleanly. Every drop of the product is cooled in filtered air. Every bottle is filtered—every bottle is sterilized.

A beer that is aged is pure is healthful. That is Schlitz.

Those James Hill Sherwood, 235 N Main St.

THE BEER THAT MADE MILWAUKEE FAMOUS

Stylish Suits

Dressy Suits Pants $4.00

My $25.00 Suits best in America

25 Per Cent Saving

JOE POHEIM

Samples Sent Free... 143 So. Spring

Every Home

MARVEL

Whirling Spray

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply you send to the MARVEL, accept no substitute, and send for illustrated booklet. It gives full instructions and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., 103 Minna st., San Francisco.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies ask for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. Sold by druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return mail. Name this paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philadelphia, Pa.

Kitchen

Comes to you Ready to Use. Utilizes all the heat to boil water. Heats the room. Heater and Cooker combined. Clinton Heater Co.

WE were the only retailers in Southern California to receive Bona-fide Medal and Diploma certificate at the Paris Exposition.

Edward Germain

227-229 Los Angeles St. No Bar Open Evenings.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN

A Perfect Food Drink

"Figprune" made from the choicest fruits and cereals grown in California. Possesses a delicate flavor.

MUNYON'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

Cures any form of stomach trouble, indigestion and dyspepsia in from 5 minutes to 3 hours. Sold by druggists; or 53rd and Broadway, New York City.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Restores Color and Beauty to the Hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. & $1.00 at Druggists.

Mellin's Food

for INFANTS and INVALIDS

AUGUST 31, 1901.

Schlitz

For fifty years Schlitz beer has been brewed at Milwaukee. From this city it goes to the remotest parts of the earth. The sun never sets on Schlitz agencies. Civilized men do not live where Schlitz beer is not standard.

Schlitz beer has made Milwaukee famous. It has given Milwaukee beer the distinction of purity, and purity is everything, but all Milwaukee beer is not Schlitz beer. People now demand a beer that is healthful, and that demand calls for Schlitz.

Schlitz purity is absolute. Every process is cleanly. Every drop of the product is cooled in filtered air. Every barrel is filtered—every bottle is sterilized.

A beer that is aged and pure is healthful. That is Schlitz.

Phone, James Hill, Shepard & Morrill, 343 N Main St., L. Angeles

THE BEER THAT MADE MILWAUKEE FAMOUS

Stylish $15.00 Suits

Dressy Suits $20

Pants $4.50

My $25.00 Suits are the best in America.

25 Per Cent Saved by getting your suit made

JOE POHEIM

THE TAILOR

143 So. Spring St., Los Angeles

Every Woman

should write to MARVEL Mfg. Co. 44 Fifth Ave., New York, for their free illustrated booklet. It gives full information about MARVEL, the new and improved hygienic syringe. MARVEL CO., 44 Fifth Ave. (Formerly 1135 Broadway.)

Kitchen Boiler

Costs money to put it in. Utilize the coal to heat water by the Heater. It will pay for itself monthly.

Climax Solar Water Heater Co., 6 Broadway

PENNYROYAL PILLS

CHICHESTER S DIAMOND BRAND

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses the scalp. Restores the color and beauty to gray hair. Never Fails to Please. Prevents Hair Falling. Cures scalp diseases & hair tonic. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

WE were the only retail wine dealers in Southern California to receive Bona-fide Medal and Diploma at the Paris Exposition.

Edward Germain Wine Co

237-239 Los Angeles St., Cor. Fourth. The Maltese Cross. Open Evenings.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN while TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

A Perfect Food Drink

"Figprune" made from the choicest fruits and cereals grown in California. Possesses a delicate flavor.

HUNYON'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

cures any form of stomach trouble; relieves indigestion and dyspepsia immediately; regulates the stomach; 25 cents; directions as follows: tones the stomach; regulates; or 19th and Broadway, New York.

Kitchen Boiler

Costs money to put it in. Utilize the coal to heat water by the Heater. It will pay for itself monthly.

Climax Solar Water Heater Co., 6 Broadway

Mellin's Food

for INFANTS and INVALIDS

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES.
Los Angeles, Aug. 30, 1901.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY SUPPLY AT NEW YORK. Speaking of last week's cash changes, the New York News Bureau says: "The figures of the direct express receipts and shipments to and from the interior and the results of sub-treasury operations indicate an apparent gain in cash for New York City banks of $1,052,114. The sub-treasury, instead of losing to the banks as was expected, gained from them in the week $180,000. The figures submitted do not allow for the $1,500,000 taken to Philadelphia from this city by special messengers."

COMMERCIAL.

SUGAR IMPORTS. In the fiscal year just closed the imports of raw sugar into the United States was a little less than it was in either 1898-99 or 1899-1900. It was 3,965,000,000 pounds, as compared with 4,906,000,000 pounds for 1898-99 and 3,917,000,000 pounds for 1899-1900. On the contrary, imports of raw sugar were of heavier volume. Considered with the quantity of raw sugar imported, the import of the refined goods is hardly significant, still the figures are worthy of attention. The total imports of refined sugar for the year 1901 were 102,694,921 pounds, against 62,745,763 pounds for 1900 and 62,745,763 pounds for 1899. Contrasting figures for 1900 with those of 1899, we find that the following countries supplied the amounts set opposite their names:

	1899.	1901.
United Kingdom	1,307,573	553,823
Austria-Hungary	964,633	15,321,501
Belgium		2,347,183
France	66,067	24,295
Germany	13,284,496	26,344,642
Netherlands	4,804,728	23,647,637
Philippines		28,962,391

These figures indicate that the United States consumes more sugar than any other nation, or approximately one-fifth of the whole of the world's production. The conditions of soil, climate and other advantages are quite as good in the United States, and especially in Colorado Nebraska and Illinois, for the development of the beet as in any of the countries of Europe or Asia. The world's production and consumption of sugar is now about 8,250,000 tons per annum, two-thirds of which is produced from beet and only one-third from cane, while the annual consumption is estimated as increasing at the rate of 250,000 tons yearly.

THE WHEAT CROPS. Director of the Mint George E. Roberts, upon his return to Washington from an official visit of western points, said that he believed the corn crop had been very seriously injured by the long drought, but that it would be a very serious affair for the corn-belt region and for the country generally were it not for the fact that the West had so much money in wheat. "This year's wheat crop is the greatest in history," said Mr. Roberts, "and with the short crops abroad it is bringing a great deal of money. Kansas and Nebraska have also so well on wheat that they are in a position to stand the loss on corn, and Minnesota and the Dakotas are vastly better off than they were last year. The loss on corn, however, will be badly felt throughout the great cattle and hog-raising States. It means dearer fodder and more costly meats. It is encouraging, however, to note in this connection that the situation is generally very cheerfully accepted." According to the Mark Lane Express the best authorities estimate the crop of the United Kingdom at 57,000,000 bushels, that of France at 320,000,000 bushels and the crops of Belgium and Holland at 40,000,000 bushels, a total of 396,000,000 bushels for the great wheat-importing area of Northern Europe, which needs 464,000,000 bushels. America, with home wants not requiring 400,000,000 bushels, has 675,000,000 bushels, therefore able to spare 275,000,000 bushels. Russia, with its perfect single handed, and Roumania, Australasia and Argentine surpluses are left to meet the wants of Italy and the lesser buyers, Cape Colony, Greece, Switzerland, Scandinavia, China and, probably, Austria-Hungary, Spain and Portugal. Egypt and India have received the schedules of 653,000, but probably will be self-supporting for the next twelve months, and Egypt is dropped from the list of exporting countries, and India does not seem able to continue her exports. The government has assumed that there will be an exportable surplus of 3,000,000 quarters, but an Indian crop authority denies that the famine is over or that the next crop is abundant. It is interesting to observe, says Bradstreet's, that Germany is left out of the reckoning made in the first sentence of this paragraph. A memorial addressed to the German government last spring stated that the Prussian winter-wheat crop was more than 37,000,000 bushels short; 46.9 per cent. of the winter-wheat fields of Prussia had been plowed up and sown to spring crops, and the condition of the remaining wheat was very bad.

Discussing the outlook for wheat prices, the London Statist says: "We believe that supply and demand will be pretty evenly balanced in the season of 1901-1902, and that being so, the present level of prices ought to be regarded as a very safe one, with a larger chance for a rise than for a fall, which would be greatly accentuated by unfavorable weather this month. The moderate total of the world's visible supply of wheat, in comparison with many former years, may also be regarded as a factor tending to the maintenance, at least, of present prices."

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

LIQUID COFFEE. The Baltimore Trade predicts that liquid coffee is destined to hold an important position among canned goods in the not distant future, and adds: "A New Jersey company is offering to the public liquid coffee in hermetically sealed cans and professes to be brewed from genuine coffee of three different grades, to suit up according to its kind. New, under this article is being properly tested or not, whether it seems to be appreciated at present by the public or not, and whether it is patented or not, we believe it is destined to become a regular article of commerce in that sense that in no great while every city grocer in the country will be supplied to have it, and that the household coffee mill will disappear."

CITRUS-FRUIT SHIPMENTS. There were shipped from Southern California last Saturday six carloads of oranges and seven of lemons. The total shipments for the season, November 1, 1900, to date, are 23,621 carloads, of which 2,000 were lemons.

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKETS.

LOS ANGELES MARKETS.

Conditions do not develop any notable change, ordinary quality ruling easy, with choice to fancy being firm.

Vegetables all along the line are in good request at generally steady prices. Tomatoes are very plentiful at lower prices.

Provisions are unchanged, firm.

Butter is somewhat unsteady. A fair deal is being withdrawn from coolers, and fresh tends to accumulate to some extent.

Eggs have taken a sharp tumble to 20 cents for local ranch. The sale of eggs for the coolers has been vigorously pressed. They are regarded as perfectly good, excepting for a few special lines of trade, and being so much cheaper, they have had the call. For weeks merchants have refused to pay over 20 cents for ranch eggs from first hands, yet an effort was made to hold the jobbing price at 24 cents, then at 22, then a shade lower, until the price was smashed down to 21 flat. Eastern are all the way from 19 to 21 cents, the top figure being for fancy selected stock.

Stocks of live poultry are very light for the end of the week, large, fat fowls being decidedly scarce.

Dried Fruits, Nuts and Raisins.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, evaporated, choice to fancy, 7@8; apricots, 9@10; peaches, fancy, 7½@8; choice, 6@7½; pears, fancy evaporated, 8; plums, pitted, choice, 8; prunes, choice, 3@3½; fancy, 6@7; dates, 5; figs, sacks, California, white, per lb., 4@5; California, black, per lb., 4½@6; California, fancy layers, per lb., 7@9; imported Smyrna, 8.

RAISINS—Fancy Clusters, per box, 2.50; London Layers, per box, 1.50; loose, 6@6½ per lb.; Seedless Sultanas, 9@10.

NUTS—Almonds, paper-shell, 15; softshell, 14; hardshell, 10; Brazils, 13@14; filberts, 13; peanuts, raw, eastern, 6½; roasted, 8½; California, choice raw, 5½; California, fancy raw, 6; California, roasted, 7@7½; walnuts, soft-shell, first grade, 12½; hardshell, first grade, 9@10; pecans, Mexico, 7.

Potatoes, Onions and Vegetables.

POTATOES—Per ctl., new, choice to fancy, 1.00@1.50; fair to good, 1.75@1.75; sweets, 1.75@2.00.

ONIONS—New, per central, 90@1.25.

VEGETABLES—Beets, per cwt., 75; cabbage, 1@2; carrots, 75 per cwt.; green chiles, 2@3 per lb.; dry chiles, per string, 50@1.00; lettuce, per doz., 25; parsnips, 75 per cwt.; green peas, 4@5; radishes, per doz. bunches, 25; string beans, 2@3½; turnips, 75 per cwt.; garlic, 6@7½; tomatoes, 20@25; asparagus, per lb., 8@9; summer squashes, per box, 25@50; cucumbers, per box, 30@40; corn, per sack, 75@85.

Provisions.

HAMS—Per lb., Rex, 14½; Gilbert, 12½; picnic, 10@11; Winchester, medium, 14½; do., light, 14½; Premium, 15; skinned, 14½@15; 6'er, 14½@14½; Gold Band, 15; Orange Blossom, 12½.

BACON—Per lb., Rex breakfast, 14½@14½; mild cured do., 12@13½; special fancy, 15; bacon backs, 12½; Winchester, medium, 10@14½; light, 10½; Empire, 12½; Premium, 17½; 6'er, medium, 14@14½; light, 15½; Gold Band, 17½; Orange Blossom, 13½.

DRY SALT PORK—Per lb., clear bellies, 11½@11½; short clears, 11½@11½; clear backs, 10½@11½.

DRIED BEEF—Per lb., insides, 15½@17½.

PICKLED BEEF—Per bbl., 16.00; rump butts, 17.00.

PICKLED PORK—Per bbl., Sunderland, 18.50.

LARD—Pure, per lb., Silver Leaf, tierces, 11½; 50-lb. tins, 11½; 20s, 11½; 10s, 12½; 5s, 12½. Rex, tierces, 11½; 20s, 11½; 10s, 12½; 5s, 12½. Winchester, tierces, 9½; 3s, 12½; White Label, tierces, 11½; 50s, 11½; 20s, 11½; 10s, 12½; 5s, 12½.

LARD COMPOUNDING—Per lb., tierces, Ivory Compound, 7; Sunbeam, 8½; Cotosuet, tierces, 9½; 50s, 10; 10s, 10½; 5s, 10½; 3s, 10½; Swift's Compounds, tierces, 9½; 5s, 9½.

Fresh Meats.

BEEF—Per lb., 7@7½.

VEAL—8@10.

MUTTON—Per lb., 8; lamb, 8.

PORK—Per lb., 9½.

Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

BUTTER—Fancy Board of Trade creamery, per square, 20; southern creamery, 20@21; dairy, 18@19½; Coast creamery, 19@22½.

EGGS—Per doz., fresh ranch, 21; eastern, 19@21.

CHEESE—Per lb., eastern, full cream, 16½@17; Coast, full cream, 11@11½; Anchor, 17; Downey, 14; Young America, 13; 3-lb. hand, 14; domestic Swiss, 17@18; imported Swiss, 26@27; Edam, fancy, per doz., 9.00@10.00.

Fresh Fruits and Berries.

LEMONS—Per box, choice to fancy, 3.00@3.50; grown, 1.50@1.75.

ORANGES—Valencias, 2.50@2.75.

LIMES—Per doz., 1.00.

COCOANUTS—Per doz., 50@1.00.

PINEAPPLES—Per doz., 2.00@2.50.

GRAPE FRUIT—Per box, 1.50@1.75.

STRAWBERRIES—Per box, common, 50c; fancy, 75.

RASPBERRIES—Per box, 10@12.

BLACKBERRIES—Per box, 10c.

PEACHES—Per lb., 1½@2.

PLUMS—Per box, choice, 75@90.

APPLES—1.00@1.25; common, 50@75.

WATERMELONS—Per doz., 1.00@2.50.

GRAPES—Per box, 40@75.

CANTALOUPES—Per doz., 25@30.

PEARS—Bartletts, per box, 1.00@1.50.

Beans.

BEANS—Pink, 3.50@3.75; Limas, 7.50; small white, 5.50; large white, 4.75@5.00.

Hay and Grain.

BARLEY—Mill price, 70@75.

OATS—Jobbing price, 1.40@1.50.

CORN—1.55.

HAY—Near barley, 6.00@9.00; alfalfa, 8.00@ 8.00; lodge, 5.00@7.00.

WHEAT—Mill price, per cental, 1.10@1.15.

Live Stock.

HOGS—Per cwt., 5.00@5.90.

CATTLE—Per cwt., 2.75@4.00 for prime steers; 2.00@3.75 for cows and heifers; calves, 3.50@ 5.00.

SHEEP—Per head, wethers, 4.00@4.50; ewes, 3.00@3.50; lambs, 2.00@2.50.

Poultry.

POULTRY—Dealers pay live weight for stock in good condition: Hens, 5@6; broilers, 5@6; ducks, 8@9; for turkeys, 13@14; geese, 6@10.

Flour and Feedstuffs.

FLOUR—Per bbl., local extra roller process, 3.50@3.60; northern, 3.50; eastern, Pillsbury's Best, 4.75; other brands, 3.90@4.00; graham flour, 3.90; 100 lbs.

FEEDSTUFFS — Bran, per ton, 22.00; rolled barley, 26.00; cracked corn, 1.00 per cwt.

Honey and Beeswax.

HONEY—Per lb., in comb, frames, 11@12½; extracted, 5@6.

BEESWAX—Per lb., 21@22.

STATE OF TRADE.

DUN'S WEEKLY REVIEW.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade tomorrow will say that even in cotton goods, which have been the slowest to respond to the vigorous rains of domestic trade, the present week has brought distinct improvement. Some of the what lower quotations for wheat are not surprising, in view of the general tendency to increase the estimate of the crop far beyond the quantity indicated by official figures of condition. Another weakening influence is the slight decline of exports below the record-breaking total in the first two weeks of August. Shipments for the week, however, were still phenomenal, aggregating 6,267,362 bushels, compared with 8,154,587 bushels last year. Moreover, this gain occurred despite the interruption to shipments from the Pacific Ocean by the strike of grain handlers. These figures of exports omit the movement from Canadian ports, usually included in other records and causing confusion as to the actual state of domestic trade. With 31,400,000 bushels in Manitoba, these shipments from the Dominion are failing little short of a million bushels weekly.

Bank Clearings.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The following table, compiled by Bradstreet, shows the bank clearings at all principal cities for the week ended August 29, with the percentage of increase and decrease, as compared with the corresponding week last year:

	Amount.	Inc.	Dec.
New York	$1,804,122,127	12.9	
Chicago	127,134,694	22.7	
Boston	126,560,000	3.1	
Philadelphia	121,732,364	19.4	
St. Louis	29,402,627	10.1	
Pittsburgh	21,185,211	21.0	
Baltimore	15,760,731	21.0	
San Francisco	13,742,812	14.0	
Cincinnati	15,422,300	20.2	
Kansas City	14,661,224	9.3	
Minneapolis	11,346,784	21.3	
Cleveland	12,041,779	26.7	
New Orleans	7,658,378	40.6	
Detroit	10,093,154	17.7	
Louisville	6,291,600	20.2	
Indianapolis	7,359,650	27.7	
Providence	8,152,100	13.5	
Omaha	6,541,726	9.4	
Milwaukee	6,116,200		4
Buffalo	5,470,579		
St. Paul	5,112,181	8.1	
Savannah	4,994,000		22.7
Denver	3,760,153	2.1	
St. Joseph	4,272,297	16.3	
Richmond	3,561,113	5.8	
Memphis	1,894,345	24.5	
Seattle	3,659,047	16.3	
Washington	1,814,650	35.0	
Hartford	2,359,748	19.2	
Los Angeles	2,271,174	52.2	
Salt Lake City	2,342,614	62.5	
Toledo	1,986,738		28.9
Portland, Or.	1,970,000	22.5	
Rochester	1,470,060	22.5	
Peoria	1,332,701	6.9	
Fort Worth	2,253,802	67.9	
Atlanta	1,938,291	42.6	
Norfolk	1,068,315	19.9	
Des Moines	1,425,597		19.4
New Haven	1,854,643	6.6	
Springfield, Mass.	1,610,438	27.4	
Augusta	893,776		8.1
Nashville	1,271,548	42.6	
Worcester	1,209,422	23.7	
Grand Rapids	1,327,190	39.4	
Sioux City	1,158,222	39.4	
Dayton, O.	973,589	15.6	
Syracuse	1,031,188	15.0	
Scranton	1,118,416	24.2	
Portland, Me.	1,770,455	40.4	
Spokane	956,749		1.7
Tacoma	877,775		9.5
*Columbus, O.	5,058,700	11.6	
*Galveston	4,672,000	40.4	
*Houston	3,189,542	41.5	
Total for the United States	$1,740,025,064	54.1	

*Not included in totals because containing other items than clearings.

Bradstreet's Weekly Review.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Bradstreet's will say tomorrow that a further improvement in corn crop advices, confidence of an early ending of the steel strike, a further advance in cotton and the advent of favorable weather were unitedly responsible for a further enlargement of trade distribution at nearly all markets and perceptibly better and more cheerful tone of business generally. Specially good reports come from such centers as Chicago, which reports a very heavy buying of dry goods and clothing. Wool is moving actively on good manufacturing demand, but is no higher in prices. Reports from the woolen goods market continue favorable. Aside from the strength in textiles, the feature in prices is the lower range of cereals and farm products generally. Wheat is off a little on liquidation, based on large receipts at the Northwest, smaller clearances and less active export demand. Corn is lower on good crop reports, inducing longs to unload. With the exception that the cheaper grades of shoes are not in active request, this trade is in active shape at the East. Shoe shipments are increasing. The air of patient serenity with which the iron and steel trades view the dull spell in their affairs is significant of the confidence growing that the end of the strike is in sight. Leaving out this matter, the trade is in good shape, and consumption is large. Finished products, such as hoops, tubes, sheets and tin plates, are still bringing high premiums. Structural material, plate and bar mills have orders for months ahead. Wire is very scarce at Chicago, owing to the Joliet shut-down. At Pittsburgh merchant furnaces are at the end of their orders and must pile stocks next month, if the strike lasts. Coal and coke is in good demand at St. Louis, and hardware is in active distribution at all western markets. Wheat, including flour, exports for the week aggregate 6,267,611 bushels, as against 6,696,389 last week and 8,268,812 this week last year. Wheat exports from July 1 to date aggregate 101,785,825, as against 98,137,777 to this date last season. Business failures for the week number 183, against 181 last week; 165 in the week a year ago; 121 in 1899; 164 in 1898, and 195 in 1897.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

SHARES AND MONEY.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The stock market made rather a striking demonstration of strength today. The increasing disposition to buy stocks as the day progressed indicated that the demand to cover outstanding contracts came largely from the bear party. There was, however, also a steady absorption of a number of prominent stocks which was difficult to explain on any other basis than as an accumulation, for what purpose it was not disclosed. The buying of this character was particularly obvious in the Gates issues. The buying was very concentrated, and was by brokers usually employed by the inside interests of the property. A single commission house took in the forenoon a thousand and fifteen thousand shares of the common and considerable speculative feeling was attracted, some large buying of this stock coming from Boston. Pfds. of Pacific, St. Paul and Atchison, showed the heated effect of the very large net earnings for July reported earlier in the week and Canadian Pacific and St. Louis and San Francisco continued to move upward from the same cause. This was a general influence in holding the whole railroad list firm. The transactions and the movements in general were not conspicuous. The increase in the volume of business over yesterday was mostly confined to the stocks named. There was considerable damage also for Amalgamated Copper. The Wabash 2d pfd. sold 2 point each, and Denver and Rio Grande preferred gained 3% upon intimations of a coming favorable annual report. The strength of the Central Traffic issues was largely due to talk of absorption by the Chicago and Alton. American Tobacco advanced 5% without explanation and Colorado Fuel and Iron 3 points. The New York Stock Exchange and St. Louis stocks rose 2 to 3. The bears were seemingly discouraged by the absence of a flurry in call money market. New York counted on the demands for loans to carry over until Tuesday to stiffen rates and bring stocks upon the market. This failed to occur in spite of a very unpromising forecast of the week's cash changes. London bought stocks quite freely here, and the resulting decline in the exchange market was the only detrimental effect of this buying. The market closed moderately active and firm. The railroad bond market was very dull, but firm. Total sales, $2,659,000. United States bonds were all unchanged on the last call.

Closing Stocks—Actual Sales.

Atchison	96⅝	So. Railway	23⅝
Atchison pfd	96⅞	So. Railway pfd.	85½
Baltimore & Ohio	104⅝	Texas & Pacific	45⅜
B. & O. pfd.	94½	T. St. L. & W.	25
Canadian Pacific	112⅝	T. St. L. & W. pfd.	54
Canada Southern	67½	Union Pacific	104½
Chesa. & Ohio	41⅝	Union Pac. pfd.	91⅞
Chicago & Alton	36½	Wabash	27
Chicago & Alton pfd.	75½	Wabash pfd	47
C., I. & L.	10½	Wheeling & L. E.	19¼
C., I. & L. pfd.	45	W., St. L. & P.	20½
C., B. & Illinois	125	W., St. L. & P. pfd.	51
Chicago & G. W.	23⅜	Wis. Cen. pfd.	40¼
Chicago & G. W. A.	6¾	P. C. C. & St. L.	72
Chicago & G. W. B.	17⅝	Express Cos—	
Chicago & N. W.	184	Adams	275
C., R. I. & P.	164⅜	American	191
Chicago Ter.	22⅞	United States	74
Chicago Ter. pfd.	53	Wells-Fargo	300
C., C. C. & St. L.	90½	Miscellaneous—	
Colo. Southern	13⅝	Amal. Copper	119⅞
Colo. So. 1st pfd.	54	Am. Car & F.	31⅛
Colo. So. 2d pfd.	27	Am. Car & F. pfd.	97
Del. & Hudson	168⅝	Am. Linseed Oil	24
D., L. & W.	228	Am. Lin. Oil pfd.	60½
Denver & R. G.	40⅞	Am. Sugar	130
D. & R. G. pfd.	93⅝	Am. S. & R. pfd.	107
Erie	44¼	Am. Tobacco	128⅝
Erie 1st pfd.	72⅜	Anaconda M. Co.	45⅞
Erie 2d pfd.	61⅝	Brooklyn R. T.	74⅝
Great N. pfd.	186	Colo. Fuel & I.	39
Hocking Valley	23⅝	Con. Gas	226½
Hock. Val. pfd.	75⅛	Cont'l Tobacco	48⅝
Illinois Central	140⅝	Cont'l Tob. pfd.	103
Iowa Central	20	Gen. Electric	183
Iowa Cen. pfd.	74⅛	Glucose Sugar	57
Lake Erie & W.	19	Hocking Coal	15
L. E. & W. pfd.	68	Int'l Paper	19
Louis. & Nash.	106⅞	Int'l Paper pfd.	73⅜
Manhattan L.	126⅝	Int'l Power	36⅝
Met. St. Ry.	167⅝	Nat'l Biscuit	44⅝
Mexican Central	23⅝	Nat'l Biscuit pfd.	119
Mexican Nat'l	12⅜	Nat'l Lead	20⅝
Minn. & St. L.	107⅞	Nat'l Salt	42½
Minneapolis, St. P. & S. Ste. M.	107⅞	Nat'l Salt pfd.	94
M., K. & Texas	34⅝	North American	101
M., K. & T. pfd.	56⅝	Pacific Coast	68
N. Y. Central	162	Pacific Mail	44⅝
N. Y. Central	155⅛	People's Gas	112⅝
Norfolk & W.	56⅝	P. Steel Car	41⅛
N. & W. pfd.	82	P. S. Car pfd.	82
North. Pac. pfd.	89⅛	Pullman Palace Car	208
Ontario & W.	36⅝	Republic Steel	9¾
Pennsylvania	147⅞	Rep. Steel pfd.	73¾
Reading	77⅝	Sugar	125⅝
Reading 1st pfd.	77⅝	Tenn. Coal & I.	61⅝
Reading 2d pfd.	56⅛	Union Bag & P.	29⅝
St. Louis & S. F.	47⅜	Union Bag pfd.	73
St. L. & S. F. pfd.	82	U. S. Leather	13⅝
St. L. & S. F. 2d pfd.	71	U. S. Leather pfd.	75⅞
St. Louis, S. W.	31	U. S. Rubber	19⅜
St. L., S. W. pfd.	67½	U. S. Rubber pfd.	70
St. Paul	172⅝	U. S. Steel	45⅝
St. Paul pfd.	193	U. S. Steel pfd.	94⅛
Southern Pacific	60⅝	Western Union	89⅝

Total sales for the day, 468,300 shares.

Bond List.

U. S. 2s reg.	107⅜	N. Y. C. 1sts	110⅝
U. S. 2s coup.	107⅜	N. Y. C. Gen. 3s	104⅝
U. S. 3s reg.	108⅝	N. P. 3s	72
U. S. 3s coup.	108⅝	N. P. 4s	106⅛
U. S. 4s reg.	138	N. P. 1sts of St. L.	107⅝
U. S. 4s coup.	137	N. A. & W. Con. 4s	100
U. S. old 4s reg.	113	Or. Nav. 1sts	107
U. S. old 4s coup.	113	Or. Nav. 4s	103
U. S. 5s reg.	107⅝	Or. S. L. 4s	103
U. S. 5s coup.	107⅝	Or. S. L. Con. 5s	111⅞
D. of C. 3-65s	124	Reading Gen. 4s	96
Atchison, Adj. 4s	97⅜	St. L. & I. M. 5s	110
Can. So. 2ds	107½	St. L. & S. F. Gen. 6s	127½
C. & O. 5s	121	St. L. & S. F. R. R. 6s	115½
C. & O. 4½s	107	St. L. & S. F. 4s	95½
C., R. I. & P. 1st	107	St. L. & S. W. 1sts	107
C., R. I. & P. 2ds	73	St. L. & S. W. 2ds	117¾
C., R. I. & P. Col. 5s	107	St. P. C. & P. 1s	115½
C. & E. Ill. 6s	118	St. P. C. & P. 5s	116½
Colo. Mid. 4s	57	Pacific 6s	102
Colo. Sou. 4s	78	So. Railway 5s	117¾
D. & R. G. 4s	101⅞	Term. 5s	107
Erie Gen. 4s	84	Union Pacific 4s	105⅞
Fort Worth 1sts	97½	Wabash 1sts	110
Gen. Elec. 5s	120	Wabash 2ds	110
Iowa Cen. 1sts	114	West Shore 4s	112⅝
L. & N. Un. 4s	101	Wis. Cen. 1s	46½
M., K. & T. 2ds	65½	Va. Centuries	94⅞
M., K. & T. 4s	89		

*Bid.

Boston Stocks and Bonds.

Money—		Union Land	2½
Call loans	3@4%	West End	96
Time loans	4@5	W. Electric	71⅝
Stocks—		Bonds—	
A., T. & S. F.	79⅞	N. E. G. & C. 5s	97
Atchison pfd	96⅝	Bingham M. Co.	41⅛
Am. Sugar	129½	Amal. Copper	120
Am. Telephone	168	Atlantic	27
Boston & Albany	256	C. & Hecla	729@730
Boston & Maine	192⅞	Centennial	20½
Dominion Coal	40	Franklin	19½
Dom. Coal pfd	115½	Humboldt	7
Fed. Steel	45½	Osceola	110
Fed. Steel pfd.	95	Parrot	42
Fitchburg pfd	146	Quincy	178
Gen. Electric	377½	Santa Fe Copper	7¼
Ed. Elec. Ill.	250	Tamarack	361
Mexican Central	23½	Utah Mining	29⅝
N. E. G. & C.	8	Winona	1⅜
Old Colony	204	Wolverine	66½
Old Dominion	24⅝		
Union Pacific	104		

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve, in the Division of Redemption shows: Available cash balance, $178,147,811; gold, $107,-335,006.

London Financial Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: "The stock market was inanimate today, but quotations held firm. Consols were firm on strong money, although a reduction of the bank rate is not expected. There was professional support, but at the same time the best people bought big blocks of Erie, running its price up to 45¾, a new record, while there was a strong tip here that the stock will touch 50. The report is that the road is to be the eastern seaboard outlet for a southwestern consolidated system. The general list closed at the top on New York support. The bears were afraid to sell before the holidays lest the steel strike should suddenly collapse. Figures, quoted, also say that the corn crop is suffering not worse than the recent doleful reports would indicate.

New York Money.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Close: money on call, steady, 2@3 per cent.; last loan, 3 per cent. Time money, easy; sixty days, 4 per cent.; ninety days, 4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.85@4.85½ for demand and at 4.84 for sixty days. Posted rates, 4.85 and 4.87½. Commercial bills, 4.83½@4.83¾. Bar silver, 58½. Mexican dollars, 46½. Government bonds, steady; State bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, firm.

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—Higher prices ruled on the Board of Trade today. Light Argentine shipments, together with stronger cables than anticipated, caused wheat to bring active and higher. A lessened pressure to sell September was also a strengthening factor, the absence of any considerable offerings being taken as indicating that longs had pretty well sold out. There was also a good shipping demand. Disinclination to make any contracts over the three holidays resulted in bringing about a heavy feeling to the market. December opened a shade to ¼ to ⅝c higher at 71⅛@71⅜@71⅝c, and on covering by shorts the price advanced to 72¼c, but fell back to 71⅛@71¼c on selling by Northwest. A rally occurred towards the close which was half a cent higher, at 71¾@71⅞c. Corn opened active and firm. The subsequent market became dull later pending the holidays. December closed with a gain of ⅞ to 1 at 36¼@37c. Oats followed corn. December closed ⅛ to ¼c higher at 25¼c. Provisions were strong, in sympathy with higher prices for hogs and on buying by packers. January pork closed with a gain of 17½c; lard 7½c higher, and ribs 7½@10c higher.

The leading futures closed as follows:

Wheat, No. 2—	Closing.
September	69⅝
December	71⅞
May	77⅛
Corn, No. 2—	
September	34½
December	36⅝@37
May	39⅛@39¼
Oats, No. 2—	
September	23¼@23⅜
December	26¾
May	31⅞

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour was steady; No. 3 spring wheat, 66@68½; No. 2 red, 70¼@71½; No. 2 oats, 24@26½; No. 2 white, 26½@27½; No. 2 white, 31½; No. 2 rye, 54½@55½; fair to choice malting barley, 57@61; No. 1 northwestern, 1.02@1.04; prime timothy seed, 3.40; mess pork, per bbl., 16.40@16.45; lard, per 100 lbs., 8.80@8.82½; short ribs, sides (loose), 8.25@ 8.45; dry salted shoulders (boxed), 7¼@7¾; short clear sides (boxed), 8.90@8.95; clover, contract grade, 9.75@9.80.

Grain Movements.

Articles—	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	25,000	12,000
Wheat, bushels	160,000	85,000
Corn, "	382,000	55,000
Oats, "	242,000	250,000
Rye, "	6,000	1,000
Barley, "	6,000	1,000

On the Produce Exchange today the butter market was steady; creamery, 14@19½; dairy, 13@17; cheese, steady, 9¾@10½. Eggs, firm; fresh, 18.

Closing Figures.

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—Close: Wheat August and September 69¾c; October 70c; December, 71⅞@71¾c; May, 77⅝c. Corn, August and September, 34½c; December, 36⅝@37c. Oats, September and August, 23¾@23⅞c; December, 25¼c. Pork, August and September, 14.50; January, 15.52. Lard, August and September, 8.07½; January, 7.65@7.67½. Ribs, August and September, 8.02½@8.05; January, 6.97½.

Fruit at New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The East Fruit Company sales of California fruit were as follows: Pears—Bartletts, average 1.40@1.45; average, 2.36 box; half box, average 1.70. Grapes, Muscats, 1@1.35; average 1.27 single crate

Orange County Towns: Santa Ana and Anaheim.

WANTS SANTA ANA'S FINE FLOWER GARDEN.

OCEANSIDE MAKES A BID FOR THE ATTRACTION.

Extensive Development Work in Trabuca Canyon Tin Mines Soon to Begin—Stamp Mill Ordered—Pickle Factory Desired by Many Ranchers.

SANTA ANA, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] The town of Oceanside, in San Diego county, is making an effort to secure the propagation gardens of the Santa Fé, which have been located in this city for the past several years. These gardens are located near the depot on East Fourth street, and they furnish thousands of flowers every month, which are supplied to the various depots between San Diego and Barstow, the plants being used in the depot gardens along this route. Flowers are sent from these gardens to the Los Angeles depot and to the eating-houses along the Santa Fé route, as well as to passengers on the "Limited," in the shape of boutonnieres.

The City Clerk at Oceanside has written a letter to the railroad officials, in which the proposition is made that that town will give the railroad company 100,000 gallons of water per month for irrigation purposes, free of charge, if the company will bring its gardens to that point. The letter further states that for all water used in excess of the 100,000 gardens per month, a charge of 5 cents per 1000 gallons will be made. Up to the present time no action has been taken on the proposition, and it is not known whether or not the railroad people will accept it.

STAMP MILL FOR TRABUCA.

The Santa Ana Tin Mining Company will begin work on its property in Trabuca Cañon in the near future. The company has purchased a ten-stamp mill, which is to be delivered in this county September 1. The mill will be taken at once to the cañon and erected as soon as possible, after which the reduction of ore will begin. There is now a force of workmen engaged in building a road in the cañon to the location of the mill, so that the heavy machinery can be more easily transported. Another force of men is working in several tunnel prospects, the ore taken showing up well in tin, with a good sprinkling of gold.

Aside from the improvements mentioned, the company has let the contract for the construction of a cyanide plant with a capacity of about 100 tons per day, and it is stated that other improvements will be made as soon as the mines are fairly opened. The work of developing water has also been taken up, and is being pushed in several of the little side cañons. If the plans, as they appear now, are carried out, the development of these tin mines will mean a great deal more for Santa Ana and Orange county than was generally anticipated a few months ago. A party of officers and directors of the company came down from Los Angeles yesterday and today left for Trabuca Cañon to inspect the mines and determine the installation of the new stamp mill. The members of the company were Gail Borden, J. A. Comer, Charles Comer, Harvard Squires and Samuel Theis. Mr. Borden is president of the company, and J. A. Comer is the general manager.

DISCOVERED A METEORITE.

H. L. Zimmerman and J. N. Ellis returned yesterday from Santiago Cañon, where they have been camping for the past week, with a peculiar rock which is believed to be of meteoric origin. It is in circular form, and while it is only about 14 inches across in greatest diameter, and but 5 inches in thickness, it weighs 95 pounds, this being about twice the weight of pure granite. Unlike other rock, this specimen has a metallic ring to it when touched with a piece of steel or iron. Since returning to the city the finders of the rock have been offered $50 for it, but the offer was refused. The specimen is now on exhibition at Clark & Leslie's blacksmith shop.

CRIMINAL ESCAPES.

George Gilchrist, who was sentenced to a short term in the County Jail a few days ago for vagrancy, but who is believed to be a badly-wanted criminal, escaped today by jumping from the second-story window of the Courthouse. In company with several other prisoners, Gilchrist was clad in prison costume, and was working in the Courthouse yard. Unobserved he slipped into the Courthouse, removed the prison garb, replacing the same with a pair of overalls one of the workmen had left in the building, and then jumped out of the window. The officers are now searching for him. He wore blue overalls, a thin undershirt and black hat when he left here. He is about 20 years of age, heavy set, has smooth face and dark complexion.

SUPPOSED TO BE CRAZY.

Roy Hunt, who has been acting queerly at Newport Beach for several days, was arrested today and brought here for examination as to his sanity. Hunt was released from the County Jail only recently. Upon several occasions he has exhibited a knife in a menacing manner when in company with little girls, frightening them badly.

SLEPT FIVE MONTHS.

John S. Little, who came here from Hiwatha, Kan., about five months ago, and who has been sleeping the greater portion of that time, left today for his Kansas home, his condition but little improved. His peculiar malady is excessive sleep. He has slept, with only slight interruptions, almost continuously for the past five months. He is easily aroused, and, when awake, converses freely, but quickly drops into a slumber again. His case has baffled medical skill, and he was brought to California in the hope that the climate here would be more favorable for him, but the experiment has not been successful. His appetite has failed him recently, his principal nourishment being milk and softened toast, which he swallows in his sleep, when placed in his mouth. Little has been a very large man, weighing, in ordinary health, 250 pounds, but his prolonged siesta has greatly lessened his avoirdupois. His family has concluded there is little or no hope for his recovery, and they have accordingly taken him home to his friends.

WANTS A PICKLE FACTORY.

Recently numerous suggestions have come from ranchers in this valley for the establishment of a pickle factory. There is, perhaps, no other section of the State where cucumber vines bear so profusely as they do in the Santa Ana Valley. At this season of the year, many tons of small cucumbers go to waste for the simple reason that there is no demand for them. There is no factory to work them up, and after the housewife gets all she wants for family use, the remainder of the crop is simply wasted. It is the opinion of many thoughtful ranchers that a man with ten acres of cucumber vines would find that he had a better paying proposition than the owner of a like number of acres of oranges, lemons or English walnuts, and these are considered the best-paying crops in the valley. If a pickle factory were established, not only cucumbers would be utilized, but many of the different varieties of fruits, which make a high grade of pickles. The man with a pickle-factory bee in his bonnet will certainly find it to his interest to confer with some of the small ranchers in the vicinity of Santa Ana.

SANTA ANA BREVITIES.

R. C. Carey was summoned to his home in Wakenda, Mo., today by a telegram announcing the serious illness of his little daughter. Mr. Carey has been in Santa Ana for the past several months and he expects to return here to locate permanently as soon as he can dispose of his property interests in Missouri.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Burbank returned this evening from a stay of several weeks at Catalina. They will leave for Illinois next week to dispose of their property, with a view of returning to Santa Ana to make their future home.

Miss Bessie and George Lewis entertained a number of their friends Wednesday evening at their home on South Main street, in honor of the Misses Margaret Jerr and Agnes McBride, who leave in a few days to enter the Los Angeles Normal School.

Rev. R. W. Miller has arrived in Santa Ana from Los Angeles to take the pastorate of the Seventh Day Adventist Church. Rev. and Mrs. Miller have taken a house at the corner of Sixth and Ross streets.

Mrs. W. L. Shatto, Miss Ethel Shatto and Miss Button of Tustin went to Santa Monica yesterday as delegates to the W.C.T.U. Institute, which is holding a three days' session at that resort.

Mrs. R. W. Jones and Mrs. James Mitchell of the Hewes' ranch and Mrs. W. S. Jones of Orange constitute a party that went to Newport yesterday for a week's outing.

J. L. Garnsey and little son have arrived from De Luz, San Diego county, where they have been spending the past several months.

Mrs. Carrie Ey, National Aide of the W.R.C., went to Los Angeles today to be present at the exemplification ceremonies of the order.

Mrs. J. W. T. Kimball, two daughters and son, returned yesterday from an outing of several weeks at Catalina.

Mrs. A. J. Padgham of this city returned yesterday from a visit of a week with friends in Los Angeles.

Rev. N. B. Bennett has arrived in Santa Ana from Texas, and is the guest of Rev. Sam P. Wright.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Roach of this city have gone to the beach at Newport for a stay of two weeks.

Miss Gertrude Jamison of Golden, Colo., is in the city, a guest at the home of O. C. Overman.

Mrs. H. C. Smith of Los Angeles is in Santa Ana, a guest at the home of Mrs. L. H. Mills.

Mrs. Henry Diers of this city is entertaining Mrs. F. A. Tracy and Miss Diamond Baker.

Rev. W. H. Wotten has returned from a visit in Los Angeles and Ventura counties.

Mrs. E. M. Walton and Mrs. M. West of this city have gone to Escondido to visit friends.

Mrs. J. W. Flagg of this city is entertaining Mrs. Mamie Bertres of Los Angeles.

Mr. and Mrs. William Royle of Los Angeles visited in Santa Ana yesterday.

J. G. Kimball has returned from an outing of several days at Catalina.

Rev. Myron Cooley of this city is spending a few days in Los Angeles.

C. F. Green of Colton has gone to Newport Beach for a brief outing.

ANAHEIM.

WAR ON WALNUT FUNGUS.

ANAHEIM, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Correspondent.] R. H. Gilman, a leading walnut grower of Placentia, takes issue with the conclusions of Judge Cheney that the walnut pest prevalent here is "a fungus which swims up in the sap of the tree much as a fish goes up stream." He says this theory is absurd, and asks why, if the bacterium is transmitted by the sap, it makes its first appearance on the outside of nut and twig, manifesting itself in the form of a small speck which spreads inwardly to the pit. He says that so-called winter irrigation has no effect whatever upon the disease, which exists on trees regardless of the time or manner of applying water or the quantity used.

The speck, he says, does not penetrate the nut after the shell hardens, as would be the case if it originated in the sap. Mr. Gilman's experiments have shown that the fungus can be inoculated in a healthy nut by inserting the point of a pin which has been in contact with an infected spot, while a similar wound with a clean implement produces no effect. He says he has found the disease in every character of soil from heavy loam to light sand thoroughly drained by a gravel stratum, where moisture could not possibly originate or aggravate the condition.

As a means of checking the disease he suggests that the various walnut associations combine in providing funds to employ an expert and furnish the necessary apparatus to destroy the bacteria, work to be carried on under the supervision of Prof. Pierce, the government pathologist, whose cultures, Mr. Gilman says, have conclusively demonstrated the character of the pest and its manner of propagation.

ANAHEIM BREVITIES.

G. A. McElfresh, high chief ranger of the Independent Order of Foresters, addressed the Anaheim court at its meeting a few evenings ago.

Mrs. H. Cahen has returned from a month's stay at Anaheim Landing.

A parlor entertainment was given yesterday evening by members of the Christian Endeavor Society at the home of J. B. Rea.

Misses Cargill and Miss Poldie Heiman are home from an outing of two weeks at the Landing.

Thomas F. Green of Riverside was a visitor in Anaheim several days this week.

C. H. Kilbourn has arrived from Ogden, Utah, to take the position in the Southern Pacific office here made vacant by the transfer of H. B. Saylor to the company's Riverside office.

Ventura and Santa Barbara Counties.

FARMERS' INSTITUTE AT SANTA BARBARA.

SUBJECTS OF INTEREST TO RANCHERS DISCUSSED.

Other Similar Meetings Soon to Be Held in Other Places—Hackman the Burglar Sent to San Quentin for Three Years.

SANTA BARBARA, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] The University Farmers' Institute at Montecito began today. It is being conducted by Prof. A. J. Cook of Claremont. He spoke on "A New Discovery." Prof. M. E. Jaffa of the University of California had for his subject, "Food Value for Live Stock," and "Suggestions for the Home Table." Ernest Braunton gave some points on "Floriculture and Landscape Gardening," Rev. Frank Forbes on "Rural Homes," and F. Kahles, on "Vegetables."

Tomorrow the subjects will be: "Milk as a Food," and "Use and Abuse of Meat," by Prof. Jaffa; "Insect Fertilization," by Mrs. Holden; "Scale Pests," by Prof. Cook, and "Bulbous and Tuberous Plants," by L. Horner.

BURGLAR SENTENCED.

James W. Hackman, the burglar recently captured at Naples, has been sentenced to three years in San Quentin and will be taken north as soon as Sheriff Stewart returns, he having left yesterday morning to take Panoch, who stole a bicycle here, to the State penitentiary. Margaret Mason, the woman 60 years old, who took silverware from Dr. J. B. Shaw's residence, has been held to answer in the Superior Court. Her ball was fixed at $1000, which she was unable to furnish.

SANTA BARBARA BREVITIES.

The steamer Corona arrived last night from San Francisco with eight passengers and a large quantity of freight for this port. It is the first time she has been able to get away from San Francisco since the beginning of the strike, and she was about sixteen hours behind schedule time in reaching here.

H. W. Carter of Los Angeles, president of the United Electric Gas and Power Company of this city, with his family, are at the Arlington.

F. E. Valentine, traveling passenger agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway, with headquarters in San Francisco, was in the city yesterday.

Mrs. H. L. Scott, who has been visiting Santa Barbara for some time, left yesterday for her home in Princeton, N. J. She is the wife of Capt. Scott, U.S.A., who is now stationed in Porto Rico.

Miss Gertrude Owen left yesterday for Colorado Springs to resume her position as teacher in the schools of that city. She has been spending her vacation at her home here.

The following are recent arrivals at the Arlington from Los Angeles: A. E. Newman, J. T. Waldea, Mrs. C. R. Rockwood, A. H. McKay, M. T. Bowler and wife, Thomas Hughes, T. J. Clark, C. F. Winters and wife, C. S. Maud, G. W. Sessions.

Miss Carolyn Bond has returned home after spending four months visiting relatives in the East.

John W. Phalen, traveling passenger agent of the Great Northern Railway, from San Francisco, is in the city today in the interests of his company.

E. Kuppenheimer, a member of one of the largest wholesale clothing firms of Chicago, is at the Arlington with his family, having returned here after spending some time in Northern California.

Louis Thwaites, who was formerly organist of Trinity Episcopal Church in this city, and who went from here to Stockton, will return next month to resume his old position.

The Enterprise Laundry of this city has been sold. Mr. Masten, the former proprietor, will devote his time to his oil interests, which are quite extensive.

A divorce was granted yesterday to A. J. Jacoby from Maggie H. Jacoby.

Mrs. L. H. Long will leave soon for an extended trip East. She is the wife of Assistant Engineer Long of the Southern Pacific Company, who is stationed here.

The two new bowling alleys at the bath-house have been finished, making four now in use. There was such a demand for the two first put in, that the company decided to add the others.

LOMPOC.

TO IRRIGATE THE VALLEY.

LOMPOC, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] For several days there has been much talk concerning the establishment of an immense irrigation system for this entire valley. R. M. Shackleford of the Southern Milling Company has been on the ground studying the situation. Three years ago E. E. Hall put in a system of ditches, tapping the Santa Ynez River about two miles above town. For two seasons he got water on portions of the valley nearest the mains, but the supply in the summer season was by no means sufficient. Last winter his flume across the river washed out and this season no repairs were made and no effort made to furnish water. It appears that the milling company holds a mortgage on this plant, and claims that Mr. Hall has forfeited his right of way from failure to operate his ditches for the past year. Mr. Shackleford proposes to restore the old Hall system and besides to put in a pumping plant farther up the river and construct a ditch around the foothills, thus bringing practically all the valley under the system. The movement is meeting with hearty approval by the farmers throughout the valley.

DIED IN HIS TENT.

Mrs. James Sloan, who has returned from a camping trip to Zaca Lake in the Santa Ynez Mountains, reports the tragic death of a young man named Lane, from Goleta near Santa Barbara. When Mrs. Sloan's party reached the lake they found Lane camping alone. He seemed to be in bad health, but was able to take care of himself, and one evening visited the tent of the newcomers. Later that night Mrs. Sloan and Ed Elmer, one of her party, heard a call from Lane's tent, and hurrying to him, they saw him leaning from his couch with blood gushing from his mouth and nostrils. When they placed him back in bed he was dead. Owing to the remoteness of the place, it took two days to get the body to his parents' home at Goleta.

LOMPOC BREVITIES.

The five-year-old boy of Riley Samons set fire to the barn of A. G. Balsam Tuesday and the whole building filled with hay was burned to the ground. There was no insurance.

M. H. Covert, who was to succeed Prof. Taylor in the High School, failed to reach here last Monday, and Hamilton S. Groves of Farmington, San Joaquin county, has been elected to the position.

At the Telephone.

Recently a rosy-cheeked German girl applied for a position as domestic in a well-known family. The girl learned to speak the English language in a remarkably short time, but many of the expressions did not appeal to her in the proper sense.

The telephone had a peculiar charm for the girl. One day there came a ring and she hastened to the 'phone and put the receiver to her ear.

"Hello," she cried.

"Hello," came back over the 'phone, "who is this?"

"How do I know?" innocently inquired the German maid, and to this day she wonders why the man at the other end laughed until he rang off.—[Pittsburgh Dispatch.

SANTA PA...

BREVITIES AND P...

SANTA PAULA, A...

The Times' Resident ...

Rev. H. C. Shoemaker ... has been called as pastor of ... terian Church. He is ... his wife and neice.

Mr. and Mrs. William ... and Mrs. Bert Hall and ... Henry Cook have return... outing at Serena.

Mrs. Wichman of ... turned to assume her ... of Briggs School, ... week.

Mrs. L. J. Bercan ... Beach today to camp ... Proctor.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B... Misses Hedrick, Dees... son; Messrs. Boor ... have just returned ... trip at Serena.

A party of young ... McCutchan's Springs, ... a dance Wednesday ... B. Ruggles entertained ... gentlemen friends at ... day evening.

The Santa Paula ... Ventura County Cadets ... Camp" entertainment ... Friday evening.

Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. ... son entertained their ... day and Friday after... son expects to go East.

Mrs. Neth returned ... from Los Angeles, ... for two weeks.

SAN LUIS ...

FRAUD AL...

SAN LUIS OBISPO, ...

The Times' Resident ...

The hearing of the ... DeGettardi & Ri... was finished yesterday ... Lamy, and a decision ... volved was rendered ... hearing has been ... several days.

On the night of Aug... leged by the firm that ... entered and their safe ... On the day after the ... the firm delivered to ... Dorn about $2800. ... retain Mr. Dorn to de... case which might ... hiring of a detective ... robbers.

William Herman ... morning of May 1, ... robbery was reported, ... whom he recognized ... Righetti, a member of ... the store. Attorney ... the San Francisco ... in his argument to ... evidence given to ... there had been no re... tematic plan by DeG... to defraud their ... Gottardi refused to ... of questions asked him ... to appear before the ... trict Court in Los ... tempt.

SAN LUIS OBISPO, ...

The report of the ... iners was filed today, ... there is a surplus of ... treasury.

Mrs. John L. Love ... her home in Monte... with Mrs. Benjamin ...

ARROYO G...

ARROYO GRANDE, ...

The Times' Resident ...

The apricot crop was ... owing to early frosts, ... and Hess have dried ... to forty-seven and ... spectively.

Frank Lowe and ... both of this place, ... latter's home Thurs... San Luis Obispo in ...

Rev. Frank Conrad ... who have been visit... for the past few ... to their home in Mo...

The contract has ... ing the vault of the ... Commercial Bank to ... and work will be beg...

San Bernardino and Riverside Counties—Their Towns.

REDLANDS BONDS ARE NOT ALL FOR WATER.

BETTER FIRE SERVICE AND JAIL ARE BADLY NEEDED.

Those Who Strongly Oppose the Water Bonds are Doing Their Utmost to Insure the Success of the Others—Young Ladies Frightened

REDLANDS, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] There is now some anxiety among the opponents of the water-bond issue that has kept the city stirred up more or less for the past two months. The bond elections and the provisions of the bonds have been generally referred to as "the bond issue," and in this way the ordinance providing for a new firehouse and jail has come in for just about as much denunciation as the Dunlap ranch water supply, for the reason that non-interested voters, and many who have not informed themselves, either do not know of these other provisions of the ordinance or else think that the "Citizens' Committee" is fighting them as well.

The necessity for the success of the bond issue for the jail and firehouse has become apparent during the past few weeks on account of several disastrous fires that have shown the inadequacy of the fire department. The last thing the opponents of the water proposition want is to see the other institutions beaten in the mêlée, and they are now doing some hard work in segregating the issues in the popular mind. Should the voters turn down the whole business in their zeal to serve the Board of Trade and the Citizens' Committee interests, there will probably be little time lost in calling a new election.

YOUNG LADIES FRIGHTENED.

There was considerable consternation in the vicinity of the Ferguson home on Grant street last night about 9 o'clock, and the neighborhood was thoroughly aroused, looking for ghosts, or burglars. Mr. and Mrs. Ferguson are at Santa Monica, and during their absence their daughter Helen has been looking after the large house, and has had with her Miss Nettie Clark and her sister, Mamie. They got along without any fright until last night, when about 9 o'clock a crash in a back room made it known they were not the only tenants. The girls were all thoroughly frightened, but Miss Clark started to investigate. Suddenly her lamp went out, and something rushed by, nearly overturning her. Miss Clark at once became hysterical, and though she is not certain, it was probably a man that caused the commotion, having come in to secrete himself until the inmates should have retired.

A thorough search of the neighborhood was made, but no suspicous character was found, though an unknown man had been seen watching the place earlier in the evening. Neighbors sent delegations over to stay with the girls during the remainder of the night.

REDLANDS BREVITIES.

The Brookings mill is making preparations to turn out orange boxes on a large scale for the coming season. A great quantity of lumber has been hauled down from the sawmill, and a number of additional teams have been put on.

J. B. Miller, president of the Edison Company of Los Angeles, is in the mountains, with H. H. Sinclair of this city, looking at the work being done for his company in Santa Ana and Mill Creek cañons.

G. C. Thaxter, secretary of the Board of Trade, has received news of the death of his grandson, Thaxter Carroll, in San Francisco.

The addition to the Citrus-avenue school is rapidly nearing completion.

SAN BERNARDINO.

NEW ELECTRIC ROAD.

SAN BERNARDINO, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] A large consignment of ties for the new electric road arrived yesterday at Redondo. They will be shipped here within a few days. As soon as the rails arrive from the East the work of construction will commence. The surveys within the city limits are practically completed.

SAN BERNARDINO BREVITIES.

Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Hebbard of Colton entertained a party of friends from that city and San Bernardino last evening at Urbita Springs.

Mrs. M. P. Sullinger entertained the members of the Thursday Club yesterday afternoon at her home on E street.

Miss Mary Allison is visiting friends in Los Angeles.

Rev. Isaac Jewell has returned from Newport.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. More and family have returned from an outing at Long Beach.

Mrs. M. Espy and the Misses Espy are at San Diego.

Henry Bean is seriously ill.

A surprise party was tendered Wednesday evening to Miss Anna Wiehle at her home on Fifth street.

Glenn Mort and Miss Clara Louise Humeston were united in marriage Wednesday evening at the Methodist Church in Rialto, Rev. Mr. Ross officiating.

Miss Mabel Bartlett entertained a company of friends at cards last evening.

RIVERSIDE.

ELKS PLAY BASEBALL.

RIVERSIDE, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] The local lodge of Elks had a game of baseball yesterday afternoon at Athletic Park. Only four innings were played, during which all batting averages were smashed, no less than 37 runs being scored, 26 by the side captained by H. T. Hays, and 11 by the opposing nine, captained by F. D. Lewis, Esq. The fun was fast and furious from start to finish.

NARROWLY ESCAPED DEATH.

Mrs. J. W. Carroll and little daughter narrowly escaped being run over last evening at the Eighth-street crossing by a Southern Pacific freight train that was being handled by a switch locomotive. Two young men caught the horse she was driving in time to prevent collision with the cars. Mrs. Carroll sustained such a nervous shock that a physician was summoned. For a time she imagined that the little girl had been run over and killed by the cars.

RIVERSIDE BREVITIES.

Margaret McKittrick, the twelve-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. McKittrick, died Wednesday at Oak Glen. Interment took place this afternoon from the family residence in Riverside, interment being in Evergreen Cemetery.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. A. Godfrey will leave tomorrow for an extended stay at Coronado.

In the case of the Security Loan and Trust Company of Southern California vs. George T. Carter et al., judgment was yesterday rendered by Judge Noyes for the plaintiff in the sum of $1240. James Mills was appointed commissioner to sell the property mortgaged.

Mr. and Mrs. K. Sanborn are back from the coast.

Felix Lightner has returned from a business and pleasure trip to San Francisco.

County Recorder Stephenson and family will leave tomorrow on a month's outing in Bear Valley.

Patrons of The Times visiting Idyllwild and Strawberry Valley on a vacation can make arrangements for The Times to follow them with Dr. L. A. Wright of San Jacinto. The Times will be delivered in the valley on the day of publication.

THE TIMES AT THE BEACHES.

Patrons of The Times desiring the paper delivered to them at any of the beaches may leave the necessary order at The Times office, or with any of the following-named agents:

A. E. Jackson, Santa Monica, 236 Third street.

Mrs. Thacker, Ocean Park, corner Hill and Second streets.

F. J. Schinnerer, Long Beach, Bank Building.

F. W. Clark, Catalina.

S. R. Commander, foot of wharf, Redondo.

Mrs. D. Samples, postoffice, Terminal Island.

Bautzer & Krohn, Sixth and Beacon streets, San Pedro.

Arrangements have been made for especial summer delivery of The Times at all resorts, and patrons will confer a favor by reporting any irregular or unsatisfactory service.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

INTELLIGENT BIRDS.

A Lover of Pigeons Says People not Well Acquainted With Them do not Understand How Clever They Are.

[Nature Notes:] I do not think many people know what a clever bird a pigeon is, and how constant in its affection. When a pigeon pairs it is for life, and the cock bird is most devoted and attentive to his mate. He builds the nest, and if she does not like it she pulls it to pieces, and he builds it again. Then when the time for setting comes the cock shares the burden of hatching the eggs. Of the first pair of pigeons I had the cock always sat in the day time and left his wife free to enjoy the fresh air and sunshine. Then when night came she took her place under the nest. When the eggs are hatched both birds take an equal share of feeding their young; it is a very busy time, for the young birds are very voracious. Pigeons, unlike most birds, do not open their bills for their parents to put the feed in, but they put their bills into the old bird's bills, and then the old bird fills the young crop from the contents of its own crop.

I once had a pigeon which lived to be 20 years old, and I do not know how many more years he might have lived had he not met with an accident. He was a very funny bird, and was master of all the pigeons; he had a great many wives, as his mates seemed always to come to some unfortunate end; he never mourned long for their loss, but used to set off almost at once to a neighboring farm, where a great number of pigeons were kept, and remain there until he had paired, and then he would return home with his new wife. I do not think he was ever away longer than three days. It was a most curious thing that it did not matter how many pigeons we had, he would never choose one of them for his mate. To each of his wives in turn he seemed most devoted, sitting beside her for hours in the sun, preening his feathers and kissing her.

I once had a pet pigeon which was a marvel of tameness. The way I came to have it was through a quarrel of the parent birds, who in their struggles with each other kicked their little one out of the nest. It fell a distance of about six feet onto some stones, and as it was only a day or two old, and was not in the least fledged, it was a wonder it was not killed. My old nurse found it nearly dead, as it was chilled by lying on the cold stones, and was also injured by the fall. She brought it to me, and we warmed it by the fire, and as it slowly began to recover we determined to try and bring it up. It was a very difficult undertaking, as the little creature was so young, and its beak so tender that you could not force it open without hurting it. The only way to bring up young pigeons if taken from the nest when just hatched seems to be to let them feed out of your mouth. For many days I used to feed my little pet in this way until he was able to eat by himself. He grew into a most amusing, quaint bird, and he had all sorts of funny little ways, but he was never able to fly or even walk without limping, as both his leg and his wing had been injured in his fall. He had a perch in the kitchen, where he always used to sleep at night, or rest in the daytime if he felt inclined. He never allowed anything to be put down on his perch, and if by chance anything was put there he would show his displeasure by marching up and down with his feathers all roughed up, and cooing very loudly until the thing was removed.

When the weather was warm Birdie, as my pigeon was called, used to live chiefly in our large old-fashioned garden, and when I used to call him, as I often did, he used to come as fast as his little legs could carry him. Sometimes he used to come and look for me, and it was the funniest thing to see him looking first in one room and then in the other with his head on one side and the wisest look in his eye until he spied me, and then he would march up and jump on my foot and begin to preen his feathers. It was my custom to kiss Birdie and talk to him if I went into the kitchen when he was there; and if by any chance I forgot to notice him he used to get very angry and walk up and down his perch, bowing his head and cooing in a very loud voice, and he would never be quiet until I went back and kissed him, and then he would seem quite contented and settle himself on his one little red leg and tuck the other up comfortably among his feathers, and pout himself out in the funniest way. Birdie was extremely jealous, and he never could bear me to pet any other animal but himself. I remember one afternoon Birdie was asleep on his bench with his head tucked under his wing when I brought another pet into the kitchen and sat down and began to kiss it. I was suddenly roused by hearing a great noise going on and looking down I saw Birdie in a perfect fury standing at my foot with every feather on end. I could not think at first what could be the matter with him, but guessing it might be jealousy, I put the other animal down and picked him up, and immediately he became sweet tempered and ceased storming. I had Birdie for two years and then a strange cat found its way into our garden and killed him, leaving nothing but his two dear little red feet as a proof of his sad fate.

CHOLLY HALFBACK MISTAKES A HORNETS' NEST FOOTBALL.

Fainted Before Picture.

Crowds gather hourly around the piece of statuary in front of the art gallery at the Exposition, which is entitled "El Caney." Today there was a pathetic little scene. Mrs. Helen M. Packard of Springfield, Mass., read the inscription and fainted. She was carried into the Art Building and revived.

It seems that the soldiers in this scene were her sons, who volunteered with the Second Massachusetts Infantry. The statuary was modeled on a magazine description by Richard Harding Davis, relating how he came on a soldier of the Second Massachusetts standing beside a dying comrade who proved to be his brother. Arthur Packard was the dead soldier, Walter Packard the survivor.

Walter Packard suffered injury to his health in the campaign and is compelled to live in Oregon. His mother is on her way to Oregon to take up her home with him, and, stopping at Buffalo, came upon the statuary.—[Buffalo Correspondence Chicago Tribune.

Flame from Rocks.

A curious phenomenon was observed at the village of Le Ghazil, in the French Alps, recently. One day, toward evening, the inhabitants were disturbed by a loud rumbling in the vicinity of Mont Farand, which increased in intensity. Soon the villagers were further startled by seeing bright flashes of fire. At first the unusual spectacle was attributed to volcanic agencies, and a party of civil engineers set out to examine the cause of the phenomenon.

They discovered that the intense dry heat had caused the chalk rocks on the summit of the mountain to crack and to break away in all directions. These rocks had descended the mountain like an avalanche, and, being thickly veined with silex, in descending they had struck one another with terrific force, scattering brilliant showers of sparks in all directions, with such rapidity that they resembled one single sheet of flame.—[New York Journal.

"You want the pockets to run up and down, I suppose," said the tailor.

"No sir," the irritable customer replied, "I prefer stationary pockets. You may make the slits perpendicular, however."—[Chicago Tribune.

SANTA PAULA.

BREVITIES AND PERSON...

SANTA PAULA, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] Rev. H. C. Shoemaker of Bethany ... has been called as pastor of the ... terian Church. He is accompanied by his wife and neice.

Mr. and Mrs. William Rayner and Mrs. Bert Hall and Mr. and ... Henry Cook have returned from ... outing at Berena.

Mrs. Wickman of Nevada ... returned to assume her duties as ... of Briggs School, which ... week.

Mrs. L. J. Bercan went to ... Beach today to camp with Miss ... Proctor.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Draper, Mrs. ... Misses Hedrick, Desmond and ... son; Messrs. Boor, Lint and ... have just returned from a ... trip at Berena.

A party of young people ... McCutchan's Springs, where ... a dance Wednesday evening.

E. B. Huggins entertained a few gentlemen friends at his home ... day evening.

The Santa Paula company ... Ventura County Cadets gave a ... Camp" entertainment at ... Friday evening.

Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. Fred Ja... son entertained their friends ... day and Friday afternoon. Mr. ... son expects to go East soon.

Mrs. Neth returned Friday ... from Los Angeles, where she ... for two weeks.

SAN LUIS OBISPO.

FRAUD ALLEGED.

SAN LUIS OBISPO, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] The hearing of the bankruptcy ... DeGottardi & Righetti at ... was finished yesterday before ... Lamy, and a decision on the ... volved was rendered Monday ... hearing has been in progress ... several days.

On the night of April 30 it is ... leged by the firm that their ... entered and their safe robbed. ... On the day after the alleged ... the firm delivered to Attorney ... Dorn about $2300. This was ... retain Mr. Dorn to defend the ... case which might arise, and for ... hiring of a detective to ... robbers.

William Herman testified that ... morning of May 1, the morning ... robbery was reported, he saw ... whom he recognized as ... Righetti, a member of the ... store. Attorney Ach, ... the San Francisco creditors, ... in his argument to the referee ... evidence given tended to show ... there had been no robbery, ... tematic plan by DeGottardi & ... to defraud their creditors. ... Gottardi refused to answer ... of questions asked him, and ... to appear before the United ... trict Court in Los Angeles ... tempt.

SAN LUIS OBISPO BRE...

The report of the city ... iners was filed today. It ... there is a surplus of $3,000 ... treasury.

Mrs. John L. Love depar... her home in Montecito, ... with Mrs. Benjamin Dore...

ARROYO GRAN...

ARROYO GRANDE, Aug. ... The Times' Resident Corre... The apricot crop was cut ... owing to early frosts. Mu... and Hess have dried their ... to forty-seven and thirty ... spectively.

Frank Lowe and Miss Ba... both of this place, were ma... latter's home Thursday, at ... San Luis Obispo in the even...

Rev. Frank Conrad and ... who have been visiting ... for the past few weeks, ... to their home in Middleto...

The contract has been ... ing the vault of the ... Commercial Bank to be ... and work will be begun next ...

A HORNETS' NEST FOR ... TRAIL.

Los Angeles County—Its Cities, Towns, Villages, Resorts and Suburban Places.

...ADENA CITIZEN ...IES IN WASHINGTON.

...ACOBS SUCCUMBS TO COM... ...LICATION OF DISEASES.

...a Prominent Merchant and Stood ... in Masonic Circles—Striking ...nd Hotel Steam Fitters Remian ...Victims of License Ordinance.

...ENA, Office of The Times, No. ... Raymond avenue, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] Julius A. Jacobs, Sr., died ... at Coleville, Wash., where ... been visiting, in company with ... and son, their daughter, ... Winters. The news was ... here today by telegraph to ... Richardson, who has charge ... business.

...obs had been suffering for ... with a complication of dis... his death is not a surprise ... who knew him well. He suf... during the hot weather, and ... to find relief in the colder cli... left a few weeks ago to visit his ...

...Jacobs and their younger son, ... accompanied him. The older ... is engaged in business in ... R. C. A daughter, Miss ... has been visiting at ... The remains of the de... will be brought here for inter... The details of the funeral have ... arranged.

...obs was a native of Germany, ... years of age. He was en... in the dry-goods business in ..., La., before coming here ... years ago. He was a mem... of the Presbyterian Church and ... in the Masonic order, having ... in the Chapter, Commandery and ... to the 32d degree. He carried $10,... insurance.

...TEAM FITTERS STILL OUT.

The steam-fitters who were at work ... Raymond Hotel and quit be... Contractor John Curry demanded ... they get to work at 8 o'clock ... of 7:15 o'clock or later, have not returned, and as a consequence the ... is not being done as rapidly as ... be desired. Curry shows no ... yielding, and the union is as ... as a mule. The contractor ... however, that it must come to ... simply a business proposition," ... tonight. "The men were hired ... eight hours a day. The men ... Pasadena work eight hours. ... no reason why the Los Angeles ... should receive the same pay for ... and one-half hours as the local ... receive for eight hours. I think ... will see the reasonableness ... they get to thinking about it. ... would use half a dozen more men ... to advantage."

...is getting along with two ... According to the rule of the ... he is permitted that many. A ... man is authority for the state... that were he to hire more men ... taking back those who were ... him at first, every man on the ... would stop work—carpenters, ...ers and plumbers—big and ...

...RIMMING THE TREES.

...ber tree-trimmers who were put ... by the city to clean up the ... several weeks ago, are ac... good results. The city au... and the property-owners are ... pleased, and it is presumed that ... tourist will be pleased also. ... have trimmed the shade trees ... all the principal streets and ... the side streets before they ... rough.

...trees are being trimmed along ...dewalks uniformly ten feet ... the ground. The whole work ..., the taxpayers not more than ... The cost would be several times ... if every property owner ... his own trees. In that case, ..., the trimming would not be ...

...street department has other ... for improvement. The next ... be tackled will be the wooden ...crossings, of which there are ... hundred scattered about the ... They are placed at the entrance ... grounds, and in many in... are eye-sores. It is proposed ... these and replace them by ...stones, which will have the ad... advantage of keeping the ... from washing and cutting the ...

...IOLATES LICENSE LAW.

... Noble, agent for H. Jevne, ... Angeles grocer, was arrested ... for soliciting orders without a ... Noble telephoned to his em... asked time in which to plead, ... was granted until 2 o'clock Tues... afternoon. Local merchants are ...ing whether Jevne will fight ...dinance. The Los Angeles firm ...siderable business here. ...license ordinance which was ...ed went into effect on August ...provides that every corpora... firm or person not having a reg... established grocery store in ...na and selling or soliciting to ...groceries, shall pay a license of ...for three months, $40 for six ...hs, or $75 for a year. The idea was ...protect home industry, and the ...chants' Protective Association is ...ised to defend the ordinance and ...ed. So if Jevne should decide to ... the matter in court, there ... be a lively fight.

...outh Pasadena grocers removed ...agons when the ordinance ...ame effect, but the Los Angeles ...have not done so.

...ASADENA BREVITIES.

...day afternoon the Country Club ...ed its final golf tournament of ..., and caddy boys are in de... because the entry list is much ... than usual. About thirty play... will take part in the ladies' and ...men's events, for which trophy ... and second prizes have been pro... It will be handicap match play ...st "bogey."

...was planned to dedicate the Meth... Episcopal Church about Septem... when Bishop McCabe would ... been here, but a later date will ... to be chosen. The organ has not ... shipped.

...e Y. M. C. A. boys visited a water... at Redondo tonight on the invitation ...ecretary Parsons. All went on ...

...r. S. G. Emerson returned today ... a three months' tour of New Eng...

...R. Holterhoff has returned from ...rel Inn, where he has been for two ...

...Humes Roberts and L. S. Roberts ...e to La Jolla tomorrow. ...day is Labor day, and the banks ...ill be closed.

...e Lila Dairymaid has returned ...the Island.

...F. H. Seymour, who is a great ...of tennis, has offered to wager ...that Miss May Sutton of this city ...defeat Miss Marion Jones, who won ...the national championship for ladies two years ago.

Superior chocolates at McCament's. Artist's materials at Wadsworth's.

CLAREMONT.

SHOT THROUGH THE ARM.

CLAREMONT, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] Frank Stevenson, who lives on a ranch northwest of the city, was shot through the arm yesetrday and painfully wounded by Archie Thompson, aged 16. The boy had been given a Winchester rifle, 22 caliber, and had gone to play with a young son of Stevenson, who also has a rifle. The boys were on the porch with their guns, and Mr. Stevenson was in the yard pumping up his bicycle tires. One of the guns was discharged and the bullet struck Stevenson in the right forearm and passing out above the elbow, cut its way through his clothing, and cut a patch of skin off the right sideof his body. The wounds are not serious. The rifles of both boys are now for sale.

CLAREMONT BREVITIES.

The annual meeting of the Claremont Citrus Union was held yesterday afternoon, and a board of directors elected for the coming year, composed of J. R. Moles, George F. Ferris, Henry H. Wheeler, Allen Towne and Homer Bartlett. During the season of 1900-'01, 280 carloads of oranges have been shipped from this point. This comprises the navels and all other varieties.

Mrs. John C. Fillmore and her son, who have been spending the winter in Claremontin for the benefit of the son's health, leave tomorrow for Colorado, Colo., where they will spend the coming winter. Mrs. Fillmore is the widow of John Comfort Fillmore, who was at the head of the college school of music at the time of his death.

Miss Anna Doyle leaves tomorrow for Redlands, where she will remain for an indefinite time.

Mrs. Wherry, Mrs. Cooper, Mrs. Covell, Mrs. Thomas and daughter, Charlotte, Miss Gaylord, and Robert Wherry and Bert Johnson formed a camping party which left last evening for Lytle Creek.

Prof. A. J. Cook is in Santa Barbara.

Mrs. M. S. Moles and daughter, Edith, and Miss Etta Stephens have gone to Camp Sturtevant for a few weeks.

Miss Alice Beckwith has left for Santa Barbara.

Mrs. D. H. Colcord is visiting her sister, Mrs. Sanborn, of Redlands.

TERMINAL ISLAND.

VENETIAN FETE.

TERMINAL ISLAND, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Correspondent.] Eight boats propelled by oars were in the Venetian fete in the inner harbor Thursday night. The function was under the auspices of the Terminal Boat Club. The parade was led by A. W. Armstrong, chairman of the Regatta Committee. Guitar and mandolin music proceeded from one of the boats. Chinese lanterns were placed in the temporary rigging and the reflection of the lights on the still water produced a beautiful effect. The participants were afterward entertained by C. B. Boothe at his cottage, at which dancing was enjoyed.

REDONDO.

BOWLING TOURNAMENT.

REDONDO, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] The bowling tournament, which began at the Redondo Hotel Wednesday night, will probably be concluded Saturday. The entries in the men's event are Messrs. Osburn, Hines, McFarland, Dr. O'Reilly, Barlow, Herrin, K. Klokke, E. Klokke, Norris, Haskins, Jones, Ainsworth, Young, Sterling, Lewis, Dunn, Duff and Hardenbergh. Those entered in the ladies' event are Mrs. Denman, Mrs. Garnsey, Mrs. Ainsworth, Mrs. Bishop, Mrs. Young and Mrs. Hardenbergh and Misses Mullins, Reid, Adams and Herrin.

REDONDO BREVITIES.

Miss Elizabeth Walters of Los Angeles was a guest of Miss Laura Solano at the Redondo Hotel Thursday.

Miss Laura Solano, while bowling Tuesday evening, slipped and broke her right wrist.

Edward C. Sterling of Redlands, E. J. Gates of Los Angeles, F. Parker of Pasadena and W. Humbert of Los Angeles are at the Redondo Hotel.

The barkentine Portland, Capt. Smith, sailed for the North this morning.

When the steamer Santa Rosa docked here on her last south-bound voyage the longshoremen asked that their pay for taking off cargo be raised from 40 to 50 cents per hour. The request was granted.

Mrs. E. Darling and family returned to Las Vegas, N. M., today, after having spent a month here.

The steamer Fulton, Capt. Levinson, is discharging a mixed cargo of ties for the Redlands electric railway, the Los Angeles and Redondo Railroad Company, and the Los Angeles Traction Company.

The steamer W. H. Kruger is discharging 300,000 feet of lumber for Naftziger Bros. The balance of her cargo goes to San Pedro.

POMONA.

FILING ON GOVERNMENT LAND.

POMONA, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] Considerable interest is taken here in the development of government land in the vicinity of Walters, near Indio. A number of Pomona men have filed on claims. The planting of sugar beets is also being considered. E. Gilson has 420 acres, twenty-five of which are under cultivation, and has sunk a well and built a reservoir. G. L. Frisbee has 160 acres and two flowing wells, and P. Bond, a quarter section and a well. W. M. Avis has filed on 320 acres, and H. W. Miller on 120 acres. Messrs. Claberg, Pierce, Crabb and A. W. Hill have each a quarter section. Nearly all of these are having wells sunk on their claims.

POMONA BREVITIES.

Miss Ida Lehman, daughter of C. F. Lehman, died at her home, No. 648 East Third street, yesterday afternoon of consumption. The deceased was 24 years old. The funeral services will be held from the family home tomorrow at 2 p.m., Rev. Dr. G. W. White officiating.

William Wildman will start the first of the week for the State Fair at Sacramento with the exhibit of the Pomona Foundry and Machine Works.

The well sunk by Dillman & Ashton on D. R. Kelcey's ranch, is 165 feet deep and is yielding about 25 inches of water.

Frank B. King and G. A. Steffa arrived home today from a trip to Chicago and eastern points.

EVELYN BRIGGS BALDWIN, who is about to go in search of the North Pole, will describe his plans for reaching that point, and his unique plan for communicating with the world left behind, in a contribution to the Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

DR. N. M. BABAD will relate some of his experiences among the mountains in an article in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

CLARA MORRIS will tell, in The Times Magazine next Sunday, of some of the advantages the stage offers as a vocation.

BAND BANQUETED AT SANTA CATALINA.

BANNING COMPANY'S ANNUAL DINNER AT THE METROPOLE.

Musicians Start Soon for Sacramento to Furnish Music at State Fair—Many Petty Thefts Annoying Campers—Thieves Supposed to Be Boys.

AVALON, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] Last night occurred the annual banquet given by the Banning Company to the members of Catalina Island Band at the close of each season's labors, at Hotel Metropole. The function was one of the most pleasant of the year, the menu was elegant and the company, comprising all of "Fiddlers' Row," was in the jolliest of moods. C. H. Porter, manager of the band, presided as toastmaster. Speeches and toasts were given.

The boys of the band feel highly elated over the recognition they have had in being selected to furnish the music for the State Fair at Sacramento, San Francisco heretofore having had a monopoly of the State Fair music. The band has done excellent work here this season.

Those present at the banquet were the following: G. Neale and wife, E. C. Kammermeyer and wife, Mrs. Dr. Small, Mrs. Logan, E. B. Smith, R. N. Greer, G. B. Frahs, Carl P. Feifer, N. S. Holt, E. A. Platt, Edmund Frizell, Eugene Marvin, C. H. Porter and wife, Charles Streeper, William H. Fricke, H. Berry and wife, Charles Cramer and wife, A. Lenison and wife, William M. Mead and wife, William Barson and mother, Mrs. Laurie, A. V. Olmo, Mrs. G. B. Shaffer, E. R. Harris and mother, Maj. Anjarde, Mrs. Bowman, Frank Colby and wife, F. T. Hyskell and wife.

PETTY THIEVES DETECTED.

Several cases of petty thieving have been reported of late, but without any clue to the author until last evening, when Mrs. Elkeles, whose camp is on Sumner avenue, while visiting a neighbor, not far away, heard the striking of a match, and soon the glimmer of a light appeared in her tent. She ran home and discovered that her visitors were two boys, one of whom was at the back of the camp, and the other inside, holding the lighted match. Both took a to their heels, but when she called to them to stop, one did so, and when asked what he was doing in the tent replied that he was looking for a ball which he had lost. The boy was permitted to go, and he did so as fast as his legs would carry him. Mrs. Elkeles's tent was tightly closed, and too late she saw the fallacy of the boy's explanation, as it was impossible for a ball to penetrate the tent. This, in connection with an incident which occurred at the tent of Mrs. Bradford on Clarissa avenue two nights ago, when that lady caught a hand which had been thrust through a slit in her tent, at the head of her bed, and which was too small to belong to a man, indicates that the authors of the thieving are boys.

SANTA CATALINA BREVITIES.

The following people went up to Moonstone Beach this morning: Mrs. L. F. Van Wil, Clara M. Wilson, Florence A. Wilson, Elmer E. Wilson, Los Angeles; R. E. Voer, Gardena; S. L. Spencer, Covina; Frank McMeekin and Miss Kate McMeekin, Los Angeles; F. L. Fowler and wife and Miss Hazel Fowler, F. Zuber and son Ivan, Mr. and Mrs. E. Sweeney, Joseph Moxley, Miss Mary Moxley and Mrs. George St. Clair, Covina; Miss Flora Sigler, Indianola, Iowa; Miss Lillie Segler, Los Angeles; Miss Jessie Burnett, Bakersfield; Mrs. M. E. Curry, Long Beach; James Dermid, Mrs. W. D. Beck, Chicago; Miss Lottie Smith, Los Angeles; I. W. Renaldi, Newhall; Miss Gertie A. Marks, Los Angeles.

There have been several changes in real-estate ownership recently. George E. Weaver, owner of the Grand View Hotel, has purchased the Holland property adjoining the hotel in the rear, which gives him a fine location for a new and larger hotel, which the growth of the place is demanding. E. N. Dickerson, who bought the Carleton property adjoining the Grand View, has bought a lot of E. E. Beeson on Marilla avenue which abutts his lot and gives another street outlet. Mr. Beeson bought the lot less than a year ago for $800 and sold for $1800, which shows how property values are rated at Avalon.

A party of San Bernardino people, consisting of L. Sanford, Louis Crawford, Martin Kaser and W. H. Eadie, went around to Silver Cañon yesterday fishing. They had a good time, but the joke was on Crawford, who fell overboard while pulling in a yellowtail. They caught thirty albicore, seven yellowtail, two barracuda and eleven rock bass.

Mrs. William Hodgson of Denver, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. McClary of Grand Junction, Col.; G. E. Laninger and wife, San Francisco; D. W. McLeod and wife and Miss Clara Evans McLeod, Riverside, are guests at the Grand View.

S. R. Hemingway, Miss Hemingway and D. P. Hemingway of Redlands, Mrs. C. P. Libby of Chicago, Miss J. P. Burnham and J. P. Burnham and Rev. W. P. Brown of Los Angeles are guests at the Metropole.

W. Cameron and W. Disberger of Leadville, C. D. Edwards of Riverside, A. S. Kruger and wife of San Francisco, Mrs. Henry Gabriel of San José, were among those registering at Camp Bwanfeldt yesterday.

Miss Edith Carey, Miss Hilda Oishausen and Miss Bessie Filbert, who have been guests of Mrs. L. L. Carey at Camp Ragtime, returned to Los Angeles yesterday.

Owing to the hasty departure of the band, the usual parade and overture to "Musmuckteegwabo," the spirit of the Island of Santa Catalina, has been omitted this year.

Morgan Adams, Dr. J. Alfred Smith and William H. Schweppe came over a day or two ago on the yacht Nautilus and are enjoying an outing for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Jules Regnier and Mrs. I. E. Rank, Misses Bessie and Catherine and Master Laurence Rank left for their homes in Los Angeles today.

Miss Mae Chapman of Atlanta, Ga.; Miss Maud Mishan, Austin, Tex., and Mrs. M. G. Baty of New York are a party now staying at Hotel Metropole.

W. W. Watts yesterday captured a 166-pound jewfish. It took him three hours and seven minutes to make the capture.

C. W. Chase, a Los Angeles attorney, his wife and two children and Mrs. Della W. Chase are at the Grand View.

Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Watkins, Masters Orton and Robert Watkins of New Orleans are at the Metropole.

Mrs. Robert Jordan and Mrs. Dr. F. E. Stevens returned to their homes in Los Angeles yesterday.

The family of Capt. Trefethen of the steamer Hermosa has broken camp and returned home.

F. P. Hyskell, editor of the Burlington (Iowa) Journal, with his wife is visiting Catalina.

Dist.-Atty. J. A. Rives is again enjoying Catalina air.

Coronado Tent City is very popular, due to Swanfeldt's furnished tents.

LONG BEACH.

SANITORIUM IN PROSPECT.

LONG BEACH, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] The representatives of the Kirksville (Mo.) Sanitorium have not decided upon a location for their western branch, but are still favorable to Long Beach. Other cities are anxious to secure this improvement and are making efforts for it, but the majority of the directors are holding out for the Signal Hill site north of this city. At the regular monthly meeting of the Board of Trade next Tuesday night the matter will be discussed in all of its phases. An effort will be made to offer inducements that will result in favor of Long Beach.

NEW TAX LEVY.

The City Board of Equalization has decided to make the total tax levy 7½ cents, the same as last year. As there were three new funds to provide for, the library, the wharf repair and cemetery funds, it was found necessary to make some changes in the apportionment, which is as follows:

Wharf fund, 6 cents; City Hall fund, 4 cents; park fund, 2½ cents; bathhouse fund, 1½ cents; library fund, 3 cents; cemetery fund, 3 cents; wharf repair fund, 5 cents.

City Clerk Julian estimates that this will give the library and cemetery funds $450 each, leaving $750 for the wharf-repair fund.

LONG BEACH BREVITIES.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Carter, Pasadena; Misses Kendrick and Steel, Downey; C. S. Green, H. E. Packard and Gineva Inman, Los Angeles; William Falkenstein, Anaheim; Mrs. James Hill, South Pasadena; R. H. Morgan, Riverside; Mrs. L. Stein, Norwalk; Mrs. S. P. Tressler, Riverside; H. Harris, Santa Ana, and Daniel Kewane, Sacramento, are staying at the Park View Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Russell of Winnepeg, Manitoba; Mrs. Maggie Ure and Miss Jessie Roy of Oakland, who have been at the Julian during the summer, will start Monday on an overland trip to the principal points in Southern California. Later they will make a tour of Europe.

Eleanor Synmes and Eleanor Cunningham, Redlands; J. H. Murphy, Pasadena; Miss Clare Jones, Anaheim; George W. Parsons, Miss Maude Ryan and Miss Echo Allen of Los Angeles are registered at Hotel Riviera.

Mrs. A. L. Wadsworth, Monrovia; Mrs. A. P. Griffith, Azusa; Miss Maude Roper, Santa Ana; Mrs. M. B. Fassett and Miss M. E. Fassett of Pasadena are staying at Hotel Julian.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Russell are the guests of Mrs. Russell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Butterfield, at the Julian. They will leave for their home in oBston, Mass., next Tuesday.

Mrs. R. R. Coleman and children, who have been staying at the Park View, have returned to their home at Prescott, Ariz.

Mrs. W. N. Jarman and Miss Edna Rollins have returned to their home in Redlands, after a visit with Mrs. A. S. Hawley.

Mrs. George Leary and Mrs. J. F. Williams of Los Angeles were the guests of Mrs. A. J. Keenan this week.

S. Ross Dallas has tendered his resignation as secretary of the Y.M.C.A., on account of his health. He will go to the mountains to recuperate. Prof. Beaman of Redlands will be his successor.

The guests of Hotel Julian will be treated to a musical and literary entertainment Monday evening. The talent will include Mrs. Over, Miss Helen Dyer, George Harding and W. Friend of Ontario and A. P. Hoffman of this city.

Mrs. J. A. Miller and daughter, Miss Lotta, have gone to Downey for a brief visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gridley of Los Angeles are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Taylor.

Miss Mae Chapman of the Idlewild cottage, with her guests, Misses Gertrude Batty and Maud Shaw, have gone to Catalina for a brief outing.

S. F. Creasinger and family, who have been occupying their summer cottage on East Second street for the past month, have returned to Los Angeles.

W. C. Hinks and family of Centralia, Wash., are among the recent arrivals in Long Beach.

Mrs. F. A. Crowe and children have returned from their visit at San Diego.

Lyman Newton, janitor on the pavilion, is rapidly recovering from the effects of the electric shock he received the first of the week.

Lloyd Adams has gone to Berkeley to take a course in pharmacy. His sister, Miss Lottie, expects to join him next week and enter the university.

Rev. and Mrs. Charles Pease and Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Jackson will go to Sturtevant's camp next Monday for a week's outing.

Joe Bangham will leave in a few days for Cleveland, O., to attend the G.A.R. encampment.

George C. Flint has returned from a business trip to San Francisco.

The fall term of the High School will begin September 16, and the grammar school will open the Monday following.

MONROVIA.

DEVELOPING WATER.

MONROVIA, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] E. J. Baldwin is installing a large pumping plant on his Santa Anita ranch, not far from the Monrovia city wells. The boiler at present erected has a capacity of 100 horse power. Another larger one will be added. The plan is to place the pumping plant in the center of a group of sixteen wells, and raise the water by means of compressed air, which has proved so successful in the Monrovia wells. There are some splendid wells on the Baldwin ranch.

MONROVIA BREVITIES.

Louis Bradbury is making preparations to start a creamery near his home in Duarte. Some of the buildings are already being erected.

Yesterday the missionary society of the Presbyterian Church invited the societies of the other churches to listen to an address by Mrs. Chapin, a recently returned missionary from China. She took for her subject the troubles of the missionaries in China, and read many personal letters from those at present in the work.

Sam W. Barnes, recently Santa Fé agent at this place, has been made traveling passenger and freight agent between Fresno and Bakersfield.

This evening the members of the Granite Whist Club were the guests of A. E. Cronenwett, at La Vista Grande Hotel. An enjoyable game of duplicate whist was had, after which there was a supper in the dining-room. About thirty-five gentlemen were present to assist Mr. Cronenwett in his "housewarming."

LEGALITY OF THE FRANCHISE QUESTIONED.

SANTA MONICA MAY CONTEST THE LAYING OF TRACK.

Electric Company Claims Right to Operate Under Special Privilege Granted Before the Broughton Law Went into Effect—Repairs to Ocean Park Pier.

SANT AMONICA, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] The refusal of the Board of Trustees to grant the Kinney-street railway franchise application and subsequent discussion of questions pertinent to the various railway schemes which are being projected, have revealed a peculiar state of affairs in connection with the permit owned by the Los Angeles-Pacific Railway over the right of way from Strand street to the town limits on the south.

A special permit was granted the company on April 15 of the present year, and became effective on April 24, giving them a right to operate cars over the right of way named for a period of twenty-three months. This special privilege was in accordance with the statutes of 1897, which provided that, "the franchise or privilege must then be awarded to the highest bidder, provided, however, that nothing in the section shall affect a special privilege granted for a shorter term than two years."

This was the old law, but the Broughton act which became effective March 11, repealed all prior laws, and therefore made the one under which the special permit was granted, inoperative. The question now is whether the present company has a legal right to operate over a right of way granted in violation of the present law. The opinion expressed here is that such is not the case, but that the Board of Trustees is not amenable, as the permit was granted prior to the publication of the new law.

Town Attorney Tanner is not ready to express an opinion as yet, but the law reads so clearly on the point involved that there can be little doubt concerning the legal status of the question.

SANTA MONICA BREVITIES.

Attachment papers were served on Bert S. Frank, otherwise known as Jack Diamond, last night, and the Auditorium was closed by an officer. The papers were sworn to by W. H. Wortman, leader of the Soldiers' Home Orchestra, who has an unpaid claim of $75, and Spenser Kelly, to whom $25 is due. Diamond's lease was canceled today with the auditorium company, but a number of bills contracted here by him are still unsatisfied. For the performers who have suffered loss a benefit will be given at the Auditorium tomorrow night.

Kinney & Dudley have signified their willingness to repair the part of the sewer wharf for which they are responsible, if the town will replace the several piles securing the pipe, which have been eaten away by the mollusks. The City Engineer says that the wharf will not stand against a heavy sea, and the people interested are very anxious that immediate action be taken.

The sentiment was expressed today by several prominent citizens that if the dividing line between Ocean Park and Santa Monica be changed from Railroad avenue, the present proposed boundary, to Strand street, town division will carry by a large majority.

Today's arrivals at Hotel Arcadia include W. W. Santee, Denver; George Wilson, San Bernardino; Mrs. D. S. Unruh, Arcadia; Mrs. M. S. Alger, Los Angeles; Alfred B. Horner, Washington, D. C.

J. A. Rowe and Ruth Rowe and the Misses Graside of Puente have recently arrived and will spend the rest of the summer in Santa Monica.

Fred H. Taft, Esq., and family, who have been residing for two months in Los Angeles, will reoccupy their Sixth-street home tomorrow.

Mrs. A. J. Myers and her daughter, Beth, who have been spending a month at Catalina, returned today.

Miss Mayble Herren of Santa Ana is the guest of Miss Lily Dixon at her home on Fifth street.

Mrs. Charles Simmonds gave a dinner party to a few friends this evening.

SAN PEDRO.

WATER-FRONT TROUBLES.

SAN PEDRO, Aug. 30.—[From The Times' Correspondent.] The strike situation was but slightly changed today. No effort was made to discharge the lumber from the non-union steamer Alcazar, moored at the Southern California Lumber Company's dock.

Union pickets were patrolling along the line of the Salt Lake Railroad from East San Pedro past the lumber company's yard to Terminal Island, ready to overhaul any man looking for work and turn him back, if possible.

Hanging about the entrance of the company's yard was a gang of a dozen or so union sailors, and sympathizers, a number of whom carried lumber hooks stuck on the back straps of their trousers. When all in a bunch, the men of the rabble displayed their bravery by hooting at the non-union men working in the yard.

BURGLARS STILL WORKING.

Several Residences and Business Houses Broken Open, but Nothing of Great Value Stolen.

Quite a number of burglaries and robberies have been reported to the police within the last few days, and last evening when the night watch left the Police Station the patrolmen were given explicit instructions to make every possible effort to apprehend the thieves.

Simons & Lombardo, proprietors of a fruit store at No. 605 North Alameda street, are victims of night marauders. Their place was visited Thursday evening, and besides stealing $50, the burglars took two boxes of cigars and several pounds of chewing tobacco. The thieves entered the place after breaking the lock on a screen door.

Mrs. Ellis, who lives at No. 2320 Scarff street, has reported to the police that the house at No. 814 West Twenty-third street, of which she has charge in the absence of the owner, was visited by burglars Thursday night and quite a quantity of portable plunder was secured. The house is furnished, and among other things which are missing is a large amount of silverware.

The home of Melvin G. Eahman, at No. 3317 South Grand avenue, was visited Thursday night, and the burglar or burglars made away with a valuable mantel clock. The Eahman family is at Long Beach and the house was untenanted.

The window of C. H. Nance's drug store, at the corner of Ninth and Main streets, was broken Thursday night by a man supposed to be a would-be burglar. The man was discovered by Mrs. Griffin, who occupies a room in the rear of the store, and was frightened away before he had entered the store. Nothing was stolen.

PUT FAMILY TO FLIGHT.

James Bensi, who lives on Keller street near Aliso, is in trouble because he became belligerent after a too intimate acquaintance with the glass which tangles the feet. Bensi is an Italian cook. He has been drinking heavily for several days. Last evening he went to his home and drove his wife and two children into the street. Then he barred the doors of his house and threatened to kill any one who should enter. For a few minutes he had the neighborhood in an uproar, and was holding high carnival in his barred house.

While Bensi was keeping watch at the front of the house a neighbor gained an entrance through a rear door and summoned two policemen. They went into the house and arrested the drunken cook, who is now a prisoner at the City Jail.

ARSENIC EATERS.

Peasants of Styria and the Tyrol Have Acquired the Habit and Take Enormous Doses—Effect of the Drug.

[Science Gossip:] White arsenic is the form in which arsenic is taken by the peasants of Styria and the Tyrol. Prof. Schallgrueber of Gaetz was the first to call attention to this practice, in a report which he made in 1852 to the Austrian government on the cause of the numerous deaths from arsenic poisoning in those districts. He found that arsenic was kept in most of the houses in Upper Styria under the name of "hydrach," evidently a corruption of "huttenrauch," or furnace smoke.

Arsenic is principally eaten by hunters and woodcutters, with the object of warding off fatigue and improving their staying powers. Owing to the fact that the sale of arsenic is illegal in Austria without a doctor's certificate it is difficult to obtain definite information of a habit which is kept as secret as possible. According to a Dr. Lorenzo in that district the arsenic is taken fasting, usually in a cup of coffee, the first dose being minute, but increased day by day, until it sometimes amounts to the enormous dose of twelve or fifteen grains. He found that the arsenic eaters were usually long lived, though liable to sudden death. They have a very fresh, youthful appearance, and are seldom attacked by infectious diseases.

After the first dose the usual symptoms of slight arsenic poisoning are evident, but these soon disappear on continuing the treatment.

In the arsenic factories in Salzberg it is stated that workmen who are not arsenic eaters soon succumb to the fumes. The manager of one of these works informed Mr. Heise that he had been medically advised to eat arsenic before taking up his position. He considered that no one should begin the practice before 12 years old nor after 50, and that in any case after 50 years of age the daily dose should be gradually reduced, since otherwise sudden death would ensue. If a confirmed arsenic eater suddenly attempts to do altogether without the drug he immediately succumbs to the effects of arsenic poisoning. The only way to obviate this is gradually to acclimatize the system by reducing the dose from day to day. As another evidence of the cumulative properties of arsenic it is interesting to note that when the graveyards in Upper Styria are opened the bodies of the arsenic eaters can be distinguished by their almost perfect state of preservation, due to the gradually accumulated arsenic.

First College Student: I hear the members of your class are going to take up Russian next term.

Second Student: Yes; you see we want to get up a new class yell.—[Philadelphia Record.

All Diseases Of Men

Treated by Advanced Modern Methods.

These eminent physicians have been established more than 20 years. Their cured patients number over 20,000, living in every part of the United States. Their institution with its offices, reception room, laboratories and equipment is the largest and best on the Coast.

Every man suffering from diseases of the pelvic region, and especially those who have grown worse through mistreatment, neglect or injury, are welcome to write for informttion concerning our home treatment. Every disease that is curable is successfully treated by these physicians through the mail. All correspondence is confidential and all matter is sent in plain, sealed envelope. Fees are moderate. These physicians are specialists for stricture, rupture, weakness, and all private diseases.

DR. MEYERS & CO., 218 South Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

HOURS—Daily, 9 to 12, 1 to 4. Evenings, 7 to 8. Sundays, 10 to 12

Lenox Catarrh Cure.

We are now offering this excellent remedy in 50c and $1.00 bottles. We do not guarantee a cure with a 50c bottle, although it does cure in most cases, but we will refund the money if the $1 bottle fails to cure. This gives the poor sufferer a chance to be cured as well as the rich. Mail orders filled promptly. For sale at all druggists. LENOX CATARRH CURE CO., Office 238 S. Broadway, Rms. 216-17.

A Common Cause of Sickness.

When the liver is sluggish and inactive the stomach will not digest food, and constipation, headaches and a general state of ill health result. In this condition use nothing but Wells' English Pills. They regulate the stomach and give vital force and energy; they drive away drowsiness, tired feelings and all tendency caused by an inactive liver.

The ALL-RIGHT SHOE

—In Tan and Black for Men and Women—

$3.50

L. W. GODIN, MGR. 137 S. SPRING STREET.

LADIES! For the most perfect fitting Golf Build call and see 249 South Broadway. J. KORN.

TENTS AND AWNINGS.

PRICES TO SUIT ALL. J. H. MASTERS, 126 South Main St.

WEAK MEN AND WOMEN should use Dr. Iana Rimes, the great Mexican remedy; gives health and strength to sexual organs. Weber, Alts & Braun, agents, 322 Market street, San Francisco.—(Send for Circular.)

LINES OF TRAVEL.

TIME CARD—SANTA FE ROUTE.

Southern California Railway. Grande Station, First and Second Streets.

California Limited Express.—Leaves 9:00 p.m. Monday and Thursday. Arrives 8:30 a.m. Tuesday and Friday.

Atlantic Express.—Leaves 9:00 a.m. daily. Arrives 8:30 a.m. daily.

Eastern Express.—Leaves 9:00 a.m. daily. Arrives 8:30 a.m. daily.

San Bernardino, via Orange.—Leaves 8:00 a.m., 1:00 p.m. Arrives from 10:40 a.m., 5:20 p.m.

San Bernardino, via Pasadena.—Leaves 7:00 a.m., 1:00 p.m. Arrives from 10:40 a.m., 5:20 p.m.

Redlands, via Pasadena.—Leaves 7:00 a.m., 1:00 p.m. Arrives from 10:40 a.m., 5:20 p.m.

Redlands, via Orange.—Leaves 8:00 a.m., 1:00 p.m. Arrives from 10:40 a.m., 5:20 p.m.

Riverside, via Pasadena.—Leaves 7:00 a.m., 1:00 p.m. Ar

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

AT THE THEATERS.

BURBANK—Gismonda.
ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.

THE TIMES AT THE BEACHES.

Patrons of The Times desiring the paper delivered to them at any of the beaches may leave the necessary order at The Times office, or with any of the following-named agents:

A. E. Jackson, Santa Monica, 236 Third street.

Mrs. Thacker, Ocean Park, corner Hill and Second streets.

F. J. Schinnerer, Long Beach, Bank Building.

F. W. Clark, Catalina.

S. R. Commander, foot of wharf, Redondo.

Mrs. D. Samples, postoffice, Terminal Island.

Bautzer & Krohn, Sixth and Beacon streets, San Pedro.

Arrangements have been made for especial summer delivery of The Times at all resorts, and patrons will confer a favor by reporting any irregular or unsatisfactory service.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

No Assets.

A. V. Miller, a laborer of Los Angeles, with liabilities of $761 and no assets, yesterday filed a petition in bankruptcy.

Next Monday.

On Labor day the postoffice will be open until noon. There will be two deliveries in the down-town districts, and one in the residence districts.

Stassforth Bound Over.

The preliminary examination of Oscar A. Stassforth, the Los Angeles capitalist, charged with unlawful cohabitation, was held at Nogales, Ariz., yesterday and resulted in his being bound over to the Federal Grand Jury.

Automobile Record.

E. B. Waterman and C. F. Gates will try to break the automobile record between Los Angeles and San Diego today. They will start here with a one-seat Winton gasoline carriage, at 6 a. m. and expect to cover the 170 miles, over mountainous roads, by 6 p.m.

Toof Thief Arrested.

Phillip Lastra, charged with petty larceny, is a prisoner at the City Jail. He was arrested yesterday afternoon, and at his home the detectives found a number of stone-cutters' tools, which a few days ago were stolen from the yard at the corner of Seventh and Alameda streets.

Naughty Naughty.

Matinee girls with a thirst have taken to a naughty, naughty drink. It is called—in a whisper—"Komo highball." The soda-water man who invented it is selecting his automobile and his purple and fine linen. You make the critters with the juice of grape fruit, whisky, or sauterne, and Shasta water.

Coin and Tobacco Gone.

Simons & Lombords, fruit dealers at 605 North Alameda street, yesterday reported to the police that on the previous night they had been robbed of $50 in gold and silver coin, two boxes of cigars and a quantity of chewing tobacco. The thieves gained entrance by breaking the lock that held the screen front in place.

Japanese Entertainment.

A novel and interesting entertainment was given Wednesday evening at the Japanese night school, 727 West Sixth street. There were addresses, music, tricks and singing of the Japanese nation hymn by the students. The programme was under the direction of Joseph Ona and Frank Akyiama, native teachers in the school. The managers of the school are much pleased with its progress.

New Mail Center.

Station C postoffice does such a large business that the department has decided to make it a mail center, and will put it in direct communication with the depots. Advertisements have been issued for bids for carrying three daily mails between River Station and Station C, and two daily mails to and from La Grande depot. The bids will close September 5, and the new mail routes probably will be in working order by September 15. Harry Lewis, assistant superintendent of mails in San Francisco, is here attending to the matter.

Bell Failed to Ring.

Yesterday morning the inbound Owl train collided with one of the Sentous Bros. Slaughtering Company's wagons at Bond Station, just this side of Tropico, and two men barely escaped with their lives. The horses were killed and the driver, named J. Manuel, had his ankle broken. He claims that the bell at the crossing failed to ring upon the approach of the train, and the first he knew the engine was almost upon him. He jerked the team back about two feet, thus bringing the wagon clear of the train and saving the life of himself and companion.

Y.M.C.A. Classes.

Of the 380 Young Men's Christian Associations doing educational work in the United States and Canada, only seven last year enrolled more students than the Los Angeles association. St. Louis, with nearly six times the population of Los Angeles, is the only city west of Chicago to enroll more students, and she only passes the local association by thirty-three. The new term will open September 13, when an address will be delivered by W. H. Holabird, president, and J. Ross Clark will award the certificates won by last year's students. An exhibit of the work done by these students is now open to inspection by all who are interested.

Lost Three Fingers.

John Callan, a striking teamster of San Francisco, lost three fingers on his left hand early last evening, when he fell from a freight train at River Station. Callan came to Los Angeles a few days ago in search of work. Last evening he determined to beat his way to Bakersfield, and for that purpose boarded an out-bound freight train. Just as he started to climb the ladder on the side of a box car his hat blew off. In reaching to catch it he lost his foothold and fell to the track. The wheels of one car passed over his fingers. He was taken to the Receiving Hospital, where the last three joints of his left hand were amputated by Police Surgeon Pierce and Dr. Montgomery.

Move the Wagon Hospital.

The sidewalk on the east side of Spring street, south of Eighth and opposite the postoffice, is daily decorated with a lot of broken-down wagons, that are placed there each morning and removed each evening. This has been done every day for many months, and a resident of the neighborhood suggests that it would be an improvement to reverse the order by putting them out at night and taking them in when morning comes. Just south of this wagon hospital, the space between curb and sidewalk is used for a stone-yard, and for weeks at a time is piled with big chunks of granite, such being the condition at present. Owing to the prominence given the locality by the temporary postoffice, it would seem that there should be a stricter observance of the city ordinance.

BREVITIES.

Idyllwild among the pines, Strawberry Valley, San Gorgonia Mountains, Riverside county. Altitude, 5250 feet. You need a radical change. Go breathe the crisp, pure, balsamic air of the pine-clad mountains. The summer showers have made Idyllwild more beautiful than ever before. See advertisement on first page.

Send donations of cast-off clothing, furniture or food supplies to the Good Samaritan department of the Bethlehem Institutional Church, Vignes and Ducommun street, or telephone John 38, and wagon will call. Office hours during summer months 11 to 12 daily.

First Baptist Church, Flower street, between Seventh and Eighth, Sunday evening. Preaching service now resumed. Preacher tomorrow, Pastor Joseph Smale. Pulpit themes, "A Good Camping Ground;" "God and His Word."

Rev. Charles Ferguson will preach tomorrow at 11 a.m. at Christ Church, Episcopal, corner of Pico (Thirteenth) and Flower streets. Subject, "The Revival Here in the West of the Spirit of the Old Free Cities of Europe."

All persons insured or contemplating insurance in The Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association of New York are requested to communicate with F. W. Putnam, 425 Byrne building, Los Angeles, Cal.

First Congregational Church, Rev. Dr. Day, Sunday morning. Subject, "The Cultivation of Reverence." Rev. William Horace Day speaks in the evening from the text, "If Ye Had Faith."

At the First M. E. Church tomorrow Rev. Dr. Cantine will preach in the morning on the theme "Jonah not Unique." In the evening Rev. George A. Blough will preach on "The Way of Life."

Rev. A. Webb, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, having returned from his vacation will fill his pulpit tomorrow, preaching morning and evening.

For time of arrival and departure of Santa Fé trains see "Time Card" in today's Times.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union telegraph office for Thomas Sherwood, Albert D. Brewer, C. N. Wright, C. A. Ivers, Mrs. Myrtle Miller, Mr. Beilinger and Mitchesple (cable.)

PERSONAL.

W. B. Allen is a Boston traveler at the Van Nuys.

Earl Rogers, Esq., returned from San Francisco yesterday.

W. S. Eddy of Saginaw, Mich., is a guest at the Van Nuys.

A. S. James is a Riverton, N. J., tourist at the Nadeau.

D. J. Chandler of the New Orndorff Hotel, Tuscon, is at the Nadeau.

S. J. A. Kocklington registered at the Ramona from London, Eng.

Miss M. J. McMillan is a tourist at the Ramona from Prescott, Can.

John. A. Gibson, a stock raiser of Simi, Cal., is staying at the Nadeau.

Twenty-five Arizonans dropped into the different down-town hotels yesterday.

Mrs. J. Kahn and children of Santa Fé, N. M., are staying at the Hollenbeck.

Geo. W. Cummings is a mining man from Mojave who is registered at the Nadeau.

Mrs. A. M. Carpenter of Santa Barbara is making a short stay at the Hollenbeck.

C. V. Inderriden, a wholesale fruit dealer of Chicago, is registered at the Van Nuys.

Maj. J. K. Tuffree, a mining man and stock raiser of Placentia, Cal., is at the Nadeau.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday from the office of the County Clerk:

William Hoffman, aged 35, a native of Ohio and Elisabeth M. Harbaugh, aged 31, a native of Iowa; both residents of Los Angeles.

Robert R. Roberts, aged 26, a native of Missouri, and Katie Wilson, aged 30, a native of California; both residents of Los Angeles.

BIRTH RECORD.

SAMPSON—Los Angeles, August 30, to Mr. and Mrs. John S. Sampson, Jr., No. 1206 Westlake avenue, a son.

DEATH RECORD.

PHILLIPS—In this city, August 29, 1901, Edmore Earl Phillips, son of T. F. and Carrie D. Phillips, aged 22 years 11 months and 4 days.
Interment private.

Attention! La Grande Lodge T. F. B.

The funeral of our late brother, A. S. Arvins, will be held from the family residence, No. 420 Ducommun street, Sunday (instead of Saturday) at 2 p.m. C. W. LEE, Sec'y

Los Angeles Transfer Co.

Will check baggage at your residence to any point. Office 457 S. Spring. Tel. M. 49, or 249.

The Lady Undertaker.

Mrs. M. H. Connell, with Orr & Hines Co., is the only lady undertaker practicing in Los Angeles. No extra charge. Tel. M. 42.

The New York Kitchen,

First street, bet. Spring and Main, under new management. Open all night. H. T. Blake, Prop.

EVELYN BRIGGS BALDWIN, who is about to go in search of the North Pole, will describe his plans for reaching that point, and his unique plan for communicating with the world left behind, in a contribution to the Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

"KILLARNEY'S LAKES" is the title of a most entertaining descriptive article which will appear in the Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

DR. N. M. BABAD will relate some of his experiences among the mountains in an article in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

ANOTHER liberal installment of "Etiquette for All Occasions" will appear in The Times of the coming Sunday. Read these articles and you will know how to behave.

CLARA MORRIS will tell, in The Times Magazine next Sunday, of some of the advantages the stage offers as a vocation.

FRANK G. CARPENTER'S letter in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday will tell some interesting and surprising facts about the island of Java.

Corns Cured 10c

Don't you pity folks that are always suffering with their feet? Maybe you're one of them. Then you, too, can get relief with—

3-Day Corn Cure

It will give you foot comfort in three days—we guarantee it. You'll be well repaid to get a box of 3-Day Corn Cure, and give your feet a little care.

Price 10c.

Boswell & Noyes Drug Co.
Reliable Prescription Druggists,
THIRD AND BROADWAY.

WE DO IT FOR LESS!
Watches Cleaned—75c.
New Main Spring—50c.
New Case Spring—50c.
New Roller Jewel—50c.
Geneva Watch and Optical Co.
205 S. BROADWAY.

Healthful Wines.
OUR FINE OLD
PORT OR SHERRY, $1.00 GALLON.
Are Always Perfectly Satisfactory.
SO. CAL. WINE CO.
220 W. Fourth St. Phone M. 228.

J. Magnin & Co
251 South Broadway

SAILOR SUITS
A Style that is becoming to every child. Mothers buy now for school dresses at end-of-the-summer prices. The most critical can't find fault with Magnin made dresses. Plain crash suits trimmed with white; others of plain white duck $1.50, $1.85, $2.85, $3

SANBORN, VAIL & CO
Pictures and Frames, Stationery, Artists' Materials, Leather Goods, Mirrors, Tissue Paper.
TELEPHONE Main 543 357 S. BROADWAY.

An Extraordinarily Fine.... HAT —FOR $3.00 ALL SHAPES.
HYDES, HATTER, 2nd and Spring.

Egyptian Emblems
CORK TIPS
Best Turkish cigarette made.
10 for 25 cents.
AT YOUR CLUB AND ALL DEALERS.

RATTAN TRUNK.
The lightest weight and strongest trunk in the market. Manufactured and for sale by J. C. CUNNINGHAM, only. No. 233 S. Main St. Tel. Main 615. Repairing a specialty.

CLEAVER'S LAUNDRY
Wheat Starch and Our Domestic Finish make us popular.
814-818 S. Main St. Tel. M. 1350

August China Sale!
Wonderful values in all chinaware, silverware and bric-a-brac.
Parmelee-Dohrmann Co.,
223-225 S. SPRING STREET.

GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES
Large assortment and right prices. Call
Z. L. PARMELEE, 334 S. Spring St

Hamburger's August Doin
CLOTHIN

$9.85
Now Buys a $13.50 or $15 Suit.
We'll trust to your judgment and common sense. We are not claiming the impossible. We can and do sell $13.50 and $15 suits for $9.85. The styles are nearly as varied as are the sizes. WE are willing to abide by your verdict. If you consider these good worth your confidence, we will be pleased to sell you a suit. If you can find as good in any other store, you can have your money back. This is not a sale of undesirable clothing. On the contrary, it is an offering of suits that have been the best sellers. All materials, styles and colors effects suitable for business and every-day wear. No suggestion of cheap about them. Choose from a couple of hundred or more today for..... $9.85

Young Men's Suits.
(Long Pants Suits, sizes 13 to 19 Years.)
Handsome stylish suits for young men of 13 to 19 years are to be sold today and next week at prices which average hardly more than half. School will soon open. You will want new clothes. This is the chance. A radical rearrangement of prices that will interest every young man who is particular about his dress. On sale in the men's clothing department, first floor.
Lot 1 This assortment consists of plain blue and gray clothes, fancy mixtures, checks and stripes in cheviots and cassimeres; suits formerly priced at $6, $6 and $6.50. All offered now at..... $3.85
Lot 2 A splendid collection of all wool suits made of worsteds, cheviots and cassimeres in fancy mixtures, checks, plaids and stripes. Good looking, well made, perfect fitting and altogether good. Reduced from $7.50, $8.50 and $9.00 to..... $6.45
Lot 3 About 200 suits made of cassimeres, worsteds and cheviots of very fine quality; the latest colorings and effects; former prices were $10, $11.50 and $12.50. Just the swellest suits in our stock. Offered now at..... $7.85

Boys' Suits at $2.95.
(Knee Pants Suits, 3 to 16 Years.)
400 suits will be placed on sale at this price. They are worth $4.00 and $4.50. They are just the nobbiest suits to be had for less than a $5 bill. Made of dependable all wool cloths, such as cassimeres, cheviots, serges and worsteds. Sizes 3 to 9 years; are made in middy styles with silk vests. Among the suits for larger boys there are plain blue and black cloths and fancy mixtures in double breasted jacket styles. Every suit is well made. You can depend upon their lasting qualities. Choose from these at $2.95 a suit.
SECOND FLOOR.

$5 and $6 Shoes for $3.95.
Another big lot of Banister's best shoes. In fact, Banister makes no shoes to sell for less than $5.00. Black vici kid and tan Russia calf in stylish shapes. We have nearly all sizes in each kind. You are pretty sure to get a fit. Choose from the entire assortment at $3.95 a pair.

Men's $3 Shoes for $1.95.
Excellent calf skin shoes in lace style with plain toes or caps. All sizes from 6 to 11. One of the most durable grades ever placed on the market. Well made and containing good stock. Choose for $1.95 a pair.

$10.00
Women's $20.00 Suits at Half Price
We are selling some regular $20.00 suits at half price; $10.00 now secures one of these stylish brilliantine or sicilian tailor made dresses. They are the very latest thing for summer wear and will be extensively used during the early fall. Eton jackets, flounce skirts. Trimmed in various styles. Some are very elaborate. These are the handsomest suits we know of for $10.00.

$15.00
For $15.00 we will sell you a $25.00 suit which you will judge to be worth even more. Fancy wool mixtures made up in the collarless Eton style. Fancy vests and trimmed skirts. Made after the style. They are rich and they are good. Offered at

$20.00
These are regular $35.00 suits. Black and navy blue cloths made in Eton and tight fitting styles. Some are silks know our reputation on $35.00 suits. These are up to but the price is now $20.00.
SECOND FLOOR.

$6.00 Silk Waistes for $3.
100 taffeta silk waists will be sold Saturday at this come in all the new shades and are profusely tucked stitched. They reflect all that is new and pretty in silk Offered at $3.98 each.

New Silk Skirts $10 to
A recent purchase of new skirts made at advantageous us to offer many surprisingly good values. These are gant goods that we can secure. The very latest mode plaiting and embroidery trimming. Some are garnished and net. The prices are lower than you would expect fashionable skirts. Choose at $10, $15, $20, $25, $35.

Silk Etons at Half.
For early fall the silk Eton is an ideal garment. They are fashionable. We are offering three lines How we secured them is our secret. Yours is the bene
Taffeta silk Etons, either plain or tucked; lined entirely with silk. Regular $10 ones offered at..... $5.00
All our finest silk Etons $25. Made with fancy ing to the latest exclusive fashions are offered at.....
SECOND FLOOR.

Walking Hats at 69c
Another sensational sale is planned for today. A big $1.50 and $2.00 ready to wear hats will be sold at offer includes all of the most popular summer shapes tions have been made. Various styles of rough and trimmed in all sorts of taking ways.

WINE OF CARDUI
Regulates the menstrual flow, cures leucorrhoea, falling of the womb and all the other ailments peculiar to women. Buy a $1 bottle from your druggist to-day.

Floor Coverings
All wool Ingrain Carpets 33c value. 25c yard.
Linoleum 50c yard and up.
Everything guaranteed as represented.
I. T. Martin, Furniture and Carpet House.
851-3-55 Spring St. Wheel Chairs sold or rented

EYE STRAIN
Causes more headaches than all other causes combined. We absolutely guarantee to cure all these troubles by our new method of glass fitting. Consultation free. Los Angeles Optical Co., the Oculists' Opticians, 319 S. Spring St.

The Dr. Wong Co.
—AND—
CHINESE HERBS.
The famous Wong Remedies in the past 10 years have made marvelous cures. Thousands testify to this, and are in robust health today as the result of trying them at his resort. Herbs and medicine for sale.
Sanitarium and office,
713 So. Main Street.

Puritas Ginger Ale. Good enough to make you want more. Phone — Private Exchange 6.

AUCTIONS.

AUCTION.
If you wish to realize the highest price that can be obtained for your household goods, call at 421 S. Spring Street. I will pay you cash for same or guarantee you price by auction. Tel. James 6151. C. M. STEVENS, Auctioneer.

RHOADES & REED,
AUCTIONEERS
438 and 440 S. Spring St.

VACCINATION AND DANDRUFF.
There is a Sure Prevention of Baldness as There is of Smallpox.
It is now accepted that vaccination renders the vaccinated person exempt from smallpox, or at worst, he never has anything but the lightest kind of a case. Now as sure a preventive and cure for dandruff and falling hair and baldness, has been discovered—Newbro's Herpicide. It kills the dandruff germ. C. H. Reed, Victor, Idaho, says: "Myself and wife have been troubled with dandruff and hair falling for several years. We tried remedies without effect until we used Newbro's Herpicide, two bottles of which cured us." Hundreds of similar testimonials.

Rupture
Can be Cured BY PROF. FANDREY
642 S. Main St.

ORDER A SUIT
From us when you're in our neighborhood. It will pay you. Suits $20 and up.
BRAUER & KROHN, Tailors,
128-130 S. Spring; 114½ S. Main.

FOR SALE OR TRADE.....
Stock and Grain Ranch of 1280 acres at a great bargain. This splendid ranch, which has had in the past an exceptionally good name—and has made money for its owners—MUST BE SOLD. It is located in Riverside County in one of its best valleys; near railroad; has all the necessary buildings, with wells, etc., etc. For full particulars, see the
CHAPIN-TIBBOT COMMERCIAL CO.
457 and 461 South Broadway.

Before You Buy Furniture Come To
845-847 S. SPRING ST
ALLEN'S
BET. THIRD & FOURTH STS
Closing Out Sale.

My Satin Cerate is the foe of tan and sunburn—the friend of beautiful complexions; small size 25c
MRS. WEAVER-JACKSON,
318 South Spring Street.
Branch Store—31 East Colorado St., Pasadena.

HAIR HEALTH warranted to Restore GRAY HAIR. Use only Dr. King's Hair Health. Most effective Hair grower, dressing, tonic and hair food and scalp cleaner. Covers BALD spots. Don't stain skin. Harmless. Large 50c. bottles, at leading druggists.

Our Business This Su
Has been more than double any previous season. It has simply been lutely overworked, one member of our firm is now at Catalina ally the record for large fish. The remaining members of the firm

Making a Record for Sales.
Just now there is an unusual demand for our
Genuine Cowhide Suit Cases at
The case is an exceptionally good one and sells in some stores for good bargain is a
Durable 32-inch Trunk for
Our Featherweight Trunks and Suit Cases are the best that ingenuity can evolve. WE MANUFACTURE and thus save man's profit.
D. D. Whitney & Sons,

Dunlap Ha
Fall and Winte
1901-2
Styles
Now on Sale at
DESMOND
S.W. Cor. Third and Spring